ROSE'S

HAND-BOOK

OF

DOMINION POLITICS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

COMPILED AND EDITED BY

A. C. CAMPBELL.

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DOMINION ELECTIONS :—

Number of votes polled in the various constituencies in the Provinces, from Confederation to the bye-Elections in 1886 :—

Province of Ontario 17

Province of Quebec 52

Province of Nova Scotia 70

Province of New Brunswick 76

Province of Prince Edward Island 80

Province of British Columbia.... 82

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NOTE.

No apology is made for the omission from this volume of all reference to many important questions. The size of the book is an all-sufficient excuse for defects of that kind. The election record, which is the principal feature of the work, has never been attempted before in this form, so far as we know. Fault will be found in many cases, no doubt, with the political labels attached to the candidates. If these were intended to describe the political opinions of the candidates, no defence could be found. But this book is designed not for keen politicians, who recognize fine distinctions of opinion, but for the great mass of the people whose interest is centred in the struggle between the great parties. The effort has been to indicate, as well as a few letters can do it, which side was victorious, and which was defeated, and also whether or not either party received any considerable assistance which may fairly be designated an "independent" vote. In many cases, especially in the early elections in the Maritime Provinces, when

parties were completely broken up, it has been found almost impossible to say on which side of the Dominion party line the victory rested. The editor has been guided by the best information within his reach.

If this little work answers some of the thousand and one questions that constantly arise in political discussions, it will have accomplished its object.

TORONTO, December, 1886.

ROSE'S

POLITICAL HAND-BOOK.

Ontario Elections.

The following table shows the results of the latest Provincial elections in Ontario. In the majority of cases the figures are those of the last general election, 1883. Those marked (*) are elections since that time :—

Name of Constituency.	Number of votes cast.					
	Lib.	Con.	Ind.	Lib.	Con.	Ind.
Addington	1556	1739	....			
*Algoma East	1390	619	.....			
*Algoma West	410	327	.....			
*Brant North	1093	542	.....			
Brant South	1563	.....	1004			
Brockville	1116	.....	1172			
Bruce North	1056	.....	1186			
Bruce South	Accl.	.....	.....			
*Cardwell	1519	1565	.....			
Carleton	311	2021	.....			
Cornwall	669	710	.....			
Dufferin	.....	1051	1179			
Dundas	1646	1798	.....			
Durham East	1282	1496	.....			
Durham West	1480	1332	.....			
Elgin East	2326	2416	.....			
Elgin West	1324	1259	.....			
Essex North	1211	1537	.....			
Essex South	1705	1671	.....			
Frontenac	930	1103	.....			
Glengarry	1436	1322	.....			

Ontario Elections.—*Continued.*

Name of Constituency.	Number of votes cast.					
	Lib.	Con.	Ind.	Lib'	Con.	Ind.
Grenville South	1138	1194	.....			
Grey North	1893	2048	.....			
Grey East	.....	*2465	.....			
Grey South	1417	1596	.....			
Haldimand	1708	1647	....			
Halton	1855	2004	.....			
Hamilton	2079	1922	1222			
Hastings East	1349	1426	.....			
Hastings North	1116	1350	.....			
Hastings West	1217	1194	.....			
Huron East	1994	1953	.....			
Huron South	1962	1830	.....			
*Huron West	Accl.	.....	.....			
*Kent East	Accl.	.....	.....			
Kent West	1872	2290	.....			
Kingston	843	951	11			
Lambton East	2017	1904	.....			
Lamton West	1943	1573	.....			
Lanark North	1247	1054	.....			
Lanark South	128	†1122	1089			
Leeds & Granville North	.....	836	837			
Leeds South	1266	1553	.....			
*Lennox	1406	1393	.....			
Lincoln	Accl.	.....	.....			
London	.....	Accl.	.....			
Middlesex East	2702	2617	.....			
Middlesex North	1946	1910	.....			
*Middlesex West	1918	1761	.....			
Monck	1574	1443	.....			
*Muskoka & Parry Sound	1988	1861	.....			
Norfolk North	1633	1205	.....			
Norfolk South	1463	1492	.....			
Northumberland East	2156	2079	.....			
Northumberland West	1449	1506	.....			
Ontario North	2412	2388	.....			
Ontario South	1743	1542	.....			
Ottawa	835	1363	613			
Oxford North	Accl.	.....	.....			

* Divided between two candidates.
† Divided between two candidates, both of whom were defeated.

Ontario Elections.—*Concluded.*

Name of Constituency.	Number of votes cast.					
	Lib	Con.	Ind.	Lib.	Con.	Ind.
*Oxford South	1862	....	1963			
Peel	1521	1438	.....			
Perth North	2524	2642	.....			
Perth South	1712	1497	.....			
Peterborough East	1265	875	.....			
Peterborough West	1176	1262	.....			
Prescott	1292	1260	.....			
Prince Edward	2007	.....	2045			
Renfrew North	1108	940	.....			
*Renfrew South	1033	687	.....			
Russell	959	*1763	.....			
*Simcoe East	1553	1436	.....			
Simcoe South	1040	1214	.....			
*Simcoe West	1936	1894	.....			
Stormont	892	1145	.....			
Toronto East	2011	2135	308			
Toronto West	.....	2634	2427			
Victoria North	936	1189	.....			
Victoria South	1609	1574	.....			
Waterloo North	1569	839	.....			
Waterloo South	1606	1533	.....			
Welland	2070	2015	.....			
Wellington Centre	1569	1051	.....			
Wellington South	1348	1315	.....			
Wellington West	2103	1634	.....			
Wentworth North	1430	1280	.....			
Wentworth South	1410	1382	.....			
York East	2022	1779	.....			
York North	2328	1474	.....			
York West	1552	1553	.....			

* Divided among three candidates, one of whom was elected.

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

This is the name given to the speech made by the Governor-General at the opening, and again at the closing of Parliament. The opening Speech informs Parliament why the members have been called together. As the Governor-General speaks only by advice of his Ministers, the Speech at the opening is a declaration of the measures which the Government will bring down during the Session, or of the policy which they will pursue respecting any matter. The Speech is one of the first things debated during the Session, and if an amendment to it is carried it is usually regarded as a vote of want of confidence, as asserting the preference of the majority of the people's representatives for a different policy from that proposed. In order to assert its independence, and its authority to discuss matters not brought forward by the Viceroy, each House—Senate and Commons—usually considers formally some measure which is not dealt with further than its first reading. In the Senate, since Confederation, "An Act relating to Railways" has been the Bill thus introduced, while in the Commons it is "An Act respecting the Administration of Oaths of Office." The Speech at the closing usually refers to measures which have been passed during the Session just closing, thanks the members for their attendance and diligence, and announces the prorogation of Parliament. The following statement of measures named at the opening of Parliament each Session since Confederation (except the Supply Bill, which is passed every year) will suggest the character of the several Speeches from the Throne. The names of the Bills not carried through during the same session as announced, are printed in italics:

1867-8—To assimilate the laws in the newly-united Provinces relating to Currency, Customs, Excise and Revenue, generally; To provide a uniform postal system; To provide for the management of the Public Works and properties of the Dominion; To provide for a scheme of Militia and Defence; To provide for the administration of Indian Affairs; To pro-

vide uniform laws respecting Patents of Invention and Discovery; To provide for the naturalization of aliens; To assimilate the Criminal Law; *Law relating to Bankruptcy and Insolvency;* To provide for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway; *To provide for Western Territorial Extension*; To protect and develop the Fisheries and Marine interests; To define the Privileges of Parliament; *To establish uniform laws relating to Elections and Controverted Elections.*

1869—Respecting the acquisition of the North-West; Further to assimilate the Criminal Laws of the Provinces; *Election Law*; Bankruptcy and Insolvency Law; Patents of Invention and Discovery; *Banking and Currency.*

1870—Government of the North-West Territories; Banking and Currency; *Elective Franchise and Elections*; Coasting Trade; *Supreme Court;* Census.

1871—Admission of British Columbia; Canada Pacific Railway; *North-West Lands;* Currency; Extension to Manitoba of Dominion Laws; Elections; Weights and Measures; Insurance Companies; Savings Banks; *Inspection.*

1872—Agreement to the Treaty of Washington; Improvement of Canals; Baie Verte Canal; Re-adjustment of Representation; Relating to Superior Court Judges; Public Lands and Mines in Manitoba and the North-West; *Public Health.*

1873—*Collection of Statistics*; Election Law; Law relating to Controverted Elections; Merchant Shipping; Pilots; Salvage; Trinity Houses of Montreal and Quebec; *Secretary of State and Secretary for the Provinces;* Criminal Law; Weights and Measures; Inspection.

1874—Ballot Act; *Supreme Court;* Controverted Elections; Militia; Insolvency; To vest in Public Works Department the power of the Railway Commissioners; Canadian Pacific Railway.

1875—Supreme Court; Insolvency; Re-organization of the North-West Government; Insurance; Copyright.

1876—*Common Carriers; Life Assurance;* Criminal Statistics; *Consolidation of the Statutes;* Indians; Insolvent Banks; Re-adjustment of the arrangement with Manitoba.

1877—Extradition; Joint Stock Companies' Act; Life Assurance; Court for Inland Marine; Consolidation of

Customs Laws; Geological Survey; Weights and Measures; Excise; Shipping.

1878—Auditing Public Accounts; *Registration of Titles in the North-West;* Homestead Law for the North-West; *Promotion of Railway Enterprise in the North-West;* Independence of Parliament; *Re-arrangement of Public Departments;* Regulation of Liquor Traffic.

1879—Amendment to Animal Contagious Diseases Act; *Consolidation of Stamp Acts;* Census and Statistics; *Departmental Re-arrangement;* Dominion Lands; Mounted Police; Post-office; Indians; Ordnance and Admiralty Lands, N. B. and N. S.; Re-adjustment of the Tariff.

1880—Relief of Distress in Ireland; *Reception of Immigrants*; *Better Organization of Civil Service*; Consolidation of Inland Revenue Laws; Banking and Currency; *Insolvency;* Appointment of a Permanent Representative in London.

1880-81—Ratification of C. P. R. Co.'s contract; *Civil Service Reform*; Enlargement of the Boundaries of Manitoba; *Winding up Insolvent Banks and Companies*; Railway Act Amendment; Consolidation of Laws relating to Government Railways, Criminal Law amendment; Naturalization.

1882—Division of North-West Territories into Provisional Districts; Increase of Mounted Police; Civil Service Reform; Re-adjustment of Representation in the House of Commons; Winding up Insolvent Banks; Insurance Companies; Trading Corporations; *Consolidation of Laws relating to Dominion Lands*; *Supreme Court Act Amendment*; Better Provision respecting County Court Judges; Fugitive Offenders within the Empire; *Vice-Admiralty Jurisdiction*; *Factory Act.*

1883—*Franchise*; Liquor License; *Factory Labour*; Consolidation of Customs Laws; Consolidation of Militia Laws; Consolidation of Dominion Land Laws; Civil Service; Banking; Examination of Masters and Mates for Inland Navigation; Loan.

1884—Re-adjustment of Agreement with British Columbia; Amendment of N. W. T. Act; Encouragement of advanced bands of Indians to assume the responsibilities of Self-Government; *Franchise*; *Factory Labour*; Loan to C. P. R. Co.; Acquisition of E. Extension Railway, N.S.

1885—*Land Transfer in N. W. T.*; *Consolidation of Statutes*; Franchise; Re-adjustment of Arrangement with Manitoba; Assistance to Branch Railways in N. W. T.; *Insolvency*; Insurance Law amendment; Civil Service Law Amendment; Contagious Diseases among Cattle; Census of N. W. T.; Mounted Police.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

This railway now runs from Quebec to Halifax, N. S., and St. John, N. B. A road from Quebec to St. Andrews, N. B., was projected by Henry Fairbairn, in 1832, seven years after the opening of the Stockton and Darlington (Eng.) line, the first railway in the world. An association was formed, which sent out two explorers, Messrs. George H. Smith and E. R. Hatheway, who explored a line from St. Andrews north to Woodstock, thence up the valley of the St. John to Mars Hill, 120 miles from St. Andrews, and then struck westerly to the line to Quebec, previously explored by Captain Yule, Royal Engineers. A feasible route was found. Further explorations were made, and negotiations carried on between the Provinces, and with the Imperial Government, which it is not necessary to detail. The Ashburton Treaty of August, 1842, ceding to the United States the greater part of what is now the State of Maine, then believed to be British Territory, interfered with the work, and resulted in a survey of a number of other routes, the one since adopted others among them. The British North America Act, constituting the Dominion, contained a distinct provision that united Canada should build the Intercolonial road, commencing within six months, and finishing within four years, and the British Government guaranteed the interest on a loan of £3,000,000 to be raised for the purpose. Surveys were continued, and long and bitter controversies waged as to the route to be chosen. The Chief Engineer, Mr. Fleming, favoured the northern

line. In the House of Commons, on December 3rd, 1867, Sir John Macdonald moved that the House go into Committee of the Whole to consider certain resolutions relative to the Intercolonial Railway. The resolutions submitted passed providing for raising a loan of £3,000,000 sterling, to build that part of the line from Rivière du Loup to Halifax still left unconstructed, the loan to bear interest at four per cent. guaranteed by Britain, and with sinking fund of one per cent. ; also that £1,000,000 sterling more be raised without Imperial guarantee to complete the road. On Dec. 4, Hon. A. Morris, chairman of Committee of the Whole, reported the resolutions, which were adopted by the House, and a Bill based on the resolutions was read the first time the same day. The second reading was carried Dec. 17. On motion to refer it to Committee of the whole, Dorion moved that the location should not be finally adopted without previous assent of Parliament. After discussion, the amendment was rejected by thirty-five yeas to eighty-three nays, and the Bill was passed through Committe, and (December 19) read the third time, the Royal assent being given December 21. The Act, as it appears in the Statute Book, provides for a railway, with a gauge of five feet, six inches (subsequently changed to four feet, eight and one-half inches), to be constructed under the charge of four commissioners, who were to have full power to locate and construct the line, provided that contracts for $10,000 or over should be sanctioned by the Governor-General-in-Council, the loans to be raised as above stated. The Commissioners appointed were A. Walsh, chairman, Hon. E. B. Chandler, C. J. Brydges, and W. F. Coffin. On the resignation of Mr. Coffin, Hon. A. W. McLelan was appointed to succeed him. The work was divided into four districts, as follows :—St. Lawrence, 129½ miles ; Restigouche, 128 ; Miramichi, 117¼ ; Nova Scotia, 124¾. These were sub-divided, each sub-division being covered by one contract. The road was ready throughout for traffic 1st July, 1876. The capital account of the road has never been closed, and it is impossible to decide what portion of the expenditure is for construction, what for permanent repairs, &c. The following statement will give some idea of the finances of the institution :—

EXPENDTURE. To 30th June.	On Capital Acct.	On Revenue Acct.	Receipts.	Difference between Receipts & Current Expenses.
	$	$	$	$
1868	50,081	.....	.....	.....
1869	169,782	.....	.....	.....
1870	1,567,586	.....	.....	.....
1871	2,866,376	.....	.....	.....
1872	5,039,063	.....	.....	.....
1873	4,827,183	1,011,892	703,458	* 308,434
1874	3,417,661	1,847,175	893,430	* 953,745
1875	2,645,460	1,532,589	879,913	* 652,676
1876	998,991	1,277,197	873,077	* 399,120
1877	1,004,057	1,661,673	1,154,445	* 507,228
1878	408,816	1,811,273	1,379,976	* 431,297
1879	226,639	2,010,113	1,294,099	* 716,014
1880	2,048,014	1,607,956	1,506,298	* 101,658
1881	608,732	1,780,353	1,760,393	* 19,960
1882	585,568	2,080,592	2,079,262	* 1,330
1883	1,616,632	2,360,373	2,370,921	† 10,548
1884	1,405,377	2,344,579	2,353,647	† 9,068
1885	1,195,363	2,441,477	2,368,153	*73,324

In August, 1879, the section of the Grand Trunk, from Reivière du Loup to Hadlow, 124½ miles was purchased by the Government, and made part of the Intercolonial main line. The price paid was $1,500,000, conditions being attached that the Grand Trunk should use the money to secure a through line to Chicago, under its own control, the accommodation being thus open to the Intercolonial, because of connection between the two roads. Other branches and extensions have been added before and since. By the last report, the road including all branches was 867½ miles long, made up as follows :—

Ocean Mail Line	688
Moncton to St. John (Extension)	89
Painsec to Shediac "	11

† Surplus. * Deficit.

Truro to Pictou (Extension)	52
Dalhousie Junct. to Dalhousie (Extension)	7
St. Charles Loop Line	14
Wharf Branches	6½

SESSION OF PARLIAMENT.

A term covering a single meeting of Parliament, from the day of meeting for the despatch of business to day of prorogation by the Governor-General. The following table shows the main points of the sessions of Parliament hitherto:

Session of	Opened	Closed	Budget brought down	No. of days sitting	Longest Session H. Min.
1867-8	6 Nov.	22 May	28 Apl.	88	12.10
1869	15 Apl.	22 June	7 May	50	11.10
1870	15 Feb.	12 May	7 Apl.	62	12.05
1871	15 Feb.	14 Apl.	10 Mch.	43	11.45
1872	11 Apl.	14 June	30 Apl.	46	10.00
1873	5 Mch.	13 Aug.	1 Apl.	59	12.00
1873	23 Oct.	7 Nov.		11	11 45
1874	26 Mch.	26 May	14 Apl.	42	12.00
1875	4 Feb.	8 Apl.	16 Feb.	48	12.30
1876	10 Feb.	12 Apl.	25 Feb.	45	12.40
1877	8 Feb.	28 Apl.	20 Feb.	59	11.45
1878	7 Feb.	10 May	22 Feb.	67	27.00
1879	13 Feb.	15 May	14 Mch.	64	11.35
1880	12 Feb.	7 May	9 Mch.	58	13.25
1880-1	9 Dec.	21 Mch.	18 Feb.	66	17.00
1882	9 Feb.	17 May	24 Feb.	69	13.30
1883	8 Feb.	25 May	30 Mch.	73	11.50
1884	17 Jan.	19 Apl.	29 Feb.	67	12 30
1885	29 Jan.	20 July	3 Mch.	119	52.30
1886	25 Feb.	2 June	30 Mch.	64	12.05

DOMINION ELECTIONS.

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

NUMBER OF VOTES POLLED IN THE VARIOUS CONSTITUENCIES IN THE PROVINCE FROM CONFEDERATION TO THE BYE-ELECTIONS IN 1886.

Addington.—Elec. Div. created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Camden, Portland, Sheffield, Hinchinbrooke, Kaladar, Kennebec, Olden, Oro, Anglesea, Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Effingham, Abinger, Miller, Canonto, Denbigh, Loughborough, and Bedford. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 21,492 ; voters on list, 2,768 ; Lapum (Con.), 1,120 ; Shibley (Lib.), 991 ; Price, 1 ; Sir Henry Smith, 2 ; D. Cameron, Lott, and Ham also ran, but received no votes. G.E. 1872—Pop., 21,312 ; voters on list, 3,246 ; Shibley, 1,495 ; Lapum, 849 ; petition put in against Shibley's return, but he was nevertheless declared duly elected. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,966 ; Shibley, 1,275 ; D. J. Waggoner (Con.), 982 ; Shibley unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Shibley, 1,263 ; Waggoner, 920. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,933 ; John McRory, (Con.), 1,656 ; Shibley, 1,244. G. E. 1882—Pop., 23,470 ; voters on list, 4,240 ; J. W. Bell (Con.), 1,659 ; J. B. Aylesworth (Lib.), 1,157.

Algoma.—Elec. Div. established by B.N.A. Act, bounds co-terminous with those of Provisional Judicial District of Algoma. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 4,916 ; voters on list, 862 ; Simpson (Lib.), 250 ; Beatty (Con.), 241 ; Macdonnell, 38. Simpson appointed Indian Commissioner N. W. T., 1871. Bye-election — Lieut.-Col. Cumberland (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 7,018 ; Hon. J. B. Robinson (Con.), 300 ; G. J. Denison, Jr. (Lib.), 219. G. E. 1874—E. B. Barron (Lib.), 436 ; W. J. Scott (Con.), 258 ;

P. J. Brown (Lib.), 18. G.E.1878—S. J. Dawson (Ind.), 885. Rankin (Con.), 480. Redistribution Act declared all territory west of Provisional District of Thunder Bay, and east of Manitoba, to be in Algoma. G. E. 1882—Dawson, 1,707; Hon W. Macdougall (Ind.-Lib.), 1,112.

Bothwell.—One of Elec. Divs. created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Sombra, Dawn, Euphemia, Zone, Camden (with the Gore), Orford, and Howard. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,834; voters on list, 3,077; D. Mills (Lib.), 1,333; Glass (Con.), 1,224. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,701; voters on list, 3,661; Mills, 1,727; C. R. Atkinson (Con.), 1,135. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,916; Mills, 1,600; Dobbyn (Con.), 1,137: Mills made Minister of Interior. Bye-election—Mills, 1,650; J. Dawson (Con.), 1,142. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,318; Mills, 1,852; J. J. Hawkins (Con.), 1,567. Redistribution Act added Township of Chatham (including Wallaceburg village) from Kent, and took away Townships of Euphemia—added to W. Middlesex—Orford and Howard (including Ridgetown town)—added to W. Elgin. G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,477; voters on list, 4,757; Hawkins, 1,520; Mills, 1,504. On recount Judge declared result to be: Mills, 1,576; Hawkins, 1,564; but Returning Officer refused to recognize recount, claiming that it had not been properly made. Case appealed to courts and decided in favour of Mills, who took his seat.

Brant, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Brant County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Onondaga, Brantford (east of Grand River), South Dumfries, and Town of Paris. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 21,279; voters on list, 1,857; John Y. Brown (Con.), 672; Clement (Lib.), 670. G. E. 1872—Pop., 11,493; voters on list, 2,093; G. Fleming (Lib.), 882; A. H. Baird (Con.), 571. G. E. 1874—Fleming, accl. G. E. 1878—voters on list, 2,198; Fleming, 931; J. S. Crawford (Con.), 734. Redistribution Act of 1882 took away Onondaga Township and Paris Town and added them to S. Brant, and added Ancaster from S. Wentworth and Blenheim from N. Oxford. G. E. 1882—Pop., 17,640; voters on list, 3,909; J. Somerville (Lib.), 1,603; J. R. Curry (Con.), 652.

Brant, South.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Brant County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Brantford (west of Grand River), Tuscarora, Burford, and Oakland, and Town of Brantford. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,937 ; voters on list, 3,269 ; Hon. E. B. Wood (Con.), 1,257 ; — Leeming (Lib.), 1,090. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,766 ; voters on list, 3,598 ; W. Paterson (Lib.), 1,378 ; Sir F. Hincks (Con.), 1,116. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,920 ; Paterson, 1,463 ; A. Watts (Con.), 1,019. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,427 ; Paterson, 1,496; Watts, 1,298. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Onondaga Township and Paris Town from N. Brant, and took away Burford and Oakland and added them to S. Oxford. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,482 ; voters on list, 4,154 ; Paterson, 1,473 ; Watts, 1,297.

Brockville.—A town, and (together with Township of Elizabethtown) one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 10,213 ; voters on list, 1,641 ; Jas. Crawford (Con.), 690 ; —— Chambers (Lib.), 521. G. E. 1872—Pop., 10,475 ; voters on list, 2,135 ; J. D. Buell (Lib.), 804 ; H. Abbott (Con.), 793. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,385 ; Buell, 910 ; Crawford, 868. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,970 ; W. Fitzsimmons (Con.), 1,033 ; Buell, 906. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Township of Kitley from N. Leeds and Grenville. G. E. 1882—Pop. 15,107 ; voters on list, 4,027 ; J. F. Wood (Con.), 1,281 ; W. H. Comstock (Lib.), 1,277. Recount—Wood, 1,277 ; Comstock, 1,272.

Bruce, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Bruce County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Bury, Lindsay, Eastnor, Albemarle, Amable, Arran, Bruce, Elderslie, and Saugeen, and Village of Southampton. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 8,950 ; voters on list, 2,013 ; A. Sproat (Con.), 862 ; —— Douglas (Lib.), 852. G. E. 1872—Pop., 17,183 ; voters on list, 2,599 ; J. Gillies (Lib.), 974 ; Sproat, 951. G. E. 1874—Gillies, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,180 ; Gillies, 1,705 ; Sproat, 1,549. Redistribution Act of 1882 took away Townships of Bruce and Saugeen (except Southampton Village) and added them to the new riding of W. Bruce. G. E. 1882—Pop.,

18,645; voters on list, 3,497; A. McNeill (Con.), 1,250; Gillies, 1,162.

Bruce, West.—An Elec. Div. of Bruce County established by the Redistribution Act of 1882, made up of Townships of Saugeen and Bruce (including whole of Tiverton Village) from N. Bruce, Kincardine, Huron and Kinloss from S. Bruce, and Village of Lucknow, part of which was in N. Huron. G. E. 1882—Pop., 24,218; voters on list, 4,577; J. Somerville (Lib.), 1,833; J. H. Scott (Con.), 941.

Bruce, East.—An Elec. Div. of Bruce County established by Redistribution Act of 1882, made up of Townships of Culross (including Teeswater Village), Greenock, Brant (including Walkerton Town), and Carrick, from S. Bruce. G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,325; voters on list, 4,176; R. M. Wells (Lib.), 1,558; A. Shaw (Con.), 1,497.

Bruce, South.—One of Elec. Divs. of Bruce County created by B. N. A. Act. Consisted at first of Townships of Kincardine (including Kincardine Village), Greenock, Brant, Huron, Kinloss, Culross, and Carrick. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,559; voters on list, 4,066; F. Hurdon (Con.), 1,777; Rastall (Lib.), 1,624; Hall, 5. G. E. 1872—Pop., 31,332; voters on list, 4,063; Hon. Ed. Blake (Lib.), 1,878; Hurdon, 190. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 5,268; Blake, 2,312; R. Baird (Con.), 1,991. Blake made Minister of Justice. Bye-election—Blake, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 7,334; Alex. Shaw, (Con.), 2,673; Blake, 2,598. Redistribution Act of 1882 made three ridings of Bruce, S. Bruce being wiped out. (See E. Bruce and W. Bruce.)

Cardwell.—One of Elec. Divs. created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Albion, Caledon. Adjala, and Mono. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,034; voters on list, 2,612; Ferguson (Con.), 1,155; Philips (Ind.), 1,078. G. E. 1872—Pop., 16,500; voters on list, 2,886; Hon. J. Hillyard Cameron (Con.), 1,232; Bolton (Lib.), 1,016. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,898; Cameron, 1,204; Thos. Bowles (Lib.), 1,140; Cameron's return was protested on ground of bribery, but the petition was dismissed. Cameron died. Bye-election—D. McCarthy (Con.), 1,217; Bolton, 937. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,316; T.

White (Con.), 1,218; Jos. Pattullo (Lib.), 961. G.E. 1882—Pop., 16,770; voters on list, 3,498; White, 1,407; J. F. McLaughlin (Lib.), 1,066.

Carleton.—A county, and (except Townships of Gloucester and Osgoode, which were added to Russell for electoral purposes) one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,766; voters on list, 2,457; John Holmes (Con.), 1,087; J. Rochester (Con.), 1,006. G. E. 1872—Pop., 21,739; voters on list, 2,940; Rochester, 1,024; Holmes, 901. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,145; Rochester, 870; Holmes. 631; J. Wallace (Ind.), 374. G. E. 1872—Voters on list, 4,573; Rochester, 1,282; J. May (Ind.-Con.), 1,196; J. A. Grant (Ind.), 86; N. Sparks (Ind.), 14. By Redistribution Act of 1882 the Townships of Fitzroy and Huntley were taken from Carleton and added to N. Lanark. G. E. 1882—Pop., 18,777; voters on list, 3,649; Sir J. A. Macdonald (Con.), 1,185; May, 629; E. H. Bronson (Lib.), 617.

Cornwall.—A town, and (together with Township of Cornwall) one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 6,915; voters on list, 1,027; Hon. J. Sandfield Macdonald, (Lib.), 451; —— Mattice (Lib.), 295. G. E. 1872—D. Bergin (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,280; A. F. Macdonald (Lib.), 471; Bergin, 488. Macdonald unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Macdonald, 459; Bergin, 419. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,783; Bergin, 575; D. B. Maclennan (Lib.), 537. Bergin unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election, Jan., 1880—Bergin, 624; Maclennan, 447. Redistribution Act of 1882 merged this riding with Stormont County, under title "Cornwall and Stormont," made up of Town of Cornwall and Townships of Cornwall, Osnabruck, Finch, and Roxboro'. (See Cornwall and Stormont.)

Cornwall and Stormont.—Elec. Div. made up of two pre-existing ones, and established by Redistribution Act of 1882. (See "Cornwall" and "Stormont.") G. E. 1882—Pop., 23,198; voters on list, 4,430; D. Bergin (Con.), 1,819; J. Bethune (Lib.), 1,370.

Dundas.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 1,877; John S. Ross (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,777; voters on list, 3,131; W. Gibson (Lib.), 1,350; Ross, 1,262. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,277; Gibson, 1,389; H. G. Merkley (Con.), 1,316. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,055; Ross, 1,727; A. J. Laflamme (Lib.), 1,548. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,598; voters on list, 4,403; Dr. Hickey (Con.), 1,719; T. F. Chamberlain (Lib.), 1,630.

Durham, East.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Durham County established before Confederation. Consisted at first of Townships of Cavan, Manvers and Hope, and Town of Port Hope. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,151; voters on list, 2,893; Burton (Con.), 1,134; Beamish (Lib.), 451; G. E. 1872—Pop., 19,064; voters on list, 3,277; Lewis Ross (Lib.), 1,357; —— Kirchoffer (Con.), 1,117. Petition entered against Ross' return, but he was declared duly elected. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,475; Ross, 1,373; Beamish, 722. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,306; Lt.-Col. Williams (Con.), 1,717; Ross, 1,317. G. E. 1882—Pop., 18,710; voters on list. 4,192; Williams, 1,638; Ross, 1,257. Lt.-Col. Williams died, 1885. Bye-election—Ward (Con.), 1,632; W. T. R. Preston (Lib.), 1,282.

Durham, West.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Durham County established before Confederation. Consisted at first of Townships of Clark, Darlington and Cartwright, and Village of Bowmanville. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,964; voters on list, 2,776; Hon. E. Blake (Lib.), 1,337; Milne (Con.), 931. G. E. 1872—Blake, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,114; Hon. E. B. Wood (Lib.), 1,281; M. Brien (Con.), 736. Wood made Chief Justice of Manitoba. Bye-election—H. W. Burk (Lib.), 1,251; T. McCuaig (Con.), 981. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,649; Burk, 1,214; F. Cubitt (Con.), 1,172. Burk resigned. Bye-election—Blake, accl. G. E. 1882—Pop., 17,555; voters on list, 3,723; Blake, 1,497; C. W. Bunting (Con.), 1,379.

Elgin, East.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Elgin County established before Confederation. Consisted at first of Townships of Bayham, Malatude, Yarmouth, South Dorchester and Village of St. Thomas. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding,

21,370; voters on list, 3,733; T. W. Dobbie (Con.), 1,492; Burwell (Lib.), 1,382. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,870; voters on list, 4,342; W. Harvey (Lib.), 1,658; S. Price (Con.), 1,490. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,962; Harvey, 1,886; Day, 1,704; Harvey died. Bye-election—Macdougall, 1,738; Thos. Jenkue (Con.), 2,523. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 6,542; Thos. Arkell (Con.), 2,168; McDougall (Lib.), 2,128. Redistribution Act took away South Dorchester Township. G. E. 1882—Dr. Wilson (Lib.), 2,221; Arkell, 2,097.

Elgin, West.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Elgin County established before Confederation. Consisted at first of Townships of Southwold, Dunwich and Aldborough. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 10,680; voters on list, 2,058; J. H. Munro (Con.), 970; C. McDougall (Lib.), 766. G. E. 1872—Pop., 12,796; voters on list, 2,490; G. Casey (Lib.), 1,115; Munro, 1,023. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,594; Casey, 1,216; E. W. Gustin (Con.), 891. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,136; Casey, 1319; Munro, 1,207. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Townships of Orford and Howard from Bothwell. G. E. 1882—Casey, 2,110; Alex. Clark (Con.), 1,305.

Essex.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 25,211; voters on list, 3,899; John O'Connor (Con.), 1,439; A. Rankin (Ind.), 1,432. G. E. 1872—Pop., 32,697; voters on list, 4,956; O'Connor, 1,999; Rankin, 1,238. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 5,695; W. McGregor (Lib.), 2,508; O'Connor, 1,763. McGregor unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—McGregor, 1,763; Jeremiah O'Connor (Con.), 750. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 7,825; J. C. Patterson (Con.), 2,596; McGregor, 2,318; J. H. Morgan (Ind.), 27. Redistribution Act of 1882 made two ridings of Essex. For divisions see Essex N. and Essex S.

Essex, South. — One of two Elec. Divs. of Essex County made by Redistribution Act of 1882. Consisted of Townships of Anderdon, Malden, N. Colchester, S. Colchester, Gosfield, Mersea, Town of Amherstburg, Villages of Leamington, Kingsville, and Pelee Island. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,303; voters on list, 3,934; L. Wigle (Con.), 1,475; W. McGregor (Lib.), 1,415.

Essex, North. — One of two Elec. Divs. of Essex

County made by Redistribution Act of 1882. Consisted of Townships of W. Sandwich, E. Sandwich, Maidstone, Rochester and W. Tilbury, Towns of Sandwich and Windsor, and Village of Belle River. G. E. 1882—Pop., 25,629; voters on list, 4,677; J. C. Patterson (Con.), 1,714; J. A. Kilroy (Lib.), 1,022.

Frontenac.—One of Elec. Divs. created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Kingston, Wolfe Island, Pittsburg and Howe Island, and Storrington. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 17,737; voters on list, 2,545; Kirkpatrick (Con.), 1,242; Carruthers (Lib.), 693. Kirkpatrick died. Bye-election—G. A. Kirkpatrick (Con.), 869; J. S. Cartwright (Lib.), 517. G. E. 1872—Kirkpatrick, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,458; Kirkpatrick, 1,172; Cartwright, 696. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,751; Kirkpatrick, 958; J. V. Ferris (Lib.), 145. G. E. 1882—Kirkpatrick, accl.

Glengarry. — A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 21,187; D. A. Macdonald (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,524; voters on list, 2,760; D. A. Macdonald, 1,289; R. H. Macdonald, 193. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,763; D. A. Macdonald, 1,288; A. J. Grant (Con.), 612. Macdonald made Lieut.-Gov. of Ontario. Bye-election—A. McNab (Lib.), 1,227; Dr. McMillan (Con.), 945. McNab unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—McNab, 1,203; J. McLennan (Con.), 1,032. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,381; McLennan, 1,330; McNab, 1,269. G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,221; voters on list, 3,616; D. McMaster (Con.), 1,499; D. A. Macdonald, 1,276.

Grenville, South. — One of three Elec. Divs. of two Counties of Leeds and Grenville established before Confederation. Consisted at first of Townships of Edwardsburg and Augusta, and Town of Prescott. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 13,195; voters on list, 1,974; W. Shanly (Con.), 899; Patrick (Lib.), 730. G. E. 1872—Pop., 13,197; voters on list, 2,225; W. H. Brouse (Lib.), 951; Shanly, 866. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,538; Brouse, 1,106; Shanly, 995. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,109; J. P. Wiser, (Lib.), 1,152; J. Dumbrille (Con.), 1,127. G. E. 1882—Pop., 13,-

526 ; voters on list, 3,117 ; W. T. Benson (Con.), 1,187 ; J. Miler (Lib.), 1 039. Benson died. Bye-election—Shanly, accl.

Grey, East. — Elec. Div. established by Redistribution Act of 1872. Consisted at first of Townships of Collingwood, Euphrasia and St. Vincent (taken from N. Grey), Artemesia, Osprey, Proton and Melancthon (taken from S. Grey. G. E. 1872—Pop., 22,193 ; voters on list, 3,893 ; W. K. Flesher (Con.), 1,402 ; R. McKnight (Lib.), 857. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4 263 ; Flesher, 1,566; McKnight, 1,121. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,680 ; Dr. Sproule (Con.), 1,664 ; A. Gifford (Lib.), 1,133. Redistribution Act of 1882 took away Artemesia Township and added it to S. Grey, and added that part of Shelburne Village in Amaranth Township from N. Wellington. G. E. 1882—Pop., 25,092 ; voters on list, 5,402 ; Sproule, 1,934 ; P. Christie (Lib.), 1,520.

Grey, South. — One of two Elec. Divs. of Grey County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Bentinck, Glenelg, Artemesia, Osprey, Normanby, Egremont, Proton and Melancthon. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,468 ; voters on list, 3,885 ; Jackson (Con.), 1,560 Dalgleish (Lib.), 1,547. Redistribution act of 1872 took away Townships of Artemesia, Osprey, Proton and Melancthon to form part of new riding of E. Grey. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,622; voters on list, 2,746; G. Landerkin (Lib.), 1,150; G. Jackson (Con.), 977. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,863 ; Landerkin, 1,248 ; Peeble (Con.), 863. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,780 ; Jackson, 1,163 ; Landerkin, 1,082. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Artemesia Township from E. Grey. G. E. 1882—Pop., 25,703 ; voters on list, 4,740 ; Landerkin, 1,765 ; Jackson, 1,689.

Grey, North. — One of two Elec. Divs. of Grey County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Collingwood, Euphrasia, Holland, St. Vincent, Sydenham, Sullivan, Derby and Kippel, Sarawak, and Town of Owen Sound. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 17,082 ; voters on list; 3,478 ; Snider (Lib.), 1,399 ; Bolton (Con.), 1,143. Redistribution Act of 1872 took away Townships of Collingwood, Euphrasia and St. Vincent to form part of new riding

of E. Grey. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,580; voters on list, 2,924; Snider (Lib.), 1,124; J. Chisholm (Con.), 983. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,218; Snider, 1,320; S. J. Lane (Con.), 1,241. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,402; Lane, 1,607; Snider, 1,394. G. E. 1882—Pop., 2,334; voters on list, 4,654; B. Allen (Lib.), 1,599; Lane, 1,551. Recount—Allen, 1,457; Lane, 1,385.

Haldimand.—One of Elec. Divs. created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Oneida, Seneca, Cayuga North, Cayuga South, Rainham, Walpole and Dunn. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,397; voters on list, 3,114; D. Thompson (Lib.), 1,391; McKinnon (Con.), 1,022. Redistribution Act of 1872 took away Township of Dunn and added it to Monck. G. E. 1872—Thompson, accl. G. E. 1874—Thompson, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,758; Thompson, 1,566; N. F. Davin (Con.), 1,400; Lester (Ind.), 21. Redistribution Act of 1882 took away Township of S. Cayuga and added it to Monck. G. E. 1882—Pop., 17,660; voters on list, 3,757; Thompson, 1,490; W. H. Merritt (Con.), 1,364. Thompson died, April, 1886. Bye-election—Coulter (Lib.), 1,875; Merritt, 1,760.

Halton.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 22,794; voters on list, 3,584; John White (Lib.), 1,422; D. B. Chisholm (Con.), 1,289. G. E. 1872—Pop., 22,606; voters on list, 4,201; White, 1,414; G. G. McKindsey (Con.), 1,278. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,356; Chisholm, 1,464; White, 1,441. Chisholm unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Wm. McCraney (Lib.), 1,704; Chisholm, 1,569. A petition was entered against McCraney's return on the ground of corrupt practices, but McCraney was confirmed in his seat. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,275; Hon. Wm. Macdougall (Ind.), 1,708; McCraney, 1,690. G.E. 1882—Pop. 21,919; voters on list, 6,025; McCraney, 1,822; McKindsey, 1,739.

Hamilton.—A city, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,096; Chas. Magill (Lib.), accl. Redistribution Act of 1872 gave the city two members. G. E. 1872—Pop., 26,716; voters on list, 4,686; D. B. Chisholm (Con.), 1,443; H. B.

Witton (Con.) 1,422; Magill, 1,324; Æ. Irving (Lib.), 1,346. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 5,764; A. T. Wood (Lib.), 2,086; Irving, 2,083; Witton, 1,515; O'Reilly (Con.), 1,518. Irving and Wood unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Irving, 1,977; Wood, 1,952; Witton, 1,601; M. W. Brown (Con.), 1,568. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 6,436; F. E. Kilvert (Con.), 2,252; T. Robertson (Con.), 2,214; Irving, 2,005; Wood, 1,981. G. E. 1882—Pop., 35,961; voters on list, 7,866; Kilvert, 2,666; Robertson, 2,612; Moore (Lib.), 2,194; Irving, 2,146.

Hastings, West.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Hastings County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Town of Belleville, Township of Sydney, and Village of Trenton. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,757; voters on list, 2,264; Brown (Con.), 773; Holden (Lib.), 313. G. E. 1872—Pop., 14,365; voters on list, 2,646; Brown, 1,030; H. Patterson (Lib.), 575. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,095; Brown, 414; T. Wills (Con.), 49. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,362; Brown (Lib.), 1,306; Wallbridge (Con.), 1,055. G. E. 1882—Pop., 17,400; voters on list, 3,700; A. Robertson (Con.), 1,317; Brown, 1,081.

Hastings, East.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Hastings County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Thurlow, Tyendinaga and Hungerford. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 17,031; voters on list, 2,096; Read (Con.), 1,110; Farley (Lib.), 467. Read called to Senate. Bye-election—John White (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 17,392; voters on list, 2,319; White, 818; W. Frizzel (Con.), 774; T. Holden (Lib.), 229. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,396; White, 1,049; Holden, 978. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,049; White, 1,060; W. R. Aylsworth (Lib.), 1,040—(result of a recount). White unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—White, 1,373; Farley, 1,299. G. E. 1882—Pop., 17,313; voters on list, 3,422; White, 1,386; H. Ashley (Lib.), 1,333.

Hastings, North.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Hastings County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Rawdon, Huntingdon, Madoc, Elzevir, Tudor, Marmora and Lake, and Village of Sterling, and any surveyed townships lying north of the above. G. E. 1867—Pop. of

riding, 15,112; voters on list, 1,892; M. Bowell (Con.), 928; McLean, 1; Campell; Wallbridge (Lib.), 639. G. E. 1872—Pop., 16,607; voters on list, 1,864; Bowell, 766: Wallbridge, 559. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,916; Bowell, 847; E. D. O'Flynn (Lib.), 752. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,183; Bowell, 1,249; O'Flynn, 1,008. Bowell made Minister of Customs. Bye-election—Bowell, accl. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,479; voters on list, 3,521; Bowell, 1,408; W. Coe (Lib.), 1,057.

Huron, Centre.—An additional constituency given to Huron by Redistribution Act of 1872. Consisted at first of Townships of Grey, Colborne, Hullet and McKillop (taken from N. Huron), Tuckersmith and Town of Goderich (taken from S. Huron), and Village of Seaforth (formerly divided between N. and S. Huron. G. E. 1872—Pop., 22,791; voters on list, 3,747; H. Horton (Lib.), 1,354; J. Whitehead (Con.), 868. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,050; Horton, 1,510; C. Crabb (Con.), 730. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,188; Horton, 1,732; S. Platt (Con.), 1,361. Horton resigned. Bye-election—Sir Rich. J. Cartwright (Lib.), 2,002; Platt, 1,601. Redistribution Act of 1882 wiped this constituency out, Grey Township going to form part of new riding of E. Huron, Colborne Township and Goderich Town to new riding of W. Huron, and Hullet, McKillop and Tuckersmith Townships to S. Huron.

Huron, East.—Additional Elec. Div. of Huron established by Redistribution Act of 1882. Consisted of Townships of Howick (including Wroxeter Village), Turnberry (including Wingham Town), and Morris (including Blythe Village), all from N. Huron and Grey (including Brussels Village) from C. Huron. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,001; voters on list, 4,564; T. Farrow (Con.), 1,631; W. Sloan (Lib.), 1,571.

Huron, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Huron County created by B. N. A. Act. Consisted at first of Townships of Ashfield, Wawanosh, Turnberry, Howick, Morris, Grey, Colborne, Hullett (including Clinton Village), and McKillop. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 22,075; voters on list, 5,178; Whitehead, 1,940; Holmes, 1,318; Sloan, 675. Redistribution Act of 1872 cut off Townships of

Grey, Colborne, Hullett, and McKillop (including Seaforth Village), and making them part of Centre Huron. G. E. 1872—Pop., 21,862 : voters on list, 3,639 ; T. Farrow (Con.), 1,550 ; J. Somerville (Lib.), 1,359. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,866 ; Farrow, 1,655 ; Leckie (Lib.), 1,510. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,485 ; Farrow, 1,933 ; W. Sloan (Lib.), 1,849. Redistribution Act of 1882 wiped this constituency out, Ashfield and Wawanosh going to new riding of W. Huron, and Turnberry, Howick and Morris, to new riding of E. Huron.

Huron, South.—One of two Elec. Divs of Huron County created by B. N. A. Act. Consisted at first of Town of Goderich, Townships of Goderich, Tuckersmith, Stanley, Hay, Usborne and Stephen. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 22,557 ; voters on list, 3,853 ; M. C. Cameron (Lib.), 1,624 ; Ritchie (Con.), 1,453 ; Sills, 1. Redistribution Act of 1872 cut off Town of Goderich and Township of Tuckersmith (including Seaforth Village), adding them to C. Huron. G. E. 1872—Pop., 21,512 ; voters on list, 3,337 ; Cameron, 1,393 ; T. Greenway (Con.), 1,308. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,572 ; Cameron, 1,522 ; Greenway, 1,436. Cameron unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Greenway, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,675 ; Cameron, 1,874 ; Porter (Con.), 1,709. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Townships of Tuckersmith (including Seaforth Village), McKillop and Hullet, and took away Townships of Goderich (to form part of new riding of W. Huron), Stephen (added to N. Middlesex), and Usborne (added to S. Perth). G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,991 ; voters on list, 4,397 ; J. McMillan (Lib.), 1,621 ; W. J. Shannon (Con.), 1,024. McMillan resigned. Bye-election, Dec., 1883—Sir R. J. Cartwright (Lib.), accl.

Huron, West.—Electoral Division of Huron County established by Redistribution Act of 1882. Consisted of E. Wawanosh, W. Wawanosh, Ashfield, from N. Huron, Goderich Township (including Clinton Town) from S. Huron, and Colborne and Goderich Town from C. Huron. G. E. 1882—Pop., 23,512 ; voters on list, 4,867 ; M. C. Cameron (Lib.), 1,736 ; R. Porter (Con.), 1,707. Election protested, but no irregularity proven.

Kent.—One of Elec. Divs. created by B. N. A. Act. Consisted at first of Townships of Chatham, Dover, East Tilbury, Romney, Raleigh, Harwich and Town of Chatham. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,750; voters on list, 3,761; R. Stephenson (Con.), 1,524; McKellar (Lib.), 1,427. G. E. 1872—Pop., 26,836; voters on list, 4,883; Stephenson, 1,874; W. S. Stripp (Lib.), 1,730. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 5,127; Stephenson, 1,895; Stripp, 1,823. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 6,640; Stephenson, 2,502; H. MacMahon (Lib.), 1,969. Redistribution Act took away Chatham Township and added it to Bothwell. G. E. 1882—Pop., 29,194; voters on list, 6,422; H. Smyth (Con.), 2,223; Dr. Sampson (Lib.), 2,066. Smyth unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election, Jan., 1884—Smyth, 2,548; Sampson, 2,266.

Kingston.—A City and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 13,753: voters on list, 2,248; Sir John A. Macdonald (Con.), 735; John Stewart (Ind.), 142. G. E. 1872—Pop., 12,407; voters on list, 2,107; Macdonald, 735; J. Carruthers (Lib.), 604. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,431; Macdonald, 839; Carruthers, 801; Macdonald unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Macdonald, 889; Carruthers, 872. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,770; A. Gunn (Lib.), 991; Macdonald, 847; Stewart, 6. G. E. 1882—Pop., 14,091; voters on list. 2,851; Gunn, 889; M. Sullivan (Con.), 797.

Lambton, North.—One of ridings created by B. N. A. Act At first consisted of Townships of Bosanquet, Warwick, Plympton, Sarnia, Moore, Enniskillen, and Brooke, and Town of Sarnia. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,965; voters on list, 4,265; Mackenzie (Lib.), 1,995; Vidal (Con.), 1311. G. E. 1872—Pop., 31,994; voters on list, 4,856; Mackenzie, 2,190; Vidal, 1,555. G. E. 1874—Mackenzie, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 7,695; Mackenzie, 2,707; J. A. Mackenzie (Con.), 2,561. Redistribution Act of 1882 made two ridings of Lambton. For divisions see "Lambton East" and "Lambton West."

Lambton, East.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Lambton County made by Redistribution Act of 1882. Consisted of Townships of Enniskillen, Brooke, Warwick and Bosanquet,

Town of Petrolia, and Villages of Oil Springs, Alvinston Watford, Arkona and Thedford. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,725 voters on list, 4,311. J. H. Fairbank (Lib.), 1,736 : J. A Mackenzie (Con.), 1,569.

Lambton, West.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Lambton County made by Redistribution Act of 1882. Consisted of Townships of Sarnia, Moore, and Plympton, Town of Sarnia and Villages of Wyoming, Forest and Point Edward. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,891 ; voters on list, 4,304 ; J. F. Lester (Lib.), 1,652 ; A. C. Clark (Con.), 1,311.

Lanark, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Lanark County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of Sherbrooke North, Dalhousie, Lanark, Ramsay, Lavant, Darling and Pakenham. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,667 ; Hon. W. Macdougall (Con.-Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 13,830 ; voters on list, 1,542 ; Galbraith (Lib.), 559 ; Rosamond (Con.), 418 ; Macdougall (Ind.), 276. G. E. 1874—Galbraith, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,417 ; Galbraith, 992 ; J. Jamieson (Con.), 949 ; Galbraith died. Bye-election, Jan. 1880 ; D. G. Macdonnell (Lib.), 1,107 ; Jamieson, 1,009. Redistribution Act of 1882 added to N. Lanark the Townships of Fitzroy and Huntley taken from Carleton. G. E. 1882—Pop., 19,855 ; voters on list, 3,627 ; Jamieson, 1,382 ; Macdonnell, 1,314.

Lanark, South.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Lanark County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of Montague, Elmsley North, Burgess North. Sherbrooke South, Beckwith, Drummond, Bathurst, and Town of Perth. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,972 ; Alexander Morris (Con.), accl ; Morris appointed Minister of Inland Revenue. Bye-election—Morris, accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 19,190 ; voters on list, 3,043 ; J. E. Haggert (Con.), 1,476 ; — Bell (Lib.), 562. G.E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,161 ; Haggert, 1,318 ; J. H. Gould (Lib.), 889. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,160 ; Haggert, 1,585 ; — Frost (Lib.), 1,261. Redistribution Act ef 1882 detached the Village of Smith's Falls (North Elmsley Tp.) and added it to N. Leeds and Grenville. G. E. 1882—Haggert, accl.

Leeds, South.—One of three Elec. Divs. of two Counties of Leeds and Grenville established before Confederation.

Consisted (1867) of Townships of Rear of Yonge, Escott, Front of Yonge, Front of Escott, Front of Leeds and Lansdowne, Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne, South Crosby, North Crosby, Bastard and Burgess. G. E. 1867--Pop. of riding, 20,689; voters on list, 3,333; J. Crawford (Con.), 1,393; A. M. Richards (Lib.), 1,364. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,716; voters on list, 3,464; Richards, 1,270; G. Morton (Con.), 1,258; Petition to unseat Richards sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,701; D. F. Jones (Con.), 1,602; W. H. Fredenburgh (Lib.), 1,599. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,472; Jones, 1,904; Fredenburgh, 1,783. G.E.1882—Pop., 22,206; voters on list, 4,806; Taylor (Con.), 1,993; C. E. Britton (Lib.), 1,716.

Leeds and Grenville, North.—One of three Elec. Divs. of the two Counties of Leeds and Grenville established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of Kitley, South Elmsley, Wolford, Oxford and South Gower. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,341; voters on list, 2,265; F. Jones (Ind.), 923; G. A. Montgomery (Con.), 857. G. E. 1872—Pop., 13,530; voters on list, 2,319; Jones, 963; Montgomery, 771. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,344; C. F. Ferguson (Con.), 918; Jones, 785; Ferguson unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Ferguson, 917; J. K. Weir, 765. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,737; Ferguson, 859; Jones, 823. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Village of Smith's Falls from S. Lanark, and took away Kitley Township and added it to Brockville. G. E. 1882—Pop., 12,423; voters on list, 2,553; Ferguson, 1,048; F. T. Frost (Lib.), 762.

Lennox.—One of Elec. Divs. created by B. N. A. Act. At first it consisted of Townships of Richmond, Adolphustown, North Fredericksburg, South Fredericksburg, Ernesttown and Amherst Island, and Village of Napanee. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,120; voters on list, 2,950; R. J. Cartwright (Con.), 1,268; Grange (Con.), 1,122. G. E. 1872—Pop., 16,396; voters on list, 3,500; Cartwright (Ind. Con.), 1,224; Stevenson (Lib.), 513. G. E. 1874—Cartwright (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,831; E. Hooper (Con.), 1,358; Cartwright, 1,299. G. E. 1882—Pop., 16,314; voters on list, 3,859; Sir John A. Macdonald (Con.), 1,492; D. W.

Allison (Lib.), 1,292 ; recount—Macdonald, 1,492 ; Allison, 1,287 ; Macdonald unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election Nov. 1883—Allison, 1,405 ; M. W. Pruyn (Con.), 1,401 ; Allison unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election Jan. 1885—Pruyn, 1,515 ; Allison, 1,473.

Lincoln.—One of the Elec. Divs. created by the B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Clinton, Grantham, Grimsby and Louth, and Town of St. Catharines. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,191 ; Hon. James R. Benson (Con.), accl. Benson called to Senate. Bye-election—T. R. Merritt (Con.), 720 ; O. S. Phelps (Lib.), 120. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,672 ; voters on list, 3,774 ; Merritt, 1,118 ; J. McKeown (Lib.), 555. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,861 ; J. Norris (Lib.), 1,493 ; T. Clark (Con.), 1,338. Norris unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Norris, 1,406 ; Aug. Jukes (Con.), 1,270 ; R. Wynne (Ind.), 7. Norris resigned. Bye-election—Norris, 1,831 ; J. Miller (Con.), 1,746. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,224 ; J. C. Rykert (Con.), 1,893 ; Norris, 1,799. Redistribution Act of 1882 merged whole constituency of Niagara (Niagara Town and Towhship) with Lincoln, under title "Lincoln and Niagara," and took away Township of Grimsby and added it to S. Wentworth. See "Lincoln and Niagara."

Lincoln and Niagara.—An Electoral Division made up of two others by Redistribution Act of 1882. (See "Lincoln" and "Niagara.") G. E. 1882—Pop., 23,300 ; voters on list, 5,282 ; J. C. Rykert (Con.), 1,826 ; J. Norris (Lib.), 1,731.

London.—A city, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 11,555 ; voters on list, 2,790 ; Hon. John Carling (Con.), 1,114 ; Peacock, 266. G. E. 1872—Pop., 15,826 ; voters on list, 3,055 ; Carling, 1,101 ; Macmahon (Lib.), 797. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,741 ; J. Walker (Lib.), 1,296 ; Carling, 1,208. Walker unseated for corrupt practices by agents with his cognizance. Bye-election—J. H. Frazer (Lib.), 1,228 ; S. Peters (Con.), 1,100. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,721 ; Carling, 1,407 ; Walker, 1,343. G. E. 1882—Pop., 19,746 ; voters on list, 5,054 ; Carling, 1,485 ; J. Campbell (Lib.), 1,238.

Middlesex, East.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Middlesex County created by B. N. A. Act. Consisted of Townships of London, Westminster, North Dorchester and West Nissouri. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 23,125; voters on list, 4,097; C. Wilson (Con.), 1,896; McFie (Lib.), 1,756. G. E. 1872—Pop., 25,055; voters on list, 4,549; D. Glass (Con.), 1,932; Evans (Lib.), 1,837. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,714; Wilson, 1,977; Glass (Lib.), 1,933. Wilson unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—D. McMillan (Con.), 2,098; J. Armstrong (Lib.), 1,926. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 6,951; Macmillan, 2,428; Glass, 2,-332. Redistribution Act of 1882 added S. Dorchester Township (including Springfield Village) from E. Elgin, and took away Westminster, making it part of new riding of S. Middlesex. G. E. 1882—Pop., 25,107; voters on list, 6,535: McMillan, 1,949, J. Langford (Ind.), 1,454.

Middlesex, West.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Middlesex County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Delaware, Caradoc, Metcalfe, Mora and Ekfrid, and Village of Strathroy. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,850; voters on list, 2,417; McDonald (Con.), 1,063; Billington (Lib.), 1,044. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,195; voters on list, 3,254; G. W. Ross (Lib.), 1,322; A. P. Macdonald (Con.), 1,266; G. Ballington, 7. G. E. 1874—Ross, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,242; Ross, 1,635; M. Currie (Con.), 1,587. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Adelaide Township from N. Middlesex and Euphemia from Lambton, and took away Delaware and Caradoc Townships to form part of new riding of S. Middlesex. G. E. 1882—Pop., 19,-491; voters on list, 4,385; Ross, 1,651; Currie, 1,597. Ross unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election, Dec., 1883—D. M. Cameron (Lib.), 1,771; W. F. Roome (Con.), 1,739. Election contested, but no irregularity proven.

Middlesex, South.—A fourth riding of Middlesex established by Redistribution Act of 1882, made up of Townships of Westminster from E. Middlesex, Delaware and Carradoc from W. Middlesex, and Lobo from N. Middlesex. G. E. 1882—Pop., 18,888; voters on list, 4,235; J. Armstrong, (Lib.), 1,678; J. Rayner (Con.), 812.

Middlesex, North.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Middlesex County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of McGillivray, Biddulph, Williams East, Williams West, Adelaide and Lobo. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,083; voters on list, 2,912; Scatcherd (Lib.), 1,605; Watson (Con.), 874. G. E. 1872—Scatcherd, accl. G. E. 1874—Scatcherd, accl. Scatcherd died. Bye-election—R. C. Scatcherd (Lib.) 1,576; J. Levi (Con.), 1,318. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,867; T. Coughlin (Con.), 1,629; Scatcherd, 1,621. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Township of Stephen (including Exeter Village) from S. Huron, took away Adelaide and added it to W. Middlesex, and Lobo to form part of new riding of S. Middlesex. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,268; voters on list, 4,979; T. Coughlin, 1,741: L. E. Shipley (Lib.), 1,632.

Monck.—One of Elec. Divs. created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Canborough and Moulton, Sherbrooke, Caister, Gainsborough, Pelham and Wainfleet, and Village of Dunnville. G.E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,237; voters on list, 2,539; McCallum (Con.), 1,126; Frazer (Lib.), 871. Redistribution Act added Township of Dunn from Haldimand. G.E. 1872—Pop., 16,179; voters on list, 3,291; J. D. Edgar (Lib.), 1,334; McCallum, 1,293. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,326; McCallum, 1,354; Edgar, 1,320; McCallum unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—McCallum, 1,333; Edgar, 1,329; a recount gave McCallum, 1,319; Edgar, 1,314. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,671; McCallum, 1,459; Edgar, 1,431. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Township of South Cayuga from Haldimand, and took away Caister and added it to S. Wentworth. G. E. 1882—Pop., 15,940; voters on list, 3,717; McCallum, 1,445; Dr. McCallum (Lib.), 1,420.

Muskoka.—Elec. Dist. established by Redistribution Act of 1872. At first consisted of Townships of Macaulay, Draper, Morrison, Muskoka, Monck and Watt (Simcoe Co. formerly part of riding of North Victoria), Ryde, Oakley, Wood, McLean, Medora. Watt, Stephenson, and all other surveyed Townships lying north of North Victoria and south of Nipissing District. G. E. 1872—Pop., 6,919; A. P. Cockburn (Lib.), 651; D. Boulton (Con.), 530. Returning Officer,

R. J. Bell, sent in return declaring that because of irregularities at some of the polls he was unable to return a candidate. In session of 1874, the H. of C. ordered Cockburn's name to be inserted in return as the elected member. G. E. 1874—Cockburn, 876; J. Twistdale (Con.), 567. G. E. 1878—Cockburn, 1,259; W. E. O'Brien (Con.), 1,196. Redistribution Act took away Townships of Morrison, Ryde, Draper, Oakley, Macaulay, including Bracebridge Village, Maclean and Ridout and added them to N. Ontario, and added to Muskoka all Townships north of those left, and unorganized territory east of Medora and Wood. G. E. 1882—Pop., 16,366; O'Brien, 1,300; J. C. Miller (Lib.), 1,296; recount—O'Brien, 1,296; Miller, 1,293.

Niagara.— A town (together with the township of Niagara), one of Electoral Districts established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 4,470; voters on list, 728; Angus Morrison (Con.), 300; Thomson (Lib.), 250. G. E. 1872—Pop., 3,693; voters on list, 817; Morrison, 300; J. M. Currie (Lib.), 298. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 841; J. B. Plumb (Con.), 336; Currie, 306. Plumb unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Plumb, 354; S. J. Brown (Lib.), 251. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 862; P. Hughes (Lib.), 312; Plumb, 310. Hughes unseated and disqualified, and four votes struck off his list for bribery, returning Plumb by two majority. Redistribution Act of 1882 merged this whole riding into Lincoln, under title "Lincoln and Niagara."

Norfolk, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Norfolk County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Middleton, Townshend and Windham, and Town of Simcoe. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,598; voters on list, 2,347; Walsh (Con.), 1,026; Duncombe (Lib.), 990. G. E. 1872—Pop., 15,390; voters on list, 3,120; J. Charlton (Lib.), 1,324; Walsh, 1,274. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,142; Charlton, 1,434; D. Tisdale (Con.), 1,264. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,786; Charlton, 1,492; Walsh, 1,348. Redistribution Act added Dereham Township (including Tilsonburg Town) from S. Oxford, and took away Simcoe Town and added it to S. Norfolk. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,933; voters on list, 4,781; Charlton, 1,940; L. O. Sinclair (Con.), 1,562.

Norfolk, South.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Norfolk County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Charlotteville, Houghton, Walsingham and Woodhouse, with the Gore. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 13,992; voters on list, 2,468; P. Lawson (Lib.), 1,050; Walker (Con.), 969. G. E. 1872—Pop., 15,370; voters on list, 2,828; W. Wallace (Con.), 1,208; H. J. Kilmaster (Lib.), 1,098. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,967; J. Stuart (Lib.), 1,233; Lawson, 1,140. Stuart unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election, Wallace, 1,400; Stuart, 1,244. Election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,545; Wallace, 1,327; W. H. Allan, 1,310. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Town of Simcoe from N. Norfolk. G. E. 1882—Pop., 19,019; voters on list, 4,496; J. Jackson (Lib.), 1,560; Wallace, 1,534. Election protested, but no irregularity proven.

Northumberland, East.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Northumberland County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of Crainahe, Brighton, Murray, Seymour and Percy. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,405; voters on list, 3,350; J. Keeler (Con.), 1,607; McKenzie (Lib.), 827. G. E. 1872—Pop., 21,758; voters on list, 3,716; Keeler, 1,515; J. L. Biggar (Lib.), 1,430. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,827; Biggar, 1,662; Keeler, 1,497. Biggar unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Biggar, 1,670; Hon. J. Cockburn (Con.), 1,385. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,527; Keeler, 1,799; Biggar, 1,736. Keeler died. Bye-election—D. Crouter (Lib.), 1,890; Kennedy (Con.), 1,700. Redistribution Act added that part of Village of Hastings lying in Township of Asphodel, in E. Peterborough. G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,299; voters on list, 5,295; E. Cochrane, 2,073; Crouter, 1,800.

Northumberland, West.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Northumberland County, established before Confederation, except that South Monaghan Township was taken from it by B. N. A. Act and added to West Peterborough. West Northumberland consisted (1867) of Townships of Hamilton, Haldimand and Alnwick, and Town of Cobourg. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,842; Hon. Jas. Cockburn (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Cockburn, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on

list, 3,361; W. Kerr (Lib.), 1,336; Cockburn, 1,105. Kerr unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Kerr, 1,315; S. Smith (Con.), 1,160. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,709; Cockburn, 1,315; Kerr, 1,227. Cockburn resigned. Bye-election—Geo. Guillett (Con.), 1,448; Geo. Waters (Lib.), 1,378. G. E. 1882—Pop., 16,984; voters on list, 3,981; Guillett, 1,363; Kerr, 1,324. Re-count—Guillett, 1,298; Kerr, 1,293. Guillet unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election, Guillett, 1,460; Kerr, 1,386.

Ontario, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Ontario County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of Reach, Uxbridge, Brock, Scott, Thorah, Mara, Rama and Scugog. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 21,685; voters on list, 3,674; T. H. Thompson (Lib.), 1,628; M. C. Cameron (Con.), 1,362. G. E. 1872—Pop., 25,967; voters on list, 4,351; W. H. Gibbs (Con.), 1,835; Thompson, 1,620. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,856; A. Gordon (Lib.), 1,804; Gibbs, 1,712. Gordon died. Bye-election—Gibbs, 1,891; Geo. Currie (Lib.), 1,804. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 25,967; G. Wheler (Lib.), 2,213; Gibbs, 2,161 (result of re-count). Wheler unseated for corrupt practices by agents (Supreme Court decision). Bye-election, August, 1880—Wheler, 2,271; Gibbs, 2,113. Redistribution Act of 1882 made three ridings of Ontario, adding Townships of Morrison, Ryde, Draper, Oakley, Macaulay (including Bracebridge Village), McLean and Ridout, from Muskoka, and took off Reach and added it to S. Ontario and Uxbridge, and added it to new riding N. Ontario. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,281; voters on list, 4,673; A. P. Cockburn (Lib.), 1,611; Gibbs, 1,552.

Ontario, South.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Ontario County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of East Whitby and Pickering, Town of Whitby and Village of Oshawa. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,919; voters on list, 3,043; T. N. Gibbs (Con.), 1,292; Hon. Geo. Brown (Lib.), 1,223. G. E. 1872—Pop., 19,923; voters on list, 3,771: Gibbs, 1,466; White (Lib.), 1,373. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,038; Hon. M. Cameron (Lib.), 1,639; Gibbs, 1,488. Cameron died June, 1876. Bye-election—Gibbs, 1,665; J. D. Edgar (Lib.), 1,624. G. E. 1878—Voters on list,

5,059; F. W. Glen (Lib.), 1,867; Gibbs, 1,661. Redistribution Act of 1882 divided county into three ridings, added to S. Ontario Townships of West Whitby and Reach (including Port Perry Village) and took away Township of Pickering, which was made part of new riding of W. Ontario. G. E. 1882—Pop., 2,244; voters on list, 4,813; Glen, 1,668; W. Smith (Con.), 1,618.

Ontario, West.—New riding established by Redistribution Act of 1882, made up of Townships of Whitchurch (including Newmarket Town), taken from N. York, Uxbridge (including Uxbridge Village), taken from N. Ontario, Pickering, taken from S. Ontario, and whole of Village of Stouffville, part in Whitchurch and part in Markham Township. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,189; voters on list, 4,646; G. Wheler (Lib.), 1,793; E. Major (Con.), 1,035. Wheler resigned. Bye-election, Aug., 1884—J. D. Edgar (Lib.), accl.

Ottawa City.—One of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,669; voters on list, 2,883; J. M. Currier (Con.), 974; Gibb, 25; McGillivray, 5. Redistribution Act of 1872 gave the city two members. G. E. 1872—Currier and J. B. Lewis (Con.), accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,875; Currier, 1,458; Dr. St. Jean (Lib.), 1,213; J. Aumond (Con.), 1,101; Dr. Sweetland (Lib.), 8. Currier resigned. Bye-election—Currier, 2,035; J. P. Featherston (Lib.), 772. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,854; Currier, 1,854; Jos. Tassé (Con.), 1,748; C. W. Bangs (Lib.), 1,239; P. St. Jean, 1,353. G. E. 1882—Pop., 27,412; voters on list, 5,556, C. H. Mackintosh (Con.), 1,692; Tassé, 1,557; A. F. McIntyre (Lib.), 1,229; P. St. Jean, 1,213.

Oxford, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of East Nissouri, East Zorra, West Zorra, Blandford, Blenheim, and Town of Woodstock. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 24,551; Thos. Oliver, accl. G. E. 1872—Oliver, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,142; Oliver, 1,866; J. H. Wood (Con.), 655. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,217; Oliver, 1,706; Wood, 803. Oliver died. Bye-election, Dec. 1880—J. Sutherland (Lib.), 1,835; G. R. Pattullo (Lib.), 1,465. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Townships of N. Easthope

from N. Perth, S. Easthope from S. Perth, and took away Blenheim and added it to N. Brant. G. E. 1882--Pop., 24,390; voters on list, 5,760; Sutherland, 1,469; Pattulo, 399; S. Towle (Con.), 1,044.

Oxford, South.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Oxford County, established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of North Oxford, West Oxford, East Oxford, North Norwich, South Norwich and Dereham. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 21,675; E. V. Bodwell (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Bodwell, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,225; Bodwell, 981; Dr. Thrall (Con.), 223; Bodwell appointed Supt. Welland Canal. Bye-election—Lt.-Col. Skinner (Ind. Lib.), 1,186; J. D. Edgar (Lib.), 833. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,317; Skinner, 1,915; J. Gibson (Con.), 1,554. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Townships of Burford and Oakland from S. Brant, and took away Dereham Township and added it to N. Norfolk. G. E. 1882—Pop., 24,778; voters on list, 5,922; A. Harley (Lib.), 1,831; J. A. Skinner, 1,054.

Peel.—One of Elec. Divs. created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Chingacousy, Toronto, Gore of Toronto, and Villages of Brampton and Streetsville. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 17,574; voters on list, 2,673; Hon. John H. Cameron (Con.), 1,138; Barber, 1,076. G. E. 1872—Pop., 16,369; voters on list, 3,419; R. Smith (Lib.), 1,261; Cameron, 1,245. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,332; Smith, 1,299; N. Elliott (Con.), 1,285. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,747; Elliott, 1,414; Smith, 1,325 G. E. 1882—Pop., 16,387; voters on list, 3,793; J. Fleming (Lib.), 1,430; R. Barber (Con.), 1,387.

Perth, North—One of two Elec. Divs. of Perth County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Wallace, Elma, Logan, Ellice, Mornington and N. Easthope, and Town of Stratford. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,645; voters on list, 3,746; Redford (Lib.), 1,515; Daly (Con.), 1,307; Gray, 0. G.E. 1872—Pop., 25,377; voters on list, 4,669; Daly 1,848; Redford, 1,792. Petition to unseat Daly sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,967; A. Monteith (Con.), 1,992; Redford, 1,829; Monteith unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-

election—Monteith, 1,737 ; J. Fisher (Lib.), 1,717. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 6,969 ; S. R. Hesson (Con.), 2,533 ; Fisher, 2,450. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Logan township, took away Wallace except Listowel Town, and added it to N. Wellington and N. Easthope, and added it to N. Oxford. G.E. 1882—Pop., 26,538 ; voters on list, 5,721 ; Hesson, 1,934 ; R. Jones (Lib.), 1,682.

Perth, South.—One of Elec. Divs. of Perth County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Blanchard, Downie, South Easthope, Fullerton, Hibbart and Village of Mitchell, and Town of St. Mary's. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,438 ; voters on list, 3,426 ; McFarlane (Lib.), 1,490 ; Guest (Con.), 1,393. G. E. 1872—Pop., 21,159 ; voters on list, 3,799 ; J. Trow (Lib.), 1,683 ; J. Kidd (Con.), 1,256. G. E. 1874—Trow, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,603 ; Trow, 1,796 ; E. Hornibrook (Con.), 1,719. Redistribution Act of 1882 took away Township of S. Easthope, and added it to N. Oxford, and added Usborne from S. Huron. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,608 ; voters on list, 4,876 ; Trow, 1,896 ; Guest, 1,717.

Peterborough, West.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Peterborough County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of South Monaghan, North Monoghan, Smith and Ennismore, and Town of Peterborough. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 11,157 ; voters on list, 1,686 ; Perry (Con.), 681 ; Gordon (Lib.), 652. G. E. 1872—Pop., 11,767 ; voters on list, 1,986 ; J. Bertram (Lib.), 745 ; W. Cluxton (Con.), 705 ; Cluxton returned by Returning Officer on ground that Bertram's declaration of qualification was not filed in time. In H. of C. Blake moved to order insertion of Bertram's name in place of Cluxton's in return, reserving all rights to petition against return thus amended. Sir John Macdonald moved to refer matter to Committee on Privileges and Elections. Sir John's motion prevailed. The Committee, after considering matter, reported in favour of leaving it to Special Committee under Controverted Elections Act. This was done, notwithstanding a motion by Huntington in favor of Bertram being allowed to take his seat. Bertram petitioned against Cluxton's return and Special Committee was appointed, and reported to H. of C. 21 April, 1873,

and petition was referred to Committee. At instance of petitioner His Honor Robert Dennistoun was appointed a Commissioner to examine into the matter. Commissioner's report was presented last day of session (13th Aug., 1873), and Committee was called to meet again 1st Sept., but the House did not meet until 23rd Oct. Ministry resigned 5th Nov., and no action was taken regarding West Peterborough. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,262; Bertram, 892; W. H. Scott (Con.), 801. G. E 1878—Voters on list, 2,752; G. Hilliard (Con.), 1,071; Bertram, 874. G. E. 1882—Pop., 13,310; voters on list, 3,312; Hilliard, 1,035; J. J. Lundy (Lib.), 875.

Peterborough, East.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Peterborough County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Asphodel, Belmont and Methuen, Douro, Duirmer, Galway, Harvey, Minden, Stanhope and Dysart, Otonabee and Snowdon, and Village of Ashburnham, and any other surveyed Townships lying to north of riding thus described. G.E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,733; voters on list, 2,058; Grover (Con.), 956; Anderson (Lib.), 644. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,706; voters on list, 2,334; Grover, 804; Ingram (Lib.), 752. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,389; J. Hall (Lib.), 993; R. D. Rogers (Con.), 879. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,723; J. Burnham (Con.), 1,262; T. Buck (Lib.), 1,236. Redistribution Act of 1882 took away Townships of Galway, Minden, Snowdon, Stanhope and Sherbourne and added them to N. Victoria. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,701; voters on list, 3,715; Burnham, 1,449; W.E. Roxburgh (Lib.), 1,192.

Prescott.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,499; voters on list, 1,996; Albert Hagar (Lib.), 1,205; Higginson, 130. G. E. 1872—Hagar, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,372; Hagar, 665; T. White, Jr. (Con.) 659; J. Boyd, 292. G. E. 1887—Voters on list, 3,202; F. Routhier (Con.), 875; Hagar, 870; A. Urquhart (Ind.), 661. Election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,857; voters on list, 3,403; S. Labrosse (Con.), 1,322; Routhier, 1,021.

Prince Edward.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of rid-

ing, 20,569; voters on list, 3,500; Walter Ross (Lib.), 1,779; J. S. McCuaig (Con.), 942. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,336; voters on list, 4,144; Ross, 1,759; McCuaig, 1,625. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,150; Ross, 1,775; McCuaig, 1,649. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,769; McCuaig, 1,991; Dr. Platt (Lib.), 1,701. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,044; voters on list, 5,144; Platt, 1,944; McCuaig, 1,925.

Renfrew, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Renfrew County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Ross, Bromley, Westmeath, Stafford, Pembroke, Wilberforce, Alice, Petawawa, Buchanan, South Algoma, North Algoma, Fraser, McKay, Wylie, Rolph, Head, Maria, Clara, Hagarty, Sherwood, Burns and Richards, and any other surveyed townships lying to north. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 9,456; voters on list, 1,399; Rankin (Con.), 613; T. Murray (Lib.), 527. Rankin resigned. Bye-election—Sir F. Hincks (Con.), 560; J. Findlay (Lib.), 440. Redistribution Act of 1872 took away Townships of Hagarty, Richards, Sherwood, Burns and Jones and added them to S. Renfrew. G. E. 1872—Pop., 14,883; voters on list, 1,750; Findlay, 777; P. White (Con.), 675. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,868; White, 600; Murray, 498; W. Moffat, 328. White unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Murray, 889; White, 841. Murray unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—White, 1,192; Murray, 982. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,629; White, 1,273; Findlay, 920. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,965; voters on list, 2,727; White, 1,111; Murray, 968.

Renfrew, South.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Renfrew County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of McNab, Bagot, Blithfield, Brougham, Horton, Admaston, Grattan, Matawatchan, Griffith, Lyndock, Raglan, Radcliffe, Brudenell, Sebastopol, and Villages of Arnprior and Renfrew. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 10,869; Daniel McLachlin, accl. McLachlin resigned. Bye-election—J. L. Macdougall (Lib.), 482; Hon. M. Cameron, 264. Redistribution Act of 1872 added Townships of Hagarty, Richards, Sherwood, Burns and Jones, taken from N. Renfrew. G. E. 1872—Pop., 14,935; voters on list, 1,386; J. Reilly (Con.), 916; Macdougall, 645. G. E. 1874—

Voters on list, 1,616; Macdougall, 738; W. Bannerman (Con.), 668. Macdougall unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Macdougall, accl. Macdougall again unseate. Bye-election—Macdougall 803; Bannerman, 748. Election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,935; Bannerman, 962; R. Campbell (Lib.), 738. G. E. 1882—Pop., 19,160; voters on list, 2,386; Campbell, 913; Bannerman, 759.

Russell—A county, and (together with Townships of Gloucester and Osgoode, added from Carleton) one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,678; voters on list, 2,456; J. A. Grant (Con.), 1,293; W. R. Bell (Con.), 695. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,344; voters on list, 2,940; Grant, 1,217; Hon. M. Cameron (Lib.), 952. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,214; R. Blackburn (Lib.), 1,078; Grant, 1,014; Bell, 95. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,407; Hon. J. O'Connor (Con.), 1,612; I. Morgan (Lib.), 1,097. O'Connor made President of Council. Bye-election—O'Connor, accl. G. E. 1882—Pop., 25,082; voters on list, 4,654; M. H. Dickinson (Con.), 1,644; W. C. Edwards (Lib.), 1,335.

Simcoe, North—One of two Elec. Divs. of Simcoe County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Nottawasaga, Sunnidale, Vespra, Floss, Oro, Medonte, Orillia and Matchedash, Tiny and Tay, Balaklava, Morrison, and Towns of Barrie and Collingwood. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,581; McConkey (Lib.), accl. Redistribution Act of 1872 took away Township of Morrison to form part of new riding of Muskoka. G. E. 1872—Pop., 33,719; voters on list, 4,938; H. H. Cook (Lib.), 1,908; D. McCarthy (Con.), 1,852. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 6,031; Cook, 2,279; McCarthy, 2,125. Cook unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Cook, 2,355; McCarthy, 2,281. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 8,403; McCarthy, 2,943; Cook, 2,893—(result of a recount). Redistribution Act of 1882 made three ridings of Simcoe; took away Townships of Oro, Medonte, Orillia and Matchedash (including Orillia Town), Tiny (including Penetanguishene Village), and Tay (including Midland Village), and added them to new riding of E. Simcoe. G. E. 1882—Pop., 26,120; voters on list, 5,091; McCarthy, 1,761; C. Drury (Lib.), 1,511.

Simcoe, South.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Simcoe County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of West Gwillimbury, Tecumseth, Innisfil, Essa, Tossorontio and Mulmer, and Village of Bradford. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,474; voters on list, 3,053; Little (Con.), 1,411; Saunders (Con.), 1,055. G. E. 1872—Little, accl. G. E. 1874—Little, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,811; Little, 1,137; G. Fletcher (Lib..), 694. Redistribution Act of 1882 made three ridings of Simcoe; took from S. Simcoe Township of West Gwillimbury (including Bradford Village) and added it to N. York. G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,-721; voters on list, 4,201; R. Tyrwhitt (Con.), 1,446; D. Dunn (Lib.), 1440. Recount—Tyrwhitt, 1,441; Dunn, 1,440. Election protested, but no irregularity proven.

Simcoe, East.—A third Elec. Div. of Simcoe County established by Redistribution Act of 1882. Made up of Townships of Tay (including Midland Village), Tiny (including Penetanguishene Village), Orillia (including Orillia Town), Matchedash, Medonte, Oro, taken from N. Simcoe, Muskoka (including Muskoka Village), Wood and Monck from Muskoka. G. E. 1882—Pop., 27,185; voters on list, 4,623; H. H. Cook (Lib.), 1,468; J. Quinn (Con.), 1,3[illegible]0.

Stormont.—A county, and oue of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 11,214; voters on list, 1,763; Sam'l Ault (Con.), 955; Sinclair (Lib.), 363. G. E. 1872—Pop., 11,873; voters on list, 2,097; C. Archibald (Lib.), 828; Ault, 792. Petition sent in to unseat Archibald, but dismissed. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,164; Archibald, 905; J. Crysler (Con.), 797. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,552; O. Fulton (Con.), 1,082; Archibald, 885. Redistribution Act of 1882 combined this riding with Cornwall, under title of "Cornwall and Stormont," which see.

Toronto, West.—One of two Elec. Divs. of City of Toronto established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of all that part of city lying west of Yonge street. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 24,830; voters on list, 4,746; R. A. Harrison (Con.), 1,477; Macdonald (Ind.-Lib.), 1,048. Redistribution Act of 1872 took away St. John's Ward to form part of new riding of Centre Toronto. G. E. 1872—Pop.,

20,355 ; voters on list, 3,897 ; J. Crawford (Con.), 1,043 ; McLellan (Lib.), 574 ; Capreol (Ind.), 0. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 5,024 ; T. Moss (Lib.), 1,661 ; J. B. Robinson (Con.), 1,440. Moss elevated to Bench. Bye-election—Robinson, 1,935 ; John Turner (Lib.), 1,584. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 7,461 ; Robinson, 2,165 ; J. Hodgins (Lib.), 1,528. Robinson made Lieut.-Gov. of Ontario. Bye-election, Aug., 1880—J. Beaty, Jr. (Con.), 2,097 ; P. Ryan (Lib.), 1,836 ; A. W. Wright (Ind.), 49 ; F. C. Capreol (Ind.), 23. G. E. 1882—Pop., 38,565 ; voters on list, 9,121 ; Beaty, 2,714 ; W. B. McMurrich (Lib.), 2,283.

Toronto, Centre.—Elec. Div. made by Redistribution Act of 1872. Consisting of St. John's Ward (taken from W. Toronto) and St. James' Ward (from E. Toronto). G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,647 ; voters on list, 4,144 ; R. Wilkes (Lib.), 1,216 ; Shanley (Con.), 1,188. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,366 ; Wilkes, 1,509 ; A. Morrison (Con.), 1,225 ; Wilkes unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—J. Macdonald (Ind. Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,937 ; R. Hay (Con.), 1,631 ; Macdonald, 1,141. G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,983 ; voters on list, 5,194 ; Hay, 1,620 ; J. D. Edgar (Lib.), 1,422.

Toronto, East.—One of two Elec. Divs. of the City of Toronto established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of all that part of the city east of Yonge St. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,991 ; voters on list, 4,294 ; James Beaty (Con.), 1,113 ; — Aikens (Lib.), 980 ; Allen (Ind.), 1. Redistribution Act of 1872 took away St. James' Ward to form part of new riding of Centre Toronto. G. E. 1872—Pop., 15,090 ; voters on list, 2,949 ; Beaty, 872 ; J. O'Donohue (Lib.), 775 ; petition to unseat Beaty sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,116 ; O'Donohue, 1,289 ; E. Coatsworth (Con.), 1,152 ; O'Donohue unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—S. Platt (Con.), 1,396 ; O'Donohue, 982 ; election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1878 ; voters on list, 5,339 ; Platt, 1,743 ; E. Galley (Lib.), 1,052. G. E. 1882—Pop., 24,867 ; voters on list, 6,141 ; J. Small (Con.), 1,992 ; T. Thompson (Lib.), 1,496;

Victoria, South.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Victoria

County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Ops, Mariposa, Emily, Verulam and Town of Lindsay. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,750; voters on list, 2,484; G. Kempt (Lib.), 1,001; H. Cameron (Con.), 801. G. E. 1872—Pop., 19,244; voters on list, 3,369; G. Dormer (Con.), 1,228; — McLennan (Lib.), 1,070. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,472; A. McQuade (Con.), 1,292; McLennan, 1,223. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,584; McQuade, 1,705; J. Connolly (Lib.), 1,281. G.E. 1882—Pop., 20,813; voters on list, 4,355; J. R. Dundas (Con.), 1,577; W. Needler (Lib.), 1,517.

Victoria, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Victoria County created by B. N. A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Anson, Bexley, Carden, Dalton, Digby, Eldon, Fenelon, Hindon, Lexton, Letterworth, Macaulay and Draper, Somerville, Morrison, Muskoka, Monck and Watt, and any other surveyed Townships lying to the north of the riding. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 7,586; voters on list, 1,380; Morrison (Lib.), 687; Cameron (Con.), 403. Redistribution Act of 1872 took away Townships of Macaulay, Draper, Morrison, Muskoka, Monck, and Watt, and added them to new riding of Muskoka. G. E. 1872—Pop., 10,956; voters on list, 1,459: Staples (Con.), 629; Morrison, 541. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,585; J. McLennan (Lib.), 564; H. Cameron, 560; recount showed both parties had same number of votes, 555; election voided by consent of both. Bye-election—McLennan, 604; Cameron, 603; scrutiny of votes showed Cameron to be elected. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,514; Cameron, 917; McLennan, 741. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Townships of Galway, Minden, Snowdon, Stanhope and Sherbourne taken from E. Peterborough. G. E. 1882—Pop., 17,054; voters on list, 2,826; Cameron, 1,063; G. G. Keith (Lib.), 773.

Waterloo, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Waterloo County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of North Waterloo, Woolwich and Wellesley, and Town of Berlin, and Village of Waterloo. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,342; J. E. Bowman (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Bowman, accl. G. E. 1874—Bowman, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,355; H. Kranz (Con.), 1,412;

Bowman, 1,279. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,986; voters on list, 3,728; Kranz, 1,459; Dr. Bradley (Lib.), 1,402.

Waterloo, South.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Waterloo County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Town of Galt, Village of Preston, and Townships of South Waterloo, North Dumfries and Wilmot. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,407; voters on list, 3,000; James Young (Lib.), 1,324; Cowan (Con.), 958. G. E. 1872—Young, accl. G. E. 1874—Young, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,889; S. Merner (Con.), 1,468; Young, 1,424. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,754; voters on list, 4,044; J. Livingstone (Lib.), 1,580; Merner, 1,372.

Welland.—One of Elec. Divs. created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Bertie, Crowland, Humberstone, Stamford, Thorold and Willoughby, and Villages of Chippewa, Clifton, Fort Erie, Thorold and Welland. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,026; T. C. Street, (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,572; voters on list, 4,145; Street, 1,590; A. G. Hill (Lib.), 1,060. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 5,409; W. A. Thompson (Lib.), 1,682; E. W. Brookfield (Con.), 1,493. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,451; C. W. Bunting (Con.), 1,926; H. Edwin (Lib.), 1,810. G. E. 1882—Pop., 26,152; voters on list, 5,797; Dr. Ferguson (Con.), 1,965; B. B. Osler (Lib.), 1,833.

Wellington, North.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Wellington County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Amaranth, Arthur, Luther, Minto, Maryborough and Peel, and Village of Mount Forest. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,965; voters on list, 3,475; Drew (Con.), 1,493; Foley (Lib.), 1,271. Redistribution Act of 1872 took away Township of Peel and added it to Centre Wellington. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,740; voters on list, 3,276; N. Higginbotham (Lib.), 1,264; Drew, 1,204. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,650; Higginbotham, 1,470; Drew, 1,464. Higginbotham unseated. Bye-election—Higginbotham, 1,368; Drew, 1,365. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,938; Drew, 1,713; Higginbotham, 1,605. Redistribution Act of 1882 took away Maryborough Township and added it to C. Wellington, and that part of Shelburne Village in Amaranth and added it to E. Grey, and added Wallace Town-

ship (including Palmerston Town) from N. Perth. G. E. 1882—Pop., 26,024; voters on list, 5,817; J. McMullen (Lib.), 2,047; J. B. Plumb (Con.), 1,972. Recount—McMullen, 1,911; Plumb, 1,891.

Wellington, Centre.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Wellington County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Townships of Garafraxa, Erin, Eramosa, Nichol and Pilkington, and Villages of Fergus and Elora. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,370; Thos. S. Parker (Lib.), accl. Parker died. Bye-election—J. Ross (Lib.), accl. Redistribution Act of 1872 took away Townships of Erin and Eramosa and added them to S. Wellington, and added Township of Peel from N. Wellington. G. E. 1872—Pop., 21,118; voters on list, 3,869; Ross, 1,434; G. T. Orton (Con.), 1,388. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,852; Orton, 1,530; R. McKine (Lib.), 1,481. Orton unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Orton, 1,571; Ross, 1,445. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,797; Orton, 1,683; J. Robinson (Lib.), 1,677. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Township of Maryborough from N. Wellington. G. E. 1882—Pop., 26,816; voters on list, 7,025; Orton, 2,208; Sir Rich. Cartwright (Lib.), 2,056.

Wellington, South.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Wellington County created by B.N.A. Act. At first consisted of Town of Guelph and Townships of Guelph and Puslinch. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,865; voters on list, 2,174; Stirton (Lib.), 963; Stone (Con.), 652. Redistribution Act of 1872 added Townships of Erin and Eramosa from Centre Wellington. G. E. 1872—Stirton, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,952; Stirton, 1,667; H. Hutch (Con.), 468. Stirton made Postmaster of Guelph. Bye-election—D. Guthrie (Lib.), 1,366; James Goldie (Con.), 1,228. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,998; Guthrie, 1,832; Goldie, 1,529. G. E. 1882—Pop., 25,400; J. Innes (Lib.), 1,790; Goldie, 1,672.

Wentworth, South.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Wentworth County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of Saltfleet, Binbrook, Glanford, Barton and Ancaster. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,893; voters on list, 2,388; Rymal (Lib.), 1,015; Robertson (Con.),

988. G. E. 1872—Pop., 14,638; voters on list, 2,750; Rymal, 1,203; A. Bethune (Con.), 995. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,685; Rymal, 1,184; H. B. Bull (Con.), 875. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,152; Rymal, 1,169; F. M. Carpenter (Con.), 1,095. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Grimsby Township (including Grimsby Village) from Lincoln, and Casitor Township from Monck, and took away Ancaster Township and added it to N. Brant. G. E. 1882—Pop., 15,539; voters on list, 3,854; L. Springer (Lib.), 1,253; R. R. Waddell (Con.), 1,205.

Wentworth, North.—One of two Elec. Divs. of Wentworth County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of Beverly, Flamborough East, Flamborough West, and Town of Dundas. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,939; voters on list, 2,823; McMonies (Lib.), 1,154; Brown (Con.), 1,093. G. E. 1872—Pop., 16,245; voters on list, 2,878; T. Bain (Lib.), 1,145; R. McKechnie (Con.), 1,040. G. E. 1874—Bain, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,602; Bain, 1,343; T. Stock (Con.), 1,237. G. E. 1882—Pop., 15,998; voters on list, 3,588; Bain, 1,294; McKechnie, 1,292. Recount—Bain, 1,295; McKechnie, 1,292.

York, North.—One of three Elec. Divs. of York County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of King, Whitchurch, Georgina, East Gwillimbury and North Gwillimbury. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 22,797; J. P. Wells (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 24,262; voters on list, 4,237; A. G. P. Dodge (Ind.), 1,769. J. Parnham (Lib.), 1,490. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,455; A. H. Dymond (Lib.), 1,845; W. H. Thorne (Con.), 1,516. Dymond unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Dymond, 1,684; A. Boultbee (Con.), 1,316. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,366; F. W. Strange (Con.), 1,792; Dymond, 1,778 (result of a recount; election contested, but no irregularity proven. Redistribution Act of 1882 added Township of West Gwillimbury (including Bradford Village) from S. Simcoe, and took away Whitchurch (except Aurora Village), and made it part of new riding of W. Ontario. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,730; voters on list, 4,762; W. Mulock (Lib.), 1,830; J. Anderson (Con.), 1,721.

York, East.—One of three Elec. Divs. of York County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of Markham, Scarborough, York (east of Yonge street), and Village of Yorkville. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 25,419 : voters on list, 2,863 ; Metcalfe (Lib.), 1,174 ; Milne (Con.), 937. G. E. 1872—Metcalfe, accl. G. E. 1874—Metcalfe, accl. G. E. 1878 — Voters on list, 4,774 ; A. Boultbee (Con.), 1,526 ; Metcalfe, 1,460. Redistribution Act of 1882 took away the part of Stouffville Village which was in E. York and added it to new riding of W. Ontario. G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,853 ; voters on list, 5,215 ; Hon. A. Mackenzie (Lib.), 1,857 : Boultbee, 1,749.

York, West.—One of three Elec. Divs. of York County established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of Townships of Etobicoke, Vaughan, and York (West of Yonge street). G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 11,458 ; voters on list, 2,243 ; Howland (Con.-Lib.), 810 ; Hubertus (Lib.), 297 ; Blain (Lib.), 0 ; Howland appointed Lieut.-Gov. of Ontario. Bye-election—A. Wright (Lib.), 654 ; John Bell (Con.), 249. G. E. 1872—Pop., 10,260 ; voters on list, 2,615 ; Blain, 973 ; W. Tyrrell (Con.), 760. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,789 ; Blain, 983 ; N. C. Wallace (Con.), 456. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,546 ; Wallace, 1,326 ; Blain, 1,124. G. E. 1882—Pop., 18,884 ; Voters on list, 4,254 ; Wallace, 1,561 ; T. Hodgins (Lib.), 1,324.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

NUMBER OF VOTES POLLED IN THE VARIOUS CONSTITUENCIES IN THE PROVINCE FROM CONFEDERATION TO THE BYE-ELECTIONS IN 1886.

Argenteuil.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,897 ; voters on list, 1,763 ; Hon. J. J. C. Abbott (Con.), 693 ; Hutchins (Lib.), 595 ; petition to void election sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1872—Abbott, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,000 ; Abbott, 731 : L. Cushing (Lib.), 727 ; Abbott unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Cushing, 840; W. Owens (Con.), 736 ; Cushing unseated and disqualified for corrupt practices. Bye-election—Dr. Christie (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,312 ; Christie, 919 ; Abbott, 830 ; Christie unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election – Abbott, 936 ; Christie, 869 ; Abbott unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election — Abbott, 948 ; Christie, 827. Two townships, Wolfe and Grandjean, transferred to Terrebonne County by Redistribution Act of 1882. G. E. 1882—Abbott, accl.

Bagot.—A County and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,841 ; voters on list, 3,001 ; P. S. Gendron (Con.), 1,156; Hon. M. Laframboise (Lib.), 889 ; petition to void election sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1872—Pop., 19,491 ; voters on list, 3,308; Gendron, 1,184; Forsyth (Ind.), 4. G.E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,139 ; J.A. Mousseau (Con.), 1,163 ; J. B. Bourgeois (Lib.), 1,120 ; election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,675 ; Mousseau, 1,387 , Chagnon (Lib.), 1,226; Mousseau appointed President of Council. Bye-election, 28th Nov. 1880—Mousseau, accl. G. E. 1882—Mousseau, accl ; Mousseau became Premier of Quebec.

Bye-election, Aug. 1882—F. Dupont (Con.), 1,408 ; O. Desmarais (Lib.), 1,107,

Beauce.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,416 ; voters on list, 2,387 ; C. H. Pozer (Lib.), 1,180 ; Taschereau (Con.), 629. G.E. 1872—Pop., 27,253 ; voters on list, 3,776 ; Pozer, 1,885 , J. Blanchet (Con.), 772. G. E. 1874—Pozer accl. Pozer called to Senate. Bye-election—J. Bolduc (Con.), 1,404 ; — De Lery (Lib.), 1,215. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,282 ; Bolduc, 1,523 ; G. Lessard (Lib.), 401. G. E 1882—Pop., 30,020 ; voters on list, 4,729 ; Bolduc, 2,153 . F. X. Lemieux (Lib.), 889 ; Bolduc called to Senate. Bye-election, Oct. 1884—T. L. Taschereau (Con.), 1,649 ; J. Poirier (Lib.), 1,336.

Beauharnois.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,742 ; voters on list, 2,054 ; Michael Cayley (Con.), 724 : —Denis (Ind.), 691. G. E. 1872—Pop., 14 757; voters on list, 2,341 ; U. J Robillard (Ind.-Con.), 854 ; Cayley, 764. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,372 ; Robillard (Lib.), 711 ; M. Branchaud, (Ind.-Lib.), 346 ; D. Girouard (Con.), 314. G.E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,067 ; Cayley, 879 ; M. F. W. Valois (Lib.), 107. Cayley died. Bye-election—J. H. G. Bergeron (Con.), 776 ; L. A. Seers (Con.), 763 ; J. B. St. Amour (Ind.), 28. G. E. 1882—Bergeron, accl.

Bellechasse.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,062 ; voters on list, 2,042 ; N. Casault (Con.), 983 ; Rémillard (Lib.), 671. Casault appointed Judge of Superior Court. Bye-election—T. Fournier (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 17,637 ; voters on list, 2,373 ; Fournier, 1,219 ; A. Caron (Con.), 638. G. E. 1874—Fournier, accl. G. E 1878—Voters on list, 2,541 ; A. Larue (Lib.), 1,042 ; G. Amyot (Con.), 990. Larue unseated and disqualified. Bye-election Amyot, 1,066 ; D. Bilodeau (Lib.), 1,035. Redistribution Act of 1882 took away N. E. part of Armagh Township and N. E. part of Mailloux, and added them to Montmagny. G. E. 1882—Pop., 18,068 ; Amyot, 1,186 ; P. O. Pacaud (Lib.), 1,044.

Berthier.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established

before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,608 ; voters on list, 3,040 ; A.H. Paquet (Lib.), 1,131 ; Tranchemontagne (Con.), 1,095. Petition to void the election sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1872—Pop., 19,993 ; voters on list, 3,133 ; Paquet, 757 ; E. O. Cuthbert (Con.), 15. G. E. 1874—Paquet, accl. Paquet called to Senate. Bye-election—Cuthbert, 1,056 ; Dr. Rainville (Lib.), 784. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,234 ; Cuthbert, 1,134 ; P. Béliveau (Lib.), 915. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,838 ; voters on list, 3,161 ; Cuthbert, 1,126 ; L. Sylvestre (Lib.), 1,096. Recount—Cuthbert, 1,138 ; Sylvestre, 1,120.

Bonaventure.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 13,092 ; voters on list, 1,878 ; T. Robitaille (Con.), 1,018 ; M. Tremblay (Lib.), 444. G.E. 1872—Pop., 15,923; voters on list, 2,327 ; Robitaille, 999 ; J. R. Hamilton (Lib.), 232 ; A. Verge (Con.), 2. Robitaille made Receiver-General. Bye-election—Robitaille, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,352 ; Robitaille, 1,063 ; Tremblay, 742. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,951 ; Robitaille, 1,014 ; W. H. Clapperton (Lib.), 825. Robitaille appointed Lieut.-Gov. of Quebec. Bye-election—P. C. Beauchesne (Con.), accl. G. E. 1882—L. J Riopel (Con.), accl.

Brome.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,732 ; Hon. C. Dunkin (Con.), accl. Dunkin made Minister of Agriculture. Bye-election—Dunkin, accl. Dunkin appointed Judge Superior Court, Quebec. Bye-election—E. Carter (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 13,757 ; voters on list, 2,702 ; E. Carter, 1,037 ; J. A. Perkins (Lib.). 602. G. E. 1874—N. Pettes (Ind. Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,117 ; E. L. Chandler (Lib.), 1,272 ; S. W. Foster (Con.), 991. Chandler died. Bye-election—D. A. Manson (Con.), 1,217 ; S. A. Fisher (Lib.), 1,099. G. E. 1882—Pop., 15,872 ; voters on list, 3,383 ; Fisher, 1,399 ; S. N. Boright (Con.), 1,240.

Chambly.—A county, and one ofElec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 13,132 ; voters on list, 1,850 ; Bazile Benoit (Con.), 691 ; V. P. W. Dorion (Lib.), 526. G. E. 1872—Pop., 10,498 ; voters on

list, 1,885 ; Benoit, 789 ; F. P. De Grosbois (Lib.), 631. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,133 ; A. Jodoin (Lib.), 848 ; Benoit, 742. Jodoin unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Jodoin, 863 ; Benoit, 817. Jodoin unseated and disqualified for corrupt practices. Bye-election—Benoit, 913 ; Dr. Fortier (Lib.), 763. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,272 ; Benoit, 887 ; S. T. Willett (Lib.), 843. G. E. 1882—Pop., 10,858 ; voters on list, 2,221 ; Benoit, 822 ; F. X. Berthiaume (Ind.-Con.), 283. Benoit appointed to office under the Crown. Bye-election—Prefontaine (Lib.), 902 ; Jodoin (Con.), 821.

Champlain.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop., of riding, 20,008 ; voters on list, 2,562 ; J. J. Ross (Con), 1,449 ; Martineau (Lib.), 305. G. E. 1872—Pop., 21,643 ; voters on list, 3,291 ; Ross, 1,369 ; P. O. Trudel (Lib.), 1,207. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,471 ; H. Montplaisir (Con.), 1,063 ; R. Trudel, 1,052. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,607 ; Montplaisir, 1,673 ; N. Fugère (Lib.), 527. G. E. 1882—Pop., 26,818 ; voters on list, 3,589 ; Montplaisir, 2,773 ; Hon. A. Turcotte (Ind.), 614.

Charlevoix.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,223 ; voters on list, 2,828 ; S. X. Cimon (Con.), 999 ; Gagnon (Lib.), 911. G. E. 1872—Pop., 15,611 ; voters on list, 3,228 ; P. Tremblay (Lib.), 1,485 ; Cimon, 779. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,882 ; Tremblay, 1,377 ; P. J. O. Chauveau (Con.), 1,104. Tremblay unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Hon. H. L. Langevin (Con.), 852 ; Tremblay, 741. Langevin unseated by decision of Supreme Court (reversing decision of Court below) for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Langevin, 1,135 ; Tremblay, 1,129. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,286 ; Tremblay, 1,052 ; J. S. Perrault (Con.), 936. Tremblay died. Bye-election, Feb., 1879—Perrault, 1,097 ; Cimon, 878. Perrault unseated for bribery by agents. Bye-election, March, 1881—Cimon, 929 ; Perrault, 854. G. E. 1882—Pop., 17,160 ; voters on list, 2,567 ; Cimon, 954 ; J. A. J. Kane (Lib.), 601.

Chateauguay.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs.

established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 17,837; voters on list, 2,275; Hon. L. H. Holton (Lib.), 1,013; Ramsay (Con.), 586. G. E. 1872—Pop., 16,166; voters on list, 2,130; Holton, 907; R. Stuart (Con.), 669. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,029; Holton, 911; J. Santoire (Con.), 519. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,582; Holton, 936; L. A. Seers (Con.), 757. Holton died. Bye-election—E. Holton (Lib.), 936; Seers, 757. G. E. 1882—Pop., 14,393; voters on list, 2,472; Holton, 860; Quinn (Con.), 799.

Chicoutimi and Saguenay.—United counties, which united form one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,578; P. A. Tremblay (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 22,980; voters on list, 2,412; W. E. Price (Con.), 955; J. A. Gagné (Lib.), 887. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,493; E. Cimon, 1,145; — Hudon, 743. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,103; Cimon, 1,453; Gagné, 1,158. G. E. 1882—Pop., 32,409; voters on list, 3,902; Gagné, 1,773; L. N. Catellier (Lib.), 657.

Compton.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 10,210; J. H. Pope (Con.), accl. Pope made Minister of Agriculture. Bye-election—Pope, accl. G. E. 1872—Pope, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,162; Pope, 1,387; H. E. Cairns (Lib.), 535. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,104; Pope, 1,464; H. Leonard (Lib.), 796. Pope made Minister of Agriculture. Bye-election—Pope, accl. G. E. 1882—Pop., 19,581; voters on list, 4,231; Pope, 1,612; Cairns, 823.

Dorchester.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,195; Hon. H. L. Langevin (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 17,779; voters on list, 2,497; Langevin, 1,044; E. H. Marceau (Lib.), 724. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,579; F. Rouleau (Con.), 895; Marceau, 874. Rouleau unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Rouleau, 1,806; Dr. Morrissette (.), 620. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,899; Rouleau, 1,081; Marecau, 362. G. E. 1882—C. A. Lesage (Con.), accl.

Drummond and Arthabaska.—United counties, which, united, form one of Elec. Divs. established before

Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 25,829 ; voters on list, 4,028 ; L. A. Senecal (Lib.), 1,135 ; Houle (Con.), 1,111, G. E. 1872—Pop., 31,892 ; voters on list, 4,978 ; P. N. Dorion (Con.), 1,251 ; Tessier (Con.), 1,197 ; Griffin (Ind.), 95. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 5,160 ; W. Laurier (Lib.), 778 ; Tessier, 700. Laurier made Minister of Inland Revenue. Bye-election—O. D. Bourbeau (Con.), 1,920 ; Laurier, 1,880. G.E. 1878—Voters on list, 6,060; Bourbeau, 3,143 ; L. Rainville (Lib.), 1,981. G. E. 1882—Pop., 37,360; voters on list, 6,317 ; Bourbeau, 2,421 ; L. J. Cannon (Lib.), 1,811.

Gaspe.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,077 ; P. Fortin (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Fortin, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,638 ; L. G. Harper (Con.), 545 ; H. LeBouthillier (Lib.), 500. Harper unseated because he was appointed Returning Officer before nomination, and it was held he was Returning Officer at time of election. Bye-election—John Short (Con.), 505 ; LeBouthillier, 299. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,988 ; Fortin, 913 ; LeBouthillier, 116. G. E. 1882—Fortin, accl.

Hochelaga.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,474 ; voters on list, 3,448 ; Hon. A. A. Dorion (Lib.), 1,312 ; Lanouette (Con.), 1,289. Petition to have election voided sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1872—Pop., 25,640 ; voters on list, 4,294 ; L. Beaubien (Con.), 1,800 ; V. Hudon (Lib.), 1,282. G. E. 1874—A. Desjardins (Con.), accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 8,600 ; Desjardins, 3,039 ; L. O. David (Lib.), 3,039. G. E. 1882—Desjardins, accl.

Huntingdon.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 17,491 ; voters on list, 2,450 ; Hon. J. Rose (Con.), 1,280 ; W. H. Kerr (Con.), 468. Rose appointed Finance Minister. Bye-election—Rose, accl. Rose resigned. Bye-election—J. Scriver (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Scriver, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,476 ; Scriver, 876 ; A. Cross (Lib.), 48. G. E. 1878—Scriver, accl. G. E. 1882—Pop., 15,495; voters on list 3,598 ; Scriver, 1,206 ; C. P. Davidson (Con.), 591.

Iberville.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,891 ; voters on list, 2,359 ; Frs. Béchard (Lib.), 1,035 ; A. Dufresne (Lib.), 504. G. E. 1872—Béchard, accl. G. E. 1874—Béchard, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,093 ; Béchard, 929 ; Ch. Thibault (Con.), 700. G. E. 1882—Béchard, accl.

Jacques Cartier.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 11,218 ; voters on list, 1,696 ; G. G. Gaucher (Con.), 659 ; Brunet (Ind.), 542. G. E. 1872—Pop., 11,179 ; voters on list, 1,880 ; R. Laflamme (Lib.), 685 ; D. Girouard (Con.), 635. Petition to unseat Laflamme sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1874—Laflamme, accl. Laflamme made Minister of Inland Revenue. Bye-election—Laflamme, 907; Girouard, (Con.), 878. Election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,524 ; Girouard, 1,010 ; Laflamme, 1,008—(result of a recount). G. E. 1882—Pop., 12,345 ; voters on list, 2,389 ; Girouard, 994 ; Laflamme, 731.

Joliette.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 21,198 ; voters on list, 2.284 ; F.B.Godin (Lib.), 918 ; —Baby (Con.), 862. G. E. 1872—Baby, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,429 ; Baby, 924 ; A. Beaupre (Lib.), 879. Baby unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Baby, 1,069 ; Beaupre, 906. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,055 ; Baby, 2,264 ; Godin, 905. Baby made Minister of Inland Revenue. Bye-election—Baby, accl. Baby made Judge Superior Court, Quebec. Bye-election, Dec., 1880—L. A. McConville (Con.), 1,225 ; Godin, 625. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,988 ; E. Guilbault (Ind.-Con.), 1,215 ; McConville (Ind.-Lib.), 992. Guilbault unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election, Nov., 1882—Guilbault, 1,070 ; McConville 767.

Kamouraska.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 21,058 ; Chapais (Con.) ran, but there were riots during election, and no return was made by Returning Officer. Chapais appealed to House of Commons to be declared elect-

ed, but before action was taken he was raised to Senate, and by consent a new election was ordered. G. E. 1872—Pop., 21,254 ; voters ou list, 2,654 ; C. P. Pelletier (Lib.), 1,143; — Routhier (Con.), 1,045. G. E. 1874—Pelletier, accl. Pelletier called to Senate and made Minister of Agriculture. Bye-election—C. F. Roy (Con.), 1,139 ; Perrault (Lib.), 1,085. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 21,254 ; J. Dumont (Lib.), 1,254 ; Roy, 1,245. G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,181 ; voters on list, 3,001 ; C. B. Blondeau (Con.), 1,107 ; G. Bouchard (Lib.), 1,089.

Lap rairie.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,475 ; voters on list, 1,688 ; Alf. Pinsonnault (Con.), 750 ; Normandeau (Lib.), 293. G. E. 1872—Pop., 11,861 ; voters on list, 1,584 ; Pinsonnault, 632 ; J. M. Loranger (Lib.), 563. G. E. 1874—Pinsonnault, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,590 ; Pinsonnault, 661 ; T. A. Longtin (Lib.), 601. G. E. 1882—Pop., 11,436 ; voters on list, 1,606 ; Pinsonnault, 675 ; J. E. Robidoux (Lib.), 572.

L'Assomption.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 17,355 ; voters on list, 2,364 ; Hon. L. Archambault (Con.), 898 ; Hon. P. U. Archambault (Con.), 665. G. E. 1872—Pop., 15,473 ; voters on list, 2,189 ; Hon. L. Archambault, 905 ; A. Archambault (Lib.), 757. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,277 ; H. Hurteau (Con.), 879 ; L. Forrest (Eib.), 818. Hurteau unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Hurteau, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,375 ; Hurteau, 1,021 ; Forrest, 852. G. E. 1882—Pop., 15,282 ; voters on list, 2,377 ; Hurteau, 1,019 ; J. Gauthier (Lib.), 852.

Laval.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 10,507 ; J. H. Bellerose (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Bellerose, accl. G. E. 1874—J. A. Ouimet (Con.), accl. G. E. 1878—Ouimet, accl. G. E. 1882—Ouimet, accl.

Levis.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 22,091 ; J. G. Blanchet (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 24,831 ; Blanchet, 1,564 ; L. H. Frechette (Lib.), 1,475 ; G. E.

1874—Voters on list, 4,268 ; Frechette, 1,670 ; J. Chabot (Con.), 1,572. Election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,367 ; Blanchet, 2,144 ; Frechette, 2,026. G. E. 1882—Pop., 27,980; voters on list, 4,876 ; Blanchet, 1,935 ; Frechette, 1,528. Blanchet appointed Collector of Customs at Quebec. Bye-election, Oct., 1883—J. N. Belleau (Con.), 1,551 ; O. B. Samson (Con.), 703. Belleau unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—P. McGuay (Lib.), 2,059 ; Belleau, 1,641.

L'Islet.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,300 ; voters on list, 904 ; B. Pouliot (Lib.), 464 ; L. B. Caron (Con.), 40. Pouliot unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Pouliot, 696 ; Caron, 460. G. E. 1872—Pop., 13,517 ; voters on list, 1,687 ; P. B. Casgrain (Lib.), 646 ; P. Pouliot, 599. Election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1874—Casgrain, accl. G. E. 1878 — Voters on list, 1,942 ; Casgrain, 687 ; Fournier (Con.), 628. G. E. 1882—Pop., 14,917 ; voters on list, 2,246 ; Casgrain, 545 ; N. Chouinard (Con.), 480 ; J. Dufour (Con.), 244.

Lotbiniere.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,018 ; H. G. Joly (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Joly, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,065 ; H. Bernier (Lib.), 776; L. G. Houle (Lib.), 288. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,138 ; C. J. Rinfret (Lib.), 1,083 ; L. A. Cote (Con.), 972. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,857 ; voters on list, 3,244 , Rinfret, 1,025 ; A. D. Ross (Con.), 812.

Maskinonge.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,790 ; voters on list, 1,674 ; G. Caron (Con.), 702 ; Houde (Con.), 564. G. E. 1872—Pop., 15,079 ; voters on list, 2,027 ; L. A. Boyer (Lib.), 910 ; Caron, 681. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,995 ; Boyer, 764 ; Caron, 607. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,251 ; F. Houde, 838 ; Desaulniers (Con.), 396 ; Yale (Ind.), 279. G. E. 1882—Pop., 17,493 ; voters on list, 2,652 ; Houde, 1,084 ; Caron, 765. Houde died. Bye-election—Desaulniers (Con.), 6,071 ; C. J. Coulombe (Lib.), 370.

Megantic.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 17,889 ; voters on list, 2,226 ; Hon. G. Irvine (Con.), 1,000; P. O. Triganne (Lib.), 733. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,879 ; voters on list, 3,050 ; G. E. Richard (Lib.), 975 ; Triganne, 857. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,204 ; Richard, 1,003 ; J. Reid (Con.), 621 ; L. P. E. Crepeau (Con.), 252. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,668 ; L. E. Olivier (Lib.), 1,191 ; J. E. Turgeon (Con.), 881. G. E. 1882—Pop., 19,056 ; voters on list, 3,357 ; L. J. Frechette (Con.), 1,204 ; L. E. Olivier 1,085. Frechette unseated. Bye-election—Hon. F. Langelier (Lib.), 1,259 ; Turgeon, 1,222.

Mississquoi.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,608 ; voters on list, 2,915 ; Brown Chamberlin (Con.), 623 ; Moore (Ind.-Con.), 497. Chamberlin apptd. Queen's Printer. Bye-election—G. B. Baker (Con.), 975 ; H. A. Hogell (Ind.-Lib.), 923. G. E. 1872—Pop., 16,922 ; voters on list, 3,338 ; Baker, 1,357 ; W. F. Kay (Lib.), 944. G. E. 1874—W. Donohue (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,574 ; Baker, 1,355 ; Geo. Clayes (Lib.), 1,209. G. E. 1882—Pop., 17,784 ; voters on list, 4,055 ; Baker, 1,426 ; Clayes, 1,276.

Montcalm.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,724 ; Jos. Dufresne (Con.), accl. Dufresne apptd. sheriff St. John's. Bye-election—P. Dugas (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Dugas, accl. G. E. 1874—Dugas, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,346 ; Dugas, 698 ; N. Forrest (Lib.), 374 ; J. B. Deslongchamps (Con.), 240 ; V. J. E. Brouillet (Ind.), 86. G. E. 1882—Pop., 12,966 ; voters on list, 2,606 ; Dugas, 925 ; O. Magnan (Ind.), 830. Recount—Dugas, 828 ; Magnan, 812.

Montmagny.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 13,386 ; Hon. J. O. Beaubien (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 13,555 ; voters on list, 1,790 ; H. T. Taschereau (Lib.), 675 ; Beaubien, 594. G. E. 1874—Taschereau, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,960 ; A. C. P. R. Landry (Con.), 784 ; O. Charbonneau (Lib.), 746. G. E. 1882—Pop., 15,-

268; voters on list, 2,214; Landry, 815; P. A. Choquette (Lib.), 695.

Montmorency.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 11,136; Hon. Jos. Cauchon (Con.), accl. Cauchon called to Senate. Bye-election—J. Langlois (Con.), 1,766; M. Lefrançois (Lib.), 13. G. E. 1872—Pop., 12,085; voters on list, 1,458; Langlois, 769; Geo. Larue (Lib.), 327. G. E. 1874—Langlois, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,814; P. V. Valin (Con.), 831; J. Langelier (Lib.), 605. Valin unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Hon. A. R. Angers (Con.), 943; Dr. St. Georges (Lib.), 586. Angers made Judge Superior Court, Quebec. Bye-election—Valin, 836; A. Cloutier (Ind.-Con.), 290. G. E. 1882—Pop., 12,322; voters on list, 1,817; Valin, 810; C. Langelier (Lib.), 717.

Montreal East.—One of three Elec. Divs. of City of Montreal established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of St. Louis, St. James and St. Mary's wards. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 39,285; voters on list, 6,063; Hon. G. E. Cartier (Con.), 2,431; M. Lanctot (Lib.), 2,085. Petition to void the election sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1872—Pop., 46,291; voters on list, 7,750; L. A. Jetté (Lib.), 3,264; Cartier, 2,007. G. E. 1874—Jetté, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 11,676; C. J. Coursol (Con.), 4,626; F. X. Archambault (Lib.), 3,234. G. E. 1882—Coursol, accl.

Montreal West.—One of three Elec. Divs. of City of Montreal, established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of St. Anne's, St. Antoine and St. Lawrence wards. G. E. 1867—Population of riding, 44,288; voters on list, 7,860; Hon. T. D. McGee (Con.), 2,675; B. Devlin (Lib.), 2,478. McGee assassinated. Bye-election—M. P. Ryan (Con.), accl. Redistribution Act of 1872 took away St. Anne's ward and added it to Montreal Centre. G. E. 1872—Pop., 37,031; voters on list, 5,892; Hon. J. Young (Lib.), 2,138; G. A. Drummond (Con.), 1,322. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 6,447; F. Mackenzie (Lib.), 2,036; A. A. Stevenson (Con.), 1,442. Mackenzie unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Mackenzie, 2,030; T. White, Jr. (Con.), 2,023.

Mackenzie unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—T. Workman (Lib.), 2,300; White, 2,250. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 8,215; M. H. Gault (Con.), 3,334; W. Darling (Lib.), 1,627. G. E. 1882—Voters on list, 8,510; Gault, 2,707; J. K. Ward (Lib.), 1,960.

Montreal Centre.—One of three Elec. Divs. of City of Montreal, established before Confederation. Consisted (1867) of West, Centre and East wards. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 6,750; Thos. Workman (Lib.), accl. Redistribution Act of 1872 added St. Anne's ward from Montreal West. G. E. 1872—M. P. Ryan (Con.), accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 6,068; Ryan, 2,140; B. Devlin (Lib.), 1,782. Ryan unseated for corrupt practices by agents (decision of Court of Review.) Bye-election—Devlin, 2,303; Ryan, 2,220. Devlin unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Devlin, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 10,646; Ryan, 2,624; Devlin, 1,845. G. E. 1882—Voters on list, 7,317; J. J. Curran (Con.), 2,654; W. Farrell (Lib.), 1,367.

Napierville.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,513; voters on list, 2,018; S. Coupal (Lib.), 878; Laviolette (Con.), 344. G. E. 1872—Pop., 11,688; voters on list, 1,977; Hon. A. A. Dorion (Lib.), 631; Coupal, 572. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,639; Dorion, 731; Coupal, 542. Dorion made Chief Justice, Quebe. Bye-election—Coupal, 618; Goyer (Lib.), 609. Coupal unseated because election lists for parish of St. Patrice de Sherrington had not been duly posted up. Bye-election—Coupal, 721; L. Bedard (Lib.), 637. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,022; Coupal, 749; J. B. Bureau (Lib.), 617. G. E. 1882—Pop., 10,511; voters on list, 1,903; M. Catudal (Lib.), 765; Coupal (Con.), 618. Election protested, but no irregularity proven.

Nicolet.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 21,563; voters on list, 2,253; Jos. Gaudet (Con.), 1,070; Rousseau, 499. G. E. 1872—Pop., 23,262; voters on list, 2,865; Gaudet, 1,423; N. Trahan, 120. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,224; Gaudet, 1,290; G. David, 951. Gaudet appointed to Legislative Council, Quebec. Bye-election—

F. X. O. Methot (Con.), 1,387 ; Dr. Turcotte, 1,130. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,578 ; Methot, 1,759 ; G. A. Turcotte, 1,018. G. E. 1882—Methot, accl. Methot resigned. Bye-election—A. Gaudet (Con.), 1,535 ; D. E. Archambeault. 1,136.

Ottawa County.—One of Elec Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 27,757 ; A. Wright (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Wright, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 6,151 ; Wright, 1,783 ; F. S. Mackay (Lib.), 716. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 7,165 ; Wright, 3,025 ; J. A. Cameron (Lib.), 1,385. G. E. 1882—Wright, accl.

Pontiac.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of Riding, 13,257 ; Edwd. Heath (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop. 16,547 ; voters on list, 3,314 ; W. M. Wright, (Con.), 1,604 ; T. Murray (Con.), 1,323. G. E. 1874 ; Wright, accl. G. E. 1878 ; voters on list, 3,243 ; J. Poupore (Con.), 1,381 ; Murray, 1,174, G. E. 1882—Pop. 19,939 ; voters on list, 3,498 ; J. Bryson (Con.), 1047 ; N. McCuaig (Lib.), 931 ; W. Somerville (Con.), 293.

Portneuf.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 21,291 ; voters on list, 2,431 ; J. D. Brosseau (Con.). 1,027 ; —Dery 718 ; — Dubord, 1. Redistribution Act 1872 declared parish of St. Felix, of Cape Rouge, to be altogether in Quebec County, not in Portneuf for Dominion election purposes. G. E. 1872—Pop. 23,216 ; voters on list, 3,342. G. A. de St. Georges (Lib.), 1,179 ; Brosseau, 1,128—Petition to unseat de St. Georges sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1874 —voters on list, 3,372 ; de St. Georges, 1,421 ; J. Belleau (Con.), 1,086. G. E. 1878—voters on list, 3,924 ; R. P. Vallee (Con.), 1,605 ; de St. Georges, 1,572 (result of a recount) Election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1882 —Pop. 25,175, voters on list, 3,775 ; de St. Georges, 1,491 ; Vallee, 1,459.

Quebec Centre.—One of the three Elec. Divs. of Quebec city, established before Confederation. G. E. 1867 —Pop. of riding, 23,936 ; voters on list, 2,542. G. H. Simard (Con.), 1,291 ; —Blanchet ( ), 2 ; —Garneau (Con.), 5.

G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,188 ; voters on list, 2,353 ; Hon. J. E. Cauchon (Lib.), 964 ; J.G. Ross (Con.), 694. Petition to unseat Cauchon sent in but dismissed. G. E. 1874, Cauchon accl. Cauchon appointed President of Council. Bye-election —Cauchon accl. Cauchon appointed Lt.-Gov. Manitoba. Bye-election, J. Malouin (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,760 ; Malouin, 1,001 ; Ross, 782. G. E. 1882—Pop. 17,898 ; voters on list, 2.550 ; J. G. Bosse (Con.), 966 ; Malouin, 855.

Quebec East.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Quebec city, established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,770 ; P. G. Huot (Con.), accl. Huot appointed Postmaster, Quebec. Bye-election—A. G. Tourangeau (Lib.), 1,092 ; P. A. Valin (Cons.), 915. G. E. 1872 ; Tourangeau, accl. G. E. 1874 ; I. Thibeaudeau (Lib.), accl. ; Thibeaudeau resigned. Bye-election Hon. W. Laurier (Lib.), 1863 ; Tourangeau, (Lib.), 1548. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,487 ; Laurier, 1,946 ; P. Vallieres (Con.), 1,168. G. E. 1882—Pop. 31,900 ; voters on list, 4,458 ; Laurier, 1,750 ; J. P. Rheaume (Con.), 1,283.

Quebec West.—One of three Elec. Divs. of Quebec City, established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 8,403 ; Thos. McGreevy (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop. 13,206 ; voters on list, 1,961 ; McGreevy, 742 ; J. O'Farrell (Lib.) 435. G. E. 1874—Voters on list 1,826 ;, McGreevy 587 ; O'Farrell 403. G. E. 1878—McGreevy, accl. G. E. 1882—Pop. 12,648 ; voters on list, 1,934 ; McGreevy 612 ; Humphrey (Lib.), 444.

Quebec County.—One of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding 19,012 ; Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau (Con.), accl. By the Redistribution Act of 1872, the parish of St. Felix of Cap Rouge, was declared to be altogether within Quebec for Dominion electoral purposes. G. E. 1872—Pop. 19,607 ; voters on list, 2,729 ; Chauveau, 1,415 ; M. Hearn (Con.), 316. G. E. 1874—A. P. Caron (Con.), accl. G. E. 1878—Caron, 1,702 ; Thibaudeau (Lib.), 1,073. Caron made Minister of Militia. Bye-election, Nov. 1880 ; Caron, accl. G. E. 1882—Caron, accl.

Richelieu.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. estab-

lished before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding 19,070 ; voters on list, 2,912 ; T. McCarthy (Con.), 777 ; Perrault (Lib.), 625 ; Gelinas (Con.), 450 ; McCarthy died. Bye-election, G. T. Barthe (Con.), 1,194 ; J. G. Crebassa (Lib.), 849. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,048; voters on list, 3,368 ; M. Mathieu (Con.), 1,249 ; Barthe, 1,108. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,247 ; Barthe, 1,320 ; Mathieu, 1,119. G. E. 1878—L. H. Massue (Con.), 1,227 ; Barthe 1,117. Election contested but no irregularity proven.

Richmond and Wolfe United.—Counties, which united, form one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,432 ; voters on list, 3,076 ; W. H. Webb (Con.), 1,137 ; Beique (Lib.), 903. G. E. 1872—Pop., 20,036 ; voters on list, 3,365 ; Webb, 410 ; J. H. Graham (Con.), 483 ; O. Gaudet (Con.), 389 ; W. E. Jones (Con.), 290. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,623; Hon. H. Aylmer, jr. (Lib.), 1,111 ; Webb, 949 ; O. Gaudet, 10 ; Aylmer, unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Aylmer, 978 ; H. R. Hemming (Con.), 592 ; L. C. Belanger (Con.), 414 ; Harvy (Con.), 19. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,340 ; W. B. Ines (Con.), 1,684 ; Aylmer, 1,059. G. E. 1882—Ines, accl.

Rimouski.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,854; voters on list, 2,753; G. Sylvain (Con.), 1,152; Michaud (Lib.), 697. G. E. 1872—Pop., 27,418; voters on list, 3,664; J. B. R. Fiset (Lib.), 1,381 ; Sylvain, 1,150. Petition to unseat Fiset sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,040; Fiset, 1,728; A. P. Letendre (Con.), 354. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,749; Fiset, 2,003; H. L. Langevin (Con.), 1,554. G. E. 1882—Pop., 33,791; voters on list, 4,872; L. A. Billy (Con.), 1,648; Fiset, 1,540.

Rouville.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,227; voters on list. 3,121; Cheval dit St. Jacques (Lib.), 1,236; Poulin (Con.), 824. G. E. 1872—Pop., 17,634; H. Mercier, (Lib.), 1,033; Cheval. 977. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,018; Cheval, 812; G. A. Gigault, (Con.), 73. G. E. 1878 Voters on list, 2,904; Gigault, 1,073; Cheval, 1,038. G. E. 1882—Pop., 18,547; voters on list, 3,105; Gigault, 1,199;

Ed. Lareau (Lib.), 1,045. Election protested, but no irregularity proven.

St. Hyacinthe.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,877; voters on list, 3,013; Hon. A. E. Kierzkowski (Lib.), 1,107; R. Raymond (Con.), 929. Petition to void the election sent in, but dismissed. Kierzkowski died. Bye-election—L. Delorme (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,310; voters on list, 2,946; Delorme, 1,099; O. Dunn (Con.), 902. G. E. 1874—Delorme, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,020; L. Tellier (Con.), 1,181; H. Mercier (Lib.), 1,175. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,631; voters on list, 3,448; M. B. Bernier (Lib.), 1,336; Tellier, 1,202. Election protested, but no irregularity proven.

St. John's.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,853; voters on list, 1,816; Bourassa (Lib), 696; Laberge (Lib.), 600. G. E. 1872—Bourassa, accl. G. E. 1874—Bourassa, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,189; Bourassa, 780; C. Loupret (Con.), 583. G. E. 1882—Pop., 12,265; voters on list, 2,208; Bourassa, 892; C. Arpin (Lib.), 747.

St. Maurice.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—L. L. L. Desaulniers (Con.), accl. Desaulniers appointed Inspector of Prisons. Bye-election—E. Lacerte (Con.), 679; E. Gerin, 419. G. E. 1872—Lacerte, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1 689; C. Lajoie (Con.), 575; Lacerte, 521. Election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,778, Desaulniers, 811; S. J. Remington (Lib.), 731. G. E. 1882—Pop., 12,986; voters on list, 2,069; Desaulniers, 842; P. Laing (Lib.), 446.

Shefford.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding 17,779; voters on list, 3,548; Hon. L. S. Huntington (Lib.), 1,317; —— Parmelee (Con.), 991. G. E. 1872—Pop., 19,077; voters on list, 3,753; Huntington, 1,515; C. Thibault (Con.), 1,149. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,939; Huntington, 1,618; J. J. Curran (Con.), 1,172. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,374; Huntington, 1,414; R. Nichol (Con.), 1,816; M. Anger (Ind. Lib.), 272. G. E. 1882—Pop. 22,233; voters on list, 4,556; Anger, 1,581; Huntington, 1,446.

Soulanges.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,221 ; voters on list, 1,757 ; L. H. Masson (Con.), 729 ; Guindon (Lib.), 470. G. E. 1872—Pop., 10,808 ; voters on list, 1,842 ; J. P. Lanthier (Con.), 759 ; R. S. de Beaujeu (Lib.), 520. G. E. 1874—Lanthier, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,930; Lanthier, 850 ; Masson, 325. G. E. 1882—Pop., 10,220 ; voters on list, 1,869 ; Lanthier, 761; de Beaujeu (Ind.-Con.), 675, Lanthier died. Bye-election—De Beaujeu, 748 ; J.W. Bain (Con.), 745 ; de Beaujeu unseated. Bye-election, Dec., 1883 ; Bain, 760 ; de Beaujeu, 734. Bain unseated for corrupt practices by agents (Supreme Court Judgment reversing that of Court below). Bye-election—Bain, 837; Daoust (Lib.), 632.

Stanstead.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confedeation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,258 ; voters on list, 2,107; C. C. Colby (Con.), 814 ; Knight (Ind.-Lib.), 616. G. E. 1872—Colby, accl. G. E. 1874—Colby, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,235 ; Colby, 1,492 ; E. R. Johnson (Lib.), 738. G. E. 1882—Pop., 15,556 ; voters on list, 3,460 ; Colby, 1,308 ; H. M. Rider (Lib.), 1,013.

Sherbrooke.—A town, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Hon. A. T. Galt (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—E. T. Brooks (Con.), accl. G. E. 1874—Brooks, accl. G. E. 1878—Brooks, accl. G. E. 1882—R. N. Hall (Con.), accl.

Temiscouata.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—C. F. A. Bertrand, accl. G. E. 1872—Pop. 22,491 ; voters on list, 2,754 ; Elie Mailloux (Con.), 1,125 ; C. Bertrand, 17 ; J. B. Pouliot (Lib.), 2. G. E. 1874—Pouliot, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,640 ; P. E. Grandbois (Con.), 1,079 ; Pouliot, 952. G. E. 1882—Grandbois, accl.

Terrebonne.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—L. F. R. Masson (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Masson, accl. G. E. 1874—Masson, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on List, 3,295 ; Masson, 983 ; A.B. Longpre (Lib.), 181. Redistribution Act 1882 took away Parish of Ste. Monique, and added it to Two Mountains, and added Townships of Wolfe and Grandison, from Argenteuil.

G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,969 ; voters on list, 3,516 ; G. A. Nantel (Con.), 1,593 ; A. E. Poirier (Lib.), 836. Nantel resigned. Bye-election—Hon. J. Chapleau (Con.), accl.

Three Rivers.—A city, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 6,058 ; voters on list, 561 , DeNiverville (Con.), 277; Genest, 143 ; DeNiverville appointed Sheriff, Three Rivers. Bye-election—W. Macdougall (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Macdougall, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,022 ; Macdougall, 451 ; J. N. Bureau (Lib.), 126. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,388 ; Macdougall, 584 ; H. G. Malhiot (Con.), 436 ; Macdougall appointed to office under the crown. Bye-election—Sir H. L. Langevin (Con.), accl. G. E. 1882—Langevin, accl.

Two Mountains.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs, established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—J. B. Daoust (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—W. Prevost (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,927 ; Prevost, 725 ; J. Watts (Con.), 670. Prevost unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-elections—C. A. M. Globensky (Con.), 939 ; Prevost, 810. Globensky resigned. Bye-election — J. B. Daoust, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,362 ; Daoust, 797 ; J. A. Chagnon (Lib.), 11. Redistribution Act of 1882 added parish of Ste. Monique from Terrebonne. G. E. 1882—Daoust, accl.

Vaudreuil.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—D. McMillan (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 11,003 ; voters on list, 2,167 ; R. Harwood (Con.), 962 ; Godard (Lib.), 727. G. E. 1874—Harwood, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,096 ; J. B. Mongenais (Con.), 764 ; Harwood, 702. G. E. 1882—Pop., 11,485 ; voters on list, 2,241 ; H. McMillan (Con.), 522 ; A. Lapointe (Con.), 490 ; F. X. Archambault (Ind.-Con.), 418 ; H. A. Desrosiers (Con.), 10.

Vercheres.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,485. F. Geoffrion (Lib.), 831 ; Massue (Con.), 740. Petition to void the election sent in, but dismissed. G. E. 1872—Pop., 12,717 ; voters on list, 2,097 ; Geoffrion, 963 ; J. A. Chapleau (Con.), 194. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,126 ; Geoffrion, 792 ; E. Barnard (Con.), 563. Geoffrion made

Minister of Inland Revenue. Bye-election—Geoffrion, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,138; Geoffrion, 935; M. E. Ducharme (Con.), 880. G. E. 1882—Pop., 12,449; voters on list, 2,156; Geoffrion, 880; Ducharme, 863. Recount, Geoffrion, 885; Ducharme, 866. Election protested, but no irregularity proven.

Yamaska.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established before Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding 16,045; voters on list, 2,171; M. Fortier (Lib.), 797; Provencher (Con.), 760; Petition to void the election sent in but dismissed. G. E. 1872—Pop. 16,317; voters on list, 2,352; Jos. Duguay, 1,047; R. M. S. Mignault, 643. G. E. 1874—C. Gill (Con.) accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,463; Gill, 1,029; F. Gouin (Lib.), 706; Gill appointed Judge. Bye-election—July, 1879; F. Vanasse (Con.), 1,003. F. Gouin, 815, G. E. 1882—Pop. 17,091; voters on list, 2,668; Vanasse, 1,049; V. Gladu (Lib.), 978.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

NUMBER OF VOTES POLLED IN THE VARIOUS CONSTITUENCIES IN THE PROVINCE FROM CONFEDERATION TO THE BYE-ELECTIONS IN 1886.

Annapolis.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,753; voters on list, 2,728; W. H. Ray (Lib.), 1,171; A. Longley (Con.), 1,016. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,121; voters on list, 2,899; Ray, 1,129; Longley, 1,019. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,889; Ray, 878; T. W. Chesley (Con.), 220. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,078; Longley, 1,301; Ray, 1,298. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,598; voters on list, 3,380; Ray, 1,430; R. E. Fitzrandolph (Con.), 1,368.

Antigonish.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,871; voters on list, 2,069; Hugh McDonald (Lib.), 1,238; Henry, 390. G. E. 1872—Pop., 16,512; McDonald, accl. G. E. 1874—A. McIsaac (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,420; McIsaac, 833; C. B. Whidden (Con.), 702; J. J. McKinnon, 315. G. E. 1882—Pop., 18,060; voters on list, 2,396; McIsaac, 1,068; Whidden, 735; McIsaac, raised to the bench. Bye-election—Hon. J. D. S. Thompson (Con.), 1,016; Dr. McIntyre (Ind. Con.), 794.

Cape Breton.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,866; McKeagney (Lib.), accl. Redistribution Act of 1872 gave this county two members. G. E. 1872—N. L. McKay (Lib.), 1,240; Wm. McDonald (Con.), 1,03[illegible] McKeagney, 882; H. McLeod (Con.), 932. G. E. [illegible]—Voters on list, 2,820; McDonald, 1,251; McKay, 1,136; McLeod, 1,108; McDonald's election contested but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,702; McLeod, 2,056; McDonald, 2,051; McKay, 1,153; W. Young (Lib.), 696; McLeod died. Bye-election Oct., 1879, Dr. McLeod (Con.), 1,094; N. L. McKay, 866; Murray Dodd (Con.), 799. G. E. 1882—Pop., 31,258; voters on list, 3,893; McDonald, 1,297; Dodd, 1,237; McLeod, 1,124; McKay, 1,013; H. F. McDougall (Lib.), 934; McDonald called to Senate. Bye-election—McDougall, 1,395; McKay, 1,245.

Colchester.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 20,045; voters on list, 3,358; A. W. McLelan (Lib.), 1,649; Archibald (Con.), 1,289. McLelan called to Senate. Bye-election—Archibald, 1,585; F. M. Pearson (Lib.), 1,230. Archibald appointed Lt.-Gov. of Manitoba and N.W.T. Bye-election—Pearson, 1,672; R. Chambers (Con.), 268. G. E. 1872—Pop., 23,331; voters on list, 3,619; Pearson, 1,634; J. F. Blanchard, 1,209. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,705; T. McKay (Con.), 1,429; Pearson, 1,313. McKay unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—McKay, 1,818; Dr. Page, 951. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,914; McKay, 1,829; Page, 1,453. McKay resigned. Bye-election, June, 1881—A. W. McLelan (Con.), 1,802;

C. N. Cummings (Lib.), 1,374. G. E. 1882—Pop., 26,720; voters on list, 4,947; McLelan, 1,887; F. A. Lawrence (Lib.), 1,452.

Cumberland.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,533; voters on list, 3,030; Tupper (Con.), 1368; Annand (Lib.), 1271. Tupper made President Privy Council. Bye-election—Tupper, accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 23,518; voters on list, 3,462; Tupper, 1,911; W. A. D. Morse (Lib.), 650. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,562; Tupper, 1,580; G. Hibbard (Lib.), 1,201. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,101; Tupper, 2,030; Hon. T. Pipes (Lib.), 1,468. Tupper made Minister of Public Works. Bye-election—Tupper, accl. G. E. 1882—Tupper, accl. Tupper appointed High Commissioner. Bye-election, June, 1884—C. J. Townshend (Con.), accl.

Digby.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 14,751; voters on list, 2,225; Savary (Lib.), 792; Wade (Con.), 497; Meehan, 362. G. E. 1872—Pop., 17,037; Savary, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,448; E. R. Oakes (Lib.), 1,168; Savary (Con.), 631. Oakes called to Legislative Council, N.S. Bye-election—Hon. W. B. Vail (Lib.), 932; W. H. Taylor (Con.), 656. Vail resigned. Bye-election—Wade, 1,210; Vail, 845. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,747; Wade, 1,019; P. W. Smith (Lib.), 1,001. G. E. 1882—Pop., 19,881; voters on list, 2,741; Vail, 1,123; Wade, 871.

Guysborough.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,713; Stewart Campbell (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 16,555; Campbell, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,833; J. A. Kirk (Lib.), 759; Campbell, 544. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,168; A. Ogden (Con.), 936; Kirk, 772. G. E. 1882—Pop., 17,808; voters on list, 2,212; Kirk, 818; Ogden, 628.

Halifax.—Capital of Nova Scotia, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation, returning two members. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 48,791; voters on list, 5,958; Jones (Lib.), 2,381; A. Powers (Lib.), 2,267; Tobin (Con.), 2,158; Shannon (Con.), 2,154. G. E. 1872—Pop., 56,963; voters on list, 6,785; W. J. Almon (Con.), 2,528; Stephen

Tobin, 2,486; Power, 2,452; Jones, 2,430. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 7,164; Power, 2,352; Jones, 2,979; G. Robb, 834. Jones made Minister of Militia. Bye-election—Jones, 2,981; M. Richey (Con.), 2,761. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 8,373; Richey, 3,532; M. B. Daly (Con.), 3,466; Jones, 2,863; Power, 2,695. G. E. 1882—Pop., 67,917; voters on list, 9,131, Daly, 2,811; Richey, 2,785; Jones, 2,720; H. H. Fuller (Lib.), 2,563. Richey made Lt.-Gov. N. S. Bye-election, July, 1883—J. F. Stairs (Con.), accl.

Hants.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 17,460; voters on list, 3,070; Hon. Jos. Howe (Lib.), 1,530; King, 956. Howe (Con.), made President Privy Council. Bye-election—Howe, 1,512; M. H. Goudge (Lib.), 1,129. G. E. 1872—Pop., 21,301; Howe, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,443; Goudge, 1,433; W. Allison (Con.), 1,341. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,769; Allison, 1,662; Goudge, 1,381. G. E. 1882—Pop., 23,359; voters on list, 3,700; Allison, 1,386; W. Curry (Lib.), 1,341.

Inverness.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,967; voters on list, 2,689; Cameron (Lib.), 1,186; McDonnell (Lib), 601. G. E. 1872—Pop., 23,415; voters on list, 3,420; McDonnell, 1,293; Cameron (Con.,) 1,232. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,504; McDonnell, 1,223; Cameron, 1,102. Election contested on ground of irregularity in voters' list, but decision of Court confirmed McDonnell in his seat. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,824; McDonnell, 1,284; Cameron, 1,175; A. McLennan, 739. G. E. 1882—Pop., 25,651; voters on list, 3,996; Cameron, 1,912, McDonnell, 1,062.

Kings.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,731; voters accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 21,510; voters on list, 3,058; on list, 2,851; Chipman (Lib.), 1,472; Coleman (Con.), 659. Chipman died. Bye-election—L. DeV. Chipman, (Lib.), Chipman, 1,317; J. L. Wickwire, 713. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,984; F. W. Borden (Lib.), 1,043; Chipman, 945. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,496; Borden, 1,639; D. B. Woodworth (Con.), 1,374. G. E. 1882—Pop., 23,469; voters on list, 3,761; Woodworth, 1,707; Borden, 1,357.

Lunenburg.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 19,632; voters on list, 3,495; E. M. McDonald (Lib)., 1,557; H. A. N. Kaulbach (Con.), 905. G. E. 1872—Pop. 23,843; voters on list, 3,531; C. E. Church (Lib.), 1,338; W. H. Owens (Con.), 1,205. G. E. 1874—Church, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,064; C. E. Kaulbach (Con.), 1,899; Church, 1,173. G. E. 1882—Pop.. 28,583; voters on list, 4,175; T. D. Keefler (Lib.), 1,169; Kaulbach, 1,032. Keefler unseated. Bye-election, Sept., 1883—Kaulbach, 1,991; Keefler, 1,712.

Pictou.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 28,785; voters on list, 4,257; Jas. W. Carmichael (Lib.), 2,011; J. McDonald, (Con.), 1,653. Redistribution Act 1872 gave the county two members. G. E. 1872—Pop., 32,114; voters on list, 5,100; McDonald, 2,327; R. Doull (Con.), 2,328; Carmichael, 2,122; J. Kitchen (Lib.), 2,011. G. E. 1874—Voters on list,5,001; Carmichael, 2,178; J. A. Dawson (Lib.), 2,124; Doull 2,123; McDonald, 2,110. Election contested, but no irregularity proven. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,748; McDonald, 2,747; Doull, 2,681; Carmichael, 2,433, Dawson, 2,378; McDonald made Minister of Justice. Bye-election—McDonald, accl. McDonald made Chief Justice, N. S. Bye-election—J. McDougald (Con.), 2,382; Carmichael, 2,174. G. E. 1882—Pop., 35,535; voters on list, 6,052; McDougald, 2,709; C. H. Tupper (Con.), 2,681; Carmichael, 2,397; Dawson, 2,320.

Queens—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 9,365; voters on list, 1,585; J. F. Forbes (Lib.), 844; Campbell, 271. G. E. 1872—Pop., 10,554; Forbes, accl. G. E. 1874—Forbes, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,712; S. S. R. Bill (Con.), 670; Forbes, 637. G. E. 1882—Pop., 10,577; voters on list, 1,617; Forbes, 692; J. N. Freeman (Con.), 560.

Richmond.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 12,607; voters on list, 1,232; Wm. J. Croke, (Lib.), 545; Donovan, 279. Croke died. Bye-election—Hon. J. Le Ves-

conte (Con.), 560; Hon. W. A. Henry (Lib), 333; G. E. 1872 — Pop., 14,268; voters on list, 1,524; Le Vesconte, 571; Kavanagh, 300. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,517; Hon. E. P. Flynn (Con.), 564; R. Bensit, 486. G. E. 1878 — Voters on list, 1,572; Flynn, 666; Bensit, 552. G. E. 1882—Pop., 15,121; voters on list, 1,613; H. N. Paint (Con.), 525; G. Flynn, 461.

Shelburne.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 10,668; Thos. Coffin (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Coffin, accl. G. E. 1874—Coffin, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,462; T. Robertson (Lib.), 966; R. W. Freeman (Con.), 899; Coffin, 198. G. E. 1882—Pop., 14,913; voters on list, 2,464; Robertson, 912; N. W. White (Con.), 775.

Victoria.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 9,643; Wm. Ross (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Ross, accl. G. E. 1874—Ross, accl. Ross made Custom Collector at Halifax. Bye-election—Hon. C. Campbell (Con.), 541; B. E. Tremaine (Lib.), 523. Campbell's election set aside, and Tremaine declared elected by 589 votes for him to 556 for Campbell. Tremaine made County Judge. Bye-election—Campbell, 624; John Ross (Lib.), 526. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,592; D. McDonald (Lib.), 748; Campbell, 645. G. E. 1882—Pop., 12,470; voters on list, 1,705; Campbell, 857; Dr. Bethune (Lib.), 544.

Yarmouth.—A county and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,446; voters on list, 2,744; Hon. Thos. Killam (Lib.), 1,225; Geo. S. Brown (Con.), 666. Killam died. Bye-election—F. Killam (Lib.), 1,220; N. F. Clements (Con.), 598. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,550; voters on list, 2,971; Killam, 1,176; W. H. Townsend (Con.), 440. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,054; Killam, 1,192; Brown (Con.), 762. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,300; Killam, 1,343; T. B. Flint (Con.), 802. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,284; voters on list, 3,102; J. R. Kinney (Con.), 1,204; Killam, 903.

PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

NUMBER OF VOTES POLLED IN THE VARIOUS CONSTITUENCIES IN THE PROVINCE FROM CONFEDERATION TO THE BYE-ELECTIONS IN 1886.

Albert.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 9,444; voters on list, 1,766; John Wallace (Lib.), 778; Henry J. Stephens (Con.), 714. G. E. 1872—Pop., 10,672; voters on list, 1,845; Wallace, 847; Colhoun (Lib.), 748. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,984; Wallace, 810; Colhoun, 760. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,264; A. Rogers (Lib.), 684; Wallace, 596; J. W. Domville (Con.), 558. G. E. 1882—Pop., 12,339; voters on list, 2,199; Wallace (Ind.-Con.), 784; A. Rogers (Lib.), 723. Wallace unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Wallace, 934; Rogers, 815.

Carleton.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 16,373; Hon. Chas. Connell (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Connell, accl. G. E. 1874—S. B. Appleby (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,856; Connell, 1,766; Appleby, 1,447. Connell died. Bye-election—Irvine, 1,470; Dr. Connell (Con.), 1,425. G. E. 1882—Pop. 23,365; voters on list, 4,410; David Irvine. (Lib.), 1,812; W. Lindsay (Con.), 1,653.

Charlotte.—A county, and one of the Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 23,663; voters on list, 3,685; John Bolton (Con.), 1,214; Robert Thompson (Lib.), 918. G. E. 1872—Pop., 25,882; voters on list, 4,097; John McAdam (Con.), 1,551; Hon. A. H. Gillmor (Lib.), 1,329. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,159; Gillmor, 1,518; McAdam, 1,222. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,217; Gillmor, 1,522; McAdam, 1,284. G. E. 1882—Pop., 20,087; voters on list, 4,274; Gillmor, 1,558; B. B. Stevenson (Con.), 1,244.

Gloucester.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,076;

voters on list, 2,157 ; Hon. T. W. Anglin (Lib.), 1,061; John Mehan (Ind.), 671. G. E. 1872—Pop., 18,810; voters on list, 2,357 ; Anglin, 1,436 ; Desbrisay (Con.), 339 ; MacKay (Ind.), 2. G. E. 1874—Anglin, accl. ; Anglin resigned. Bye-election—Anglin, 1,185; O. Tourgeon (Con.), 858. G. E. 1878—Anglin, accl. G. E. 1882—Pop., 21,614; voters on list, 3,263 ; K. F. Burns (Con.), 1,205 ; Tourgeon, 564 ; Anglin, 540.

Kent.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 15,854 ; voters on list, 2,550; Auguste Renard (Con.), 876 ; Desbrisay (Con.), 757; McInernay (Lib.), 485 ; R. B. Cutler (Lib.), 4. G. E. 1872—Pop., 19,101 ; voters on list, 3,034 ; Cutler (Lib.), 1,381 ; Renard, 1,256. Petition sent in to unseat Cutler, but dismissed. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,360 ; McLeod (Lib.), 1,570 ; Renard, 1,072. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,348 ; G. A. Girouard (Con.), 810 ; Cutler, 726 ; McLeod, 510; H. O'Leary (Lib.), 382 ; McInernay, 280. G. E. 1882—Pop., 22,618 ; voters on list, 3,981 ; Girouard, 1,412 ; McInernay, 773 ; Girouard, resigned. Bye-election, Aug., 1883 ; P. A. Landry (Con.), 1,638 ; G. V. McInernay (Lib.), 1,100.

Kings.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 23,283 ; voters on list, 3,923; George Ryan (Lib.), 1,303 ; Otlay (Con.), 1,083. G. E. 1872—Pop., 24,593 ; voters on list, 3,691 ; J. Domville (Con.), 1,507 ; L. N. Sharp (Lib.), 1,044 ; J. E. B. McCready (Lib.), 657. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 4,193 ; Domville, 1,651 ; McCready, 1,389. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,415 ; Domville, 1,786 ; Sharp, 1,452. G. E. 1882—Pop., 25,617; voters on list, 4,497; G. E. Foster (Ind.-Con.), 1,536 ; Domville, 1,465. Foster unseated for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Foster, 2,005 ; Domville, 1,723. Foster made Minister of Marine and Fisheries. Bye-election Foster, (Con.), 2,030 ; Domville, (Ind.-Con.), 1,662.

Northumberland.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 18,801; voters on list, 2,552 ; John M. Johnson (Lib.), 1,226 ; Thomas F. Gillespie (Con.), 757. Johnson died. Bye-election—Hon. R. Hutchinson (Lib.), 1,133 ; J. C. Gough (Ind.-

Con.), 894. G. E. 1882—Hon. P. Mitchell, (Con.) accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,975; Mitchell, 1,312; J. B. Snowball (Lib.), 820. Mitchell resigned. Bye-election—Mitchell, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,321; Snowball, 1,585; Mitchell, 1,384. G. E. 1882—Mitchell, accl.

Queens.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 13,359; Jno. Farris (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Farris, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,469: Farris, 621; A. Coy (Con.), 135; V. W. Wiggins (Con.), 30. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,537; G. G. King (Lib.), 1,143; E. S. Wiggins (Con.), 630. G. E. 1882—Pop., 14,017; voters on list, 2,574; King, 1,084; S. L. Peters (Con.), 886.

Restigouche.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 4,874; voters on list, 787; Hon. John McMillan (Con.), 370; John Philips (Ind.), 259. McMillan appointed Inspector of Post-offices. Bye-election—W. M. Caldwell (Con.), 353; G. Moffat (Con.), 306. Caldwell died. Bye-election—Moffat, 411; Hon. A. C. Des Brisay (Con.), 233; Jas. Ritchie (Ind.), 48. G. E. 1872—Pop., 5,575; voters on list, 932; G. Moffat, 593; A. Mackenzie (Lib.), 144; J. C. Barberie (Lib.), 25. G. E. 1874—Moffat, accl. Moffat resigned. Bye-election, January, 1878—G. Haddow (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Haddow, accl. G. E. 1882—Pop., 7,058; voters on list, 1,109; Moffat, 452; J. McAllister (Con.), 181; Haddow, 135; D. Ritchie (Con.), 88.

Sunbury.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 6,957; voters on list, 1,297; Chas. Burpee (Lib.), 664; Wm. E. Perley (Con.), 425. G. E. 1872—Burpee, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,402; Burpee, 556; Perley, 495. E.G. 1878—Voters on list, 1,382; Burpee, 558; Perley, 517. G. E. 1882—Pop., 6,651; voters on list, 1,436; Burpee, 618; W. D. Perley (Con.), 537.

St. John City and County.—One of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation, being city of St. John and county of St. John, united for election of (at first) one member. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 48,922; Hon. John H. Gray (Con.), accl. Redistribution Act of 1872 gave

this constituency two members. G. E.1872—Pop., 52,120; voters on list, 5,318; I. Burpee (Lib.), 3,249; A. L. Palmer (Con.), 2,204, Wm. Elder (Lib.), 1,771; D. S. Kerr (Con.), 486. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 5,592; Burpee, 2,826; Palmer, 2,261; J. V. Ellis (Lib.), 1,561. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,979; Burpee, 2,686; C. W. Weldon (Lib.), 2,449. G. E. King (Con.), 2,180; Palmer, 1,981. G. E. 1882—Pop., 26,839; voters on list, 5,556; Burpee, 2,459; Weldon, 2,225; C. A. Everett (Con.), 1,925; W. H. Tuck (Con.), 1,864; Burpee died. Bye-election—Everett, 2,955; Geo. McLeod (Lib.). 2,601.

St. John City.—Largest city of New Brunswick, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 27,317; voters on list, 3,368; Hon. S. L. Tilley (Con.), 1,402; John Wilson (Con.), 610. G. E. 1872—Pop., 28,805; voters on list, 3,557; Tilley, 1,765; J. S. B. De Veber (Lib.) 1,225. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 3,645; De Veber, 1,772; G. W. Day (Ind.), 591. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 3,663; Tilley, 1,475; De Veber, 1,466; Tilley made Minister of Finance. Bye-election—Tilley, accl. G. E. 1882—Pop., 26,127; voters on list, 2,929; Tilley, 1,288; McLeod (Lib.), 1,151. Tilley became Lt.-Gov., N. B. Bye-election—F. E. Barker (Con.), 1,770; C. N. Skinner (Lib.), 1,658.

Victoria.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 7,701; voters on list, 1,608; John Costigan (Con.), 778; Wm. B. Beveridge (Lib.), 549; Jas. Workman (Ind.), 16; Jos. Libbets (Ind.), 0. G. E. 1872—Pop., 11,641; voters on list, 1,894; Costigan, 1,141; H. Bosse (Lib.), 279. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 2,166; Costigan, 868; F. X. Bernier (Lib.), 429. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,414; Costigan, 831; Bernier, 368. G. E. 1882—Costigan, accl.

Westmoreland.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 25,247; voters on list, 3,842; Hon. A. J. Smith (Lib.), 2,207; J. J. D. Landry (Con.), 454. G. E. 1872—Smith, accl. G. E. 1874—Smith, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,548; Smith, 2,572; R. A. Chapman (Con.), 1,928. G. E. 1882—Pop., 37,719; voters on list, 5,979; Josiah Wood (Con.). 2,620; Smith, 2,188.

York.—A county, and one of Elec. Divs. established at Confederation. G. E. 1867—Pop. of riding, 23,393; Hon. Chas. Fisher (Lib.), accl. Fisher appointed Judge Supreme Court, N. B. Bye-election—J. Pickard (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pickard, accl. G. E. 1874—Pickard, accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 4,660; Pickard, 1,490; C. H. B. Fisher (Con.), 834. G. E. 1882—Pop., 30,397; voters on list, 4,932; Pickard, 2,359; J. J. Fraser (Con.), 1,442. Pickard died. Bye-election, Dec., 1883, T. Temple (Con.), 2,012; G. F. Gregory (Lib.), 1,835.

PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

NUMBER OF VOTES POLLED IN THE VARIOUS CONSTITUENCIES IN THE PROVINCE FROM CONFEDERATION TO THE BYE-ELECTIONS IN 1886.

Kings County District.—An Elec. Div. established by Imperial Order-in-Council, admitting Prince Edward Island to Confederation. The district returns two members. First election, September, 1873. Records not given. G. E. 1874—Hon. D. Davies (Lib.), 1,704; Dr. McIntyre (Lib.), 1,530; Hon. A. C. Macdonald (Con.), 1,496. G. E. 1872—Voters on list, 5,390; Macdonald, 2,264; E. B. Muttart (Con.), 2,077; P. A. McIntyre, 1,499; M. McFayden (Lib.), 1,251. G. E. 1882—Pop., 26,433; McIntyre, 2,124; J. E. Robertson (Lib.), 2,002; A. C. Macdonald, 1,941; Muttart, 1,854. Double return by returning officer, not only of McIntyre, but of Robertson and Macdonald together, on ground that Robert-

son was at the time of election, in fact a member of Legislature Assembly of Prince Edward Island. In Parliament, Liberals moved to have Macdonald's name struck out and Robertson declared elected. Conservatives proposed reference to Committee on Privileges and Elections which was carried. Committee reported in favour of Macdonald, and he was declared elected. McIntyre's election contested, but no irregularity proven.

Prince County District.—An Elec. Div. established by Imperial Order-in-Council, authorizing admission of Prince Edward Island to the Dominion. The district returns two members. First election, September, 1873. Records not given. G. E. 1874—Hon. Jos. Yeo (Lib.), 2,188; Hon. S. F. Perry (Lib.), 1,804; J. Ramsey (Con.), 669; F. McNeill (Con.), 337. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 5,434; Yeo, 1,716; E. Hackett (Con.), 1,655; C. Howatt (Con.), 1,605; S. F. Perry, 1,491. G. E. 1882—Pop., 34,347; Yeo, 2,388; Hackett, 2,325; Perry, 2,178; D. Rogers (Con.), 2,134.

Queen's County District.—An Elec. Div. established by Imperial Order-in-Council, admittitting Prince Edward Island to Confederation. The district returns two members. First election, September, 1873. Records not given. G. E. 1874—Hon. D. Laird (Lib.), accl.; Hon. P. Sinclair (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 8,018; J. C. Pope (Con.), 3,275; F. D. Brecken (Con.), 3,102; Sinclair, 2,392; McGill (Lib.), 2,272. Pope made Minister of Marine and Fisheries. Bye-election—Pope, accl. G. E. 1882—L. H. Davies (Lib.), 3,516; Brecken, 3,472; J. T. Jenkins (Con.), 3,462; Laird, 3,0626. Recount, Davies, 3,165; Jenkins, 3,122; Brecken, 3,120; Laird, 2,759. On appeal to Supreme Court, seat was given to Brecken, upholding a decision previously given by Judge Peters, Prince Edward Island. Brecken appointed Postmaster, Charlottetown. Bye-election, July, 1884—Jenkins, 3,428; W. Welsh (Lib.), 3,388.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NUMBER OF VOTES POLLED IN THE VARIOUS CONSTITUENCIES IN THE PROVINCE FROM CONFEDERATION TO THE BYE-ELECTION IN 1886.

Cariboo District.—Elec. Div. established by Imperial Order-in-Council. First election, Dec., 1871—J. S. Thompson (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Thompson, accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 464; Thompson, 192; S. Walker (Con.), 40. G. E. 1878—Thompson, accl. Thompson died. Bye-election, April 1—Jas. Reid (Con.), 179; Monroe (Con.), 104; Ball (Con.), 78; Arch. Greig (Con.), 62. G. E. 1882—Reid, accl.

New Westminster District.—Elec. Div. established by Imperial Order-in-Council. First election, Dec., 1871—H. Nelson (Con.), 125; Scott (Con.), 24. G. E. 1872—Nelson, accl. G. E. 1874; voters on list, 403; J. Cunningham (Con.), 162; J. Homer (Con.), 142. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 737: T. R. McInnes (Con.), 388; J. Robinson (Con.), 299. G. E. 1882—Homer, accl.

Vancouver Island District.—Elec. Div. established by Imp. Order-in-Council. First election, Dec., 1871—R. Wallace (Con.), 137; J. Jessop (Con.), 102. G. E. 1872—Sir F. Hincks (Con.), accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 553; A. Bunster (Con.), 209; A. C. Anderson (Con.), 84; J. W. Carey (Con.), 37. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,349; Bunster, 336; D. W. Gordon (Con.), 267; A. J. McLellan (Con.), 74; J. Jessop (Con.), 40. G. E. 1882—Pop., 9,991; voters on list, 1,202; Gordon, 455; Bunster, 300.

Victoria District.—Elec. Div. established by Imp. Order-in-Council, returning two members. First election, Dec., 1871—H. Nathan (Con.); A. de Cosmos (Con.), accl.

G. E. 1872—Pop., 4,540; voters on list, 925; Nathan, 402; de Cosmos, 398; R. Beavan (Con.), 94. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 959; de Cosmos, 308; F. J. Roscoe (Con.), 304; C. Morton (Con.), 299; T. Harris (Con.), 97. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 1,294; Sir John A. Macdonald (Con.), 896; A. de Cosmos (Con.), 538; J. P. Davies (Con.), 480. G. E. 1882—Pop., 7,301; voters on list, 1,211; E. C. Baker (Con.), 441; N. Shakespeare (Con.), 400; de Cosmos, 308; C. Booth (Con.), 241; J. Fell (Con.), 139; J. Boyd (Con.), 89.

Yale District.—Elec. Div. established by Imp. Order-in-Council. First election, Dec., 1871—P. Houghton (Con.), accl. G. E. 1872—Pop., 1,316; voters on list, 148; E. Dewdney (Con.), 43; Robert Smith (Con.), 19. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 189; Dewdney, 89; D. Chisholm (Con.), 20. G. E. 1878—Dewdney, accl. Dewdney appointed Indian Commissioner. Bye-election, 1879—F. J. Barnard (Con.), 212; John Snapp (Con.), 99. G. E. 1882—Pop., 9,200; voters on list 509; Barnard, 266; J. Robinson (Con.), 109; F. G. Vernon (Con.), 78.

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

NUMBER OF VOTES POLLED IN THE VARIOUS CONSTITUENCIES IN THE PROVINCE FROM CONFEDERATION TO THE BYE-ELECTIONS IN 1886.

Lisgar.—Elec. Div. established by Royal Proclamation, as provided in Manitoba Act 1870. First election, March, 1871—J. C. Schultz (Con.), 315 ; C. Jukster (Con.), 65. G. E. 1872—Pop.. 3,126 ; voters on list, 435 ; Schultz, 273 ; Hay (Lib.), 128. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 642 ; Schultz, 285 ; Hay, 216. G. E. 1878—Schultz, accl. Redistribution Act, 1882, declared Lisgar to consist of municipalities of Assiniboia, Belcourt, St. François Xavier, Macdonald, Kildonan, St. Paul, Springfield, St. Laurent, Woodlands, Rockwood, Fairford, Gimli, St. Andrews, and Springfield, and all territory eastward to Lake of the Woods and Winnipeg River. G. E. 1882—Pop., 5,786 ; voters on list, 4,914 ; A. W. Ross (Lib.), 760 ; Schultz, 720.

Marquette.—Elec. Div. established by Royal Proclamation, as provided in Act 1870. First election, March, 1871—A. McKay (Lib.), 282 , J. S. Lynch (Con.), 282. No election. G. E. 1872—Pop., 3,864 ; R. Cunningham (Lib.), 393 ; Hon. J. Norquay (Con.), 115 ; Lynch, 71 ; P. Breland (Con.), 5 : McKay, 0. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 1,050 ; Cunningham, 393 ; J. Ryan (Lib.), 351. Scrutiny of votes showed Ryan, 351 ; Cunningham, 329. G. E. 1878—Sir John A. Macdonald (Con.), accl. Sir John became Premier and Minister of Interior. Bye-election—Jos. Ryan (Con.), accl. Redistribution Act 1882 declared Marquette to consist of municipalities of Portage, Norfolk, Westbourne, Cypress, Beautiful Plain, Minnedosa, Riding Mountain, Shoal Lake, and Russel. G. E. 1882—Pop., 19,499 ; R. Watson (Lib.), 1,223 ; E. McDonald (Con.), 1,0[illegible]. Recount, Watson, 1,074 ; McDonald, 886.

Provencher.—Elec. Div. established by Royal proclamation as provided in Act of 1870. First election, March, 1871—P. Delorme, 172; Wm. Dease, 29. G. E. 1872—Sir G. E. Cartier (Con.), accl. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 418; Louis Riel,* 195; J. Hamelin, 69. Riel expelled and new election called for. Riel, accl. Riel adjudged an outlaw by Parlt., and new election held; A. G. B. Bannatyne (Lib.), accl. G. E. 1878—Jos. Dubuc, accl. Dubuc made a Judge. Bye-election, Dec., 1879—Hon. Jos. Royal (Con.), 652; J. Molloy, 269; S. Hamelin, 121. Redistribution Act of 1882 declared Provencher to consist of municipalities of Cartier, Morris, Montcalm, Emerson, Youville, Hanover, La Broquerie, Hespeler, Ste. Anne, Tache, St. Norbert, St. Boniface, and all territory eastward to Lake of Woods. G. E. 1882—Royal, accl.

Selkirk.—Elec. Div. established by Royal proclamation as provided in Manitoba Act, 1870. First election March, 1871; D. A. Smith (Con.), 239; J. Taylor, 103. G. E. 1872—Pop., 2,820; voters on list 533; Smith, 258; A. E. Wilson, 62; S. Mulvey (Con.), 0; J. Sutherland (Lib.), 0. G. E. 1874—Voters on list, 839; D. A. Smith (Lib.), 327; A. G. B. Bannatyne (Lib.), 225. G. E. 1878—Voters on list, 2,133; Hon. A. Morris (Con.), 546; D. A. Smith (Lib.), 555; Smith unseated on appeal to Supreme court for corrupt practices by agents. Bye-election—Sept. 1880; Capt. Scott (Con.), 735; Smith. 577. Redistribution Act 1882 declared Selkirk to consist of municipalities of Rhineland. N. Dufferin, S. Dufferin, Lorne, Louise, Argyle, Derby, Brandon, Turtle Mountain, Dennis, and Souris. G. E. 1882—Pop., 12,771; H. Sutherland (Lib.), 2,551; Mulvey, 1,064.

Winnipeg.—An Electoral District established by Redistribution Act of 1882, made up of City of Winnipeg and municipality of Fort Rouge. G. E. 1882—Pop., 16,452; voters on list, 2,830; T. Scott (Con.), 491; E. G. Conklin (Lib.), 385; W. O. Smith (Ind. Con.), 73.

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*Partizans on both sides claim and disclaim Riel. He gave way to Sir. G. E. Cartier, when that gentleman was elected for Marquette. When Riel signed the Roll in the House of Commons, he was accompanied by a French Canadian Liberal member of the House.

THE PUBLIC DEPARTMENTS AT OTTAWA.

Agriculture, Department of.—Organized, 1868, by Act of Parliament, with a Minister of the Crown at its head. It was given control of the following subjects :—Agriculture, Immigration and Emigration ; Public Health and Quarantine ; Marine and Emigrant Hospital at Quebec ; Arts and Manufactures ; Census, Statistics and Registration of Statistics ; Patents of Invention ; Copyright ; Industrial Designs and Trade-Marks. (For further particulars see those heads.) The Bill was introduced in the Senate by Hon. J. C. Chapais, who acted as Minister from Confederation, and became first Minister of Agriculture under the Bill. The principal opposition in that House was by M. Reesor and others, who objected to the Department as unnecessary. In the House of Commons, on third reading, Mr. Mackenzie moved an amendment to the effect that agriculture was intended by the British North America Act to be placed under control of the Provincial Governments, and the other subjects proposed to be given in charge of this Department could be less expensively performed by being assigned to other Departments. Amendment lost—yeas, 45 ; nays, 91, and Bill read a third time and passed. The following have been Ministers of Agriculture: Hon. J. C. Chapais, Senator, appointed 1st July, 1867, made Receiver-General 16th Nov., 1870 ; Hon. Christopher Dunkin, M.P. ; appointed 16th Nov., 1870, appointed Judge Superior Court, Que., 25th Oct., 1871 ; Hon. John H. Pope, M.P., appointed 25th Oct., 1871, resigned with Cabinet, 6th Nov., 1873 ; L. Letellier de St. Just, Senator, appointed 7th Nov., 1873, made Lieut.-Governor Quebec, 15th Dec., 1876 ; Hon. C. A. P. Pelletier, Senator, appointed 26th Jan., 1877, resigned with Cabinet, 16th Oct., 1878 ; Hon. J. H. Pope, appointed 17th Oct.,

1878; became Minister of Railways Sept. 25th, 1885; Hon. John Carling appointed 25th Sept., 1885. The following table shows expenditure of Department on salaries and contingencies:—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1868.....	18,706	9,696	1877.....	32,123	12,959
1869.....	24,110	5,950	1878.....	33,914	15,480
1870.....	24,945	7,344	1879.....	39,333	11,454
1871.....	25,762	10,091	1880.....	38,170	8,535
1872.....	26,960	8,765	1881.....	40,005	7,802
1873.....	31,340	12,723	1882.....	41,105	10,673
1874.....	35,916	10,291	1883.....	43,101	12,721
1875.....	37,674	11,059	1884.....	46,040	14,004
1876.....	35,655	13,500	1885.....	50,228	18,236

Indian Affairs, Department of.—Constituted by Act of Parliament, assented to May, 1879, and given full charge of matters relating to Indians. The Department was given a deputy head, but it was provided that the Minister of Interior should also be Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs. By Act passed in 1883, it was provided that any Minister might be also Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs. Up to that time the Minister of Interior had been Superintendent-General, but since then Sir John A. Macdonald has been President of the Council and Superintendent-General. (See SECRETARY OF STATE and INTERIOR.) The following statement shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa:—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1881.....	16,955	1,492	1883.....	21,355	7,041
1882.....	17,835	4,172	1884.....	27,085	7,507
			1885.....	30,596	9,534

Privy Council, President of.—An office created at time of Union. The President of the Privy Council has officers under him whose salaries are entered under a separate head in the Public Accounts. The following have been Presidents of the Privy Council :—A. J. F. Blair, Senator, appointed 1st July, 1867, died 29th December, 1867 ; Jos. Howe, M.P., Hants, appointed 30th January, 1869, became Secretary of State for Provinces 16th November, 1869 ; Sir E. Kenny, Senator, appointed 16th November, 1869, became Administrator of Nova Scotia 13th May, 1870 ; Hon. (now Sir) Chas. Tupper, M.P., appointed 21st June, 1870, became Minister of Inland Revenue 1st July, 1872 ; Hon. John O'Connor, M.P., appointed 2nd July, 1872, became Minister of Inland Revenue 4th March, 1873; Hugh McDonald, M.P., appointed 14th June, 1873, became Minister of Militia 1st July, 1873 ; Hon. L. S. Huntington, M.P., appointed 20th January, 1874, became Postmaster-General 9th October, 1875 ; J. E. Cauchon, M.P., appointed 7th December, 1875, became Minister of Inland Revenue, 8th June, 1877 ; Hon. E. Blake, M.P., appointed 8th June, 1877, resigned 31st January, 1878 ; Sir John A. Macdonald, M.P., appointed 17th October, 1878 (also Minister of Interior). The following statement shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1868.....	14,670	11,453	1877.....	21,444	2,996
1869.....	14,359	7,061	1878.....	18,030	2,848
1870.....	18,236	7,473	1879.....	20,017	3,722
1871.....	18,275	7,051	1880.....	21,938	3,781
1872.....	16,789	4,938	1881.....	19,213	3,476
1873.....	15,876	5,033	1882.....	21,152	2,730
1874.....	16,011	5,813	1883.....	12,963	4,363
1875.....	22,650	5,496	1884.....	21,374	8,611
1876.....	20,732	4,554	1885.....	27,872	8,559

Receiver-General, Office of.—This office was established at Confederation. No seperate Department was ever assigned to the Receiver-General, and the office was merged in that of Finance Minister, by Act passed in 1880. The following have been Receivers-General :—Sir E. Kenny, Senator, appointed, 4th July, 1867 ; became President Privy Council, 16th November, 1869 ; Hon. J. C. Chapais, Senator, appointed 18th November, 1870, resigned 30th January, 1873 ; T. Robitaille, M. P., appointed 30th January, 1873, resigned with Cabinet, 6th November, 1873 ; Hon. T. Coffin, M. P., appointed 7th November, 1873 ; resigned with Cabinet 16th October, 1878 ; Sir A. Campbell, Senator, appointed 8th November, 1878, became Postmaster-General, 20th May, 1879. The following statement shows the sums spent for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$			$	$
1868.....	20,570	6,429	1874.....	28,131	5,129
1869.....	21,970	5,262	1875.....	28,837	5,644
1870.....	21,342	3,151	1876.....	28,445	3,669
1871.....	21,837	3,497	1877.....	26,452	2,515
1872.....	21,565	2,648	1878.....	26,852	2,449
1873.....	24,318	3,224	1879.....	8,763	1,000

Secretary of State, Department of.—The office of Secretary of State was established at Confederation. The Department was constituted by Act of Parliament, assented to 22nd May, 1868, and was given charge of all State correspondence, records not specially transferred to other Departments, and of Indian affairs. By Act assented to 3rd May, 1873, the Department of Interior was created, and charge of Indian Affairs transferred to it. The following have been Secretaries of State :—Hon. (now Sir) H. L. Langevin, M. P., appointed 1st July, 1867, became Minister of Public Works 8th December, 1869 ; Hon. J. C. Aikens, Senator, appointed 8th December, 1869, resigned with Cabinet 6th

November, 1873; Hon. D. Christie, Senator, appointed 7th November, 1873, became Speaker of Senate 9th January, 1874; Hon. R. W. Scott, Senator, apppointed 9th January, 1874, resigned with Cabinet 16th October, 1878; Hon. J.C. Aikens, senator, appointed 19th October, 1878, became Minister of Inland Revenue 8th November, 1880; Hon. John O'Connor, M. P., appointed 8th November, 1880, became Postmaster-General, 20th May, 1881; Hon. J. A. Mousseau, M. P., appointed 20th May, 1880, resigned 29th July, 1882; Hon. J. A. Chapleau M.P., appointed 29th July, 1882. The following table shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1868.....	33,935	2,974	1877.....	38,336	8,290
1869.....	30,092	9,710	1878.....	39,142	8,391
1870.....	24,566	8,288	1879.....	40,155	8,979
1871.....	25,195	9,307	1880.....	42,989	5,712
1872.....	28,916	7,371	1881.....	43,801	3,835
1873.....	37,074	9,394	1882.....	46,194	6,924
1874.....	31,345	7,797	1883.....	47,272	6,895
1875.....	34,493	8,488	1884.....	47,808	9,783
1876.....	38,702	7,650	1885.....	48,011	13,939

Marine and Fisheries, Department of.—The office of Minister of Marine and Fisheries was established at Confederation. The Department was constituted by Act of Parliament, assented to 22nd May, 1868, which gave it control of all matters relating to fisheries and navigation, inland or ocean. By Act assented to 19th April, 1884, the Department of Marine was divided from the Department of Fisheries, each having a deputy head, but one Minister to preside over both. This Bill was opposed by the Liberals, as certain to lead to unnecessary increased expense. The following have been Ministers of Marine and Fisheries :—Hon. P. Mitchell, Senator (afterwards M.P., Northumberland, N.B.), appointed 1st July, 1867, resigned with cabinet 6th November, 1873; Hon. (afterwards Sir) A. J. Smith, M. P., appointed

7th November, 1873, resigned with cabinet, 16th October, 1878 ; Hon. J. C. Pope, M. P., appointed 19th October, 1878, resigned 10th July, 1882 ; Hon. A. W. McLelan, M. P., appointed 10th July, 1882, became Minister of Finance 10th Dec., 1885 ; Hon. G. E. Foster, M.P., Kings, N.B., appointed 10th Dec., 1885. The following table shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1868.....	15,083	10,697	1877.....	32,304	8,688
1869.....	18,064	6,416	1878.....	32,682	8,270
1870.....	19,401	10,233	1879.....	33,503	10,230
1871.....	20,220	9,473	1880.....	55,083	9,123
1872.....	22,644	6,872	1881.....	36,447	6,270
1873.....	25,336	10,048	1882.....	36,789	7,675
1874.....	30,087	8,833	1883.....	37,988	7,953
1875.....	31,326	11,559	1884.....	38,775	7,960
1876.....	32,789	11,911	1885.....	*a*29,900 *b*11,000	7,944 2,399

Justice, Department of.—Created by Act of Parliament, assented to 22nd May, 1868, and placed under charge of Minister of Justice. This Minister is the official adviser of the Governor-General and the legal member of Privy Council. It is his duty to see that public affairs are administered according to law, and he superintends the administration of Justice in matters not within jurisdiction of the Provinces, and advises upon the Legislative Acts of Provincial Legislatures, in view of the Federal power of disallowance. The following have been Ministers of Justice :—Sir John A. Macdonald, M.P. Kingston, appointed July, 1867, resigned with Cabinet, 6th Nov., 1873 ; Sir A. A. Dorion, M. P. appointed 7th Nov., 1873, became Chief Justice Quebec 1st June, 1874 ; Hon. T. Fournier, M.P., appointed 8th July, 1874, became Postmaster-General, 9th May, 1875 ; Hon. E. Blake, M.P., appointed 19th May, 1875, became President of Privy Coun-

a Department of Marine. *b* Department of Fisheries.

cil, 8th June, 1877 ; Hon. R. Laflamme, M.P., appointed 8th June, 1887, resigned with Cabinet, 16th Oct., 1878 ; Hon. J. McDonald, M. P. appointed 17th October, 1878, became Chief Justice Nova Scotia, 20th May, 1881, Sir A. Campbell, Senator, appointed 2th May, 1881, made Postmaster-General, 25th Sept., 1885, Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, M.P., Antigonish, appointed 25th Sept., 1885. The following table shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	
1868.....	10,273	7,887	1877....	21,602	4,443
1869.....	12,365	4,997	1878.....	21,572	4,461
1870.....	13,125	6,822	1879.....	21,293	5,453
1871.....	12,947	5,164	1880.....	25,065	2,337
1872.....	13,406	7,168	1881.....	26,030	5,943
1873.....	17,367	9,470	1882.....	26,501	5,815
1874.....	19,181	10,196	1883.....	26,885	7,606
1875.....	21,844	10,852	1884.....	28,185	7,291
1876.....	22,983	4,996	1885.....	28,920	7,083

Secretary of State for the Provinces.—This was one of the offices to which a Minister of the first Cabinet was appointed. Bill was passed in Senate in the session of 1870 to constitute the Department of the Secretary of State for the Provinces, and it passed that House ; but in the House of Commons Mr. Mackenzie (14th April) moved in amendment to the second reading, that the exigencies of the public service did not require such a Department. The debate was, on motion of Sir John A. Macdonald, adjourned, and was never resumed. By the Act creating the Department of the Interior, which came into force in 1873, the office of Secretary of State for the Provinces was abolished. The following have been Secretaries of Statefor the Provinces : —Hon. A. G. Archibald, appointed July, 1867 ; resigned January, 1868 ; Joseph Howe, M.P., appointed 16th November, 1869, made Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia 13th May, 1870 ; Hon. T. N. Gibbs, M.P., appointed 14th June,

1873, became President of the Privy Council, 1st July, 1873. The following table shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1868.....	12,187	3,464	1871.....	21,271	2,433
1869.....	8,140	1,472	1872.....	22,055	2,852
1870..	18,650	3,151	1873.....	23,382	3,072

Customs, Department of.—Constituted by Act of Parliament, assented to May, 1868. Its head is a Minister of the Crown, and it has control and management of the collection of Customs and of matters pertaining thereto. The following have been Ministers of Customs :—Hon. S. L. (now Sir Leonard) Tilley, M.P., appointed 1st July, 1867, became Minister of Finance 22nd February, 1873 ; Hon. C. (now Sir Charles, Tupper, M.P., appointed 25th February, 1373, resigned with Cabinet 6th November, 1873 ; Hon. Isaac Burpee, M.P., appointed 7th November, 1873, resigned with Cabinet 16th October, 1878 ; Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, M.P., appointed 19th October, 1878. The following table shows expenditure of Department for salaries and contingencies in connection with the offices at Ottawa from Confederation :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
		$		$	$
1868.....	21,911	33,349	1877.....	34,320	15,767
1869.....	21,838	18,926	1878.....	35,237	16,372
1870.....	25,337	22,688	1879.....	36,229	13,725
1871.....	26,804	16,041	1880.. ...	37,966	6,733
1872.....	27,636	18,736	1881.....	37,561	5,640
1873.....	32,267	26,811	1882.....	38,856	6,398
1874.....	35,358	16,144	1883.....	37,428	6,306
1875.....	36,137	19,375	1884.....	38,237	4,790
1876.....	35,743	17,234	1885.....	38,767	6,779

Public Works, Department of. — Constituted by Act of Parliament, assented to 21st December, 1867, under control of the Minister of Public Works. The Act gives the Department wide control over Dominion public works, all of which are placed under its control, unless definitely transferred to some other department. The Minister has power to examine on oath, to expropriate necessary lands upon terms to be fixed (if appeal is desired) by Board of Arbitrators. The Minister was empowered also to collect tolls on public works, to be fixed by Governor-General-in-Council, and to enforce regulations to be made in the same way for the management, proper use, and protection of public works. By Act assented to 15th of May, 1879, the Department of Public Works was divided, by the creation out of it of the Department of Railways and Canals, under a separate Minister. Dominion railways and canals, and all works appertaining thereto, were placed under control of the Minister of Railways and Canals, who was given similar powers to those held by the Minister of Public Works. (See also RAILWAYS AND CANALS.)

The following have been Ministers of Public Works :— Hon. Wm. Macdougall, M.P., appointed 1st July, 1867, appointed Lieut-Governor of Manitoba October, 1869 ; Hon. (now Sir) H. L. Langevin, M.P., appointed 8th December, 1869, resigned with Cabinet, 6th November, 1873 ; Hon. A. Mackenzie, M.P., appointed 7th November, 1873, resigned with Cabinet 16th October, 1878 ; Sir Chas. Tupper, M.P., appointed 17th October, 1878, became Minister of Railways 20th May, 1879 ; Sir H. L. Langevin, appointed 20th May, 1879. The following statement shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
1868.....	$30,416	$13,987	1877.....	$55,150	$8,914
1869.....	39,509	7,567	1878.....	51,675	8,176
1870.....	43,809	7,668	1879.....	52,619	12,746
1871.....	44,332	6,925	1880.....	38,720	13,616
1872.....	43,184	8,302	1881.....	34,764	11,984
1873.....	46,624	13,192	1882.....	36,753	6,947
1874.....	56,336	14,123	1883.....	37,716	8,692
1875.....	60,526	17,453	1884.....	43,259	10,660
1876.....	56,940	11,320	1885.....	42,398	8,034

Inland Revenue, Department of.—Constituted by Act assented to 22nd May, 1868, under a Minister of the Crown. It was given charge of Excise, Stamp Duties (except postage); Weights and Measures; Timber cutting; Slide and Boom dues, Bridge and Ferry tolls. The following have been Ministers of Inland Revenue. Hon. (now Sir) W. P. Howland, M.P., appointed 1st July, 1874, made Lieutenant-Governer Ontario 14th July, 1868. Hon. A. Morris, M.P., appointed 16th November, 1869, became Chief Justice, Queen's Bench, Manitoba, 2nd July, 1872; Hon. (now Sir) Charles Tupper, M.P., appointed July 1872, became Minister of Customs, 22nd February, 1873; Hon. John O'Connor, M.P., appointed 4th March, 1873, became Postmaster-General 1st July, 1873; Hon. T. N. Gibbs, M.P., appointed 1st July, 1883, resigned with Cabinet 6th November, 1873; Hon. T. Fouriner, M.P., appointed 7th November, 1873, became Minister of Justice, 8th July, 1874; Hon. F. Geoffrion, M.P., appointed 8th July, 1874, resigned 9th November, 1876; Hon. R. Laflamme, M.P., appointed 9th November, 1876, became Minister of Justice, 8th June, 1877; Hon. J. E. Cauchon, M.P., appointed 8th June, 1877; appointed Lieutenant-Governor, Manitoba, 1877; Hon. W. Laurier, M.P., appointed 8th October, 1877, resigned with Cabinet 16th October, 1878; Hon. L. F. G. Baby, M.P., appointed 26th October, 1878, became Judge Superior Court, Quebec, 29th October, 1880; Hon. J. C. Aikins, Senator, appointed 8th November, 1880, resigned 23rd May, 1882; Hon. John Costigan, M.P., Victoria, N.B., appointed 23rd May, 1882. The following table shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
1868.....	$13,631	$13,489	1877.....	$30,777	$6,673
1869.....	9,792	15,914	1878.....	31,237	7,489
1870.....	18,432	14,708	1879.....	32,893	8,388
1871.....	22,206	15,977	1880.....	34,150	8,816
1872.....	21,038	9,431	1881.....	36,097	7,066
1873.....	24,778	9,451	1882.....	38,319	6,992
1874.....	28,773	7,429	1883.....	39,725	9,065
1875.....	30,191	8,715	1884.....	40,968	9,005
1876.....	31,565	5,907	1885.....	42,462	6,583

Railways and Canals, Department of.—Constituted by Act of Parliament assented to 15th May, 1879, which divided Department of Public Works into two, one of them being that of Railways and Canals. The following have been Ministers of Railways and Canals :—Sir Charles Tupper, M.P., appointed 20th May, 1879, became High Commissioner in England 1885 ; Hon. J. H. Pope, appointed 25th Sept., 1885. The following statement shows expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1880.....	31,805	7,706	1883.....	48,978	6,638
1881.....	44,752	7,587	1884.....	50,658	5,881
1882.....	46,683	7,849	1885.....	43,665	6,529

Militia and Defence, Department of.—Constituted by Act of Parliament assented to 22nd May, 1868, with Minister of Militia and Defence as its head. This Minister is charged with the administration of all militia affairs on land and water, and has initiatory power in all matters involving expenditure of public money for military purposes. The following have been Ministers of Militia :—Sir George E. Cartier, M.P., appointed 1st July, 1867, died 20th May, 1873 ; Hon. Hugh McDonald, M. P., appointed 1st July, 1873, resigned with Cabinet 6th November, 1873 ; Hon. William Ross, M.P., appointed 7th November, 1873, resigned September, 1874 ; Hon. W. B. Vail, M.P., appointed 30th September, 1874, resigned 21st January, 1878 ; Hon. A. G. Jones, M.P., appointed 21st January, 1878, resigned with Cabinet 16th October, 1878 ; Hon. L. F. R. Masson, M.P., appointed 16th October, 1878 ; became President of the Privy Council 16th January, 1880 ; Sir A. Campbell, Senator, appointed 8th November, 1880, became Postmaster-General 8th November, 1880 ; Hon. (now Sir) A. P. J. Caron, M.P., appointed 8th November, 1880. The following statement

shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1868.....	18,784	3,476	1877.....	42,192	4,932
1869.....	19,697	3,062	1878.....	42,962	5,404
1870.....	31,676	10,197	1879.....	42,847	4,854
1871.....	33,059	77,86	1880.....	43,396	5,313
1872.....	33,840	7,833	1871.....	42,097	5,885
1873.....	37,475	5,764	1882.....	41,924	7,021
1874.....	42,776	8,758	1883.....	41,985	7,981
1875.....	43,545	11,971	1884.....	41,515	7,996
1876.....	44,077	5,971	1875.....	45,935	10,507

Finance, Department of.—Constituted by Act of Parliament assented to 22nd June, 1869, with Minister of Finance at its head. To this department are committed all matters relating to the financial affairs of the Dominion, Public Accounts, Revenue and Expenditure, not specially committed to other departments. In 1867, an Act was passed relating to the Collection of Public Revenues, etc., which provided, among other things, for the establishment of a Board of Audit, to consist of the Deputy Inspector-General, Deputy Postmaster-General, Commissioner of Inland Revenue, Deputy Receiver-General, Deputy Minister of Militia, Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and an Auditor, to be appointed by the Governor-General, who should be Chairman, and should have the review of accounts, cases of difference to be settled by the Board, subject to the approval of the Finance Minister. The Act mentioned above, constituting the Department of Finance, provided that the Auditor and the Deputy Inspector-General should be officers of the Finance Department. It provided also for the appointment of "The Treasury Board," to consist of the Minister of Finance, Receiver-General, Minister of Customs, and Min ter of Inland Revenue, as a Committee of the Privy Counc

with wide powers as to demanding documents and information from the Public Departments. An Act, assented to May 12th, 1870, abolished office of Deputy Receiver-General, and provided that the Auditor-General should be Deputy Minister of Finance and Deputy Head of the Department. Act assented to 10th May, 1878, established a new system of audit by the appointment of an Auditor-General, to hold office during good behaviour, and removable only by the Governor-General, on address to be passed by Senate and Commons—like a judge. This Act provided also that the Treasury Board should consist of Minister of Finance, Minister of Customs, Minister of Inland Revenue, and Receiver-General. It authorized also the appointment of a Deputy Minister of Finance, to be appointed under the Great Seal, to be *ex-officio* Secretary of the Treasury Board. Under this system an elaborate system of checks was provided to prevent public moneys being spent except in regular and authorized way, dfficulties to be finally settled by the Treasury Board, the Auditor-General to report direct to Parliament on all matters coming before him, including those in which he had differed from the Treasury Board. By Act, assented to 15th May, 1879, the Receiver-General's Department was merged with that of Minister of Finance, and Minister of Justice made a member of the Treasury Board. By Act, assented to 20th July, 1885, it was provided that the Secretary of State, and one other Minister, to be nominated by the Governor-General, should be added to Treasury Board, and Minister of Finance should be the Chairman of the Board. The following have been Ministers of Finance :—Sir A. T. Galt, M.P., appointed 1st July, 1867, resigned 4th November, 1867; Sir John Rose, M.P., appointed 18th November, 1867, resigned 9th October, 1869; Sir F. Hincks, M.P., appointed 9th October, 1869, resigned 22nd February, 1873; Hon. S. L. (now Sir Leonard) Tilley, M.P., appointed 22nd February, 1873, made Lieutenant-Governor New Brunswick, 5th November, 1873; Hon. R. J. (now Sir Richard) Cartwright, appointed 7th November, 1873, resgined with Cabinet 16th October, 1878; Sir L. Tilley, M.P., appointed 17th October, 1878, made Lieutenaet-Governor of New Bruns-

wick, Oct., 1878. Hon. A. W. McLelan, M.P., appointed 10th Dec., 1885. The following table shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Department at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1868.....	41,580	6,098	1877.....	53,412	13,731
1869.....	39,923	6,515	1878.....	57,923	10,734
1870.....	48,899	9,747	1879.....	55,268	12,676
1871.....	41,988	10,386	1880.....	55,804	9,890
1872.....	42,506	11,844	1881.....	56,925	10,570
1873.....	50,232	9,226	1882.....	58,694	10,875
1874.....	54,139	15,070	1883.....	61,377	12,657
1875.....	56,304	16,611	1884.....	63,034	10,772
1876.....	54,199	14,398	1885.....	61,692	14,599

Interior, Department of.—Constituted by Act of Parliament, assented to 1873, with a Minister of the Crown at its head. This Department has charge of the North-West Territories, Crown Lands in every part of the Dominion, Indian Affairs, and Geological Survey. By Act passed in 1880, the Department was divided, the "Department of Indian Affairs" being specially constituted, but with the Minister of the Interior as "Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs," and head of both Departments. This change was objected to by Mills on behalf of the Liberals, on the ground that it would lead to greater expense, which was unnecessary. In 1883 an Act was passed providing that any Minister of the Crown might be Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs. The following have been Ministers of the Interior :—Sir A. Campbell, Senator, appointed 1st July, 1873, resigned 6th November, 1873, with Cabinet; Hon. D. Laird, M.P., appointed 7th November, 1873, appointed Lieutenant-Governor N.W.T. 7th October, 1876; Hon. David Mills, M.P., appointed 24th October, 1876, resigned with Cabinet 16th October, 1878; Sir John A. Macdonald, appointed 17th October, 1883, became President of the Council 17th October, 1883;

Sir D. L. Macpherson, appointed 17th October, 1883, resigned Aug., 1885. Hon. T. White, M.P., Cardwell, appointed 5th Aug., 1885. The following statement shows the expenditure for salaries and contingencies in the Departt ment at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1874.....	42,556	22.337	1880.....	66,430	10,136
1875.....	49,344	10,345	1881.....	53,075	12,041
1876.....	48,063	6,138	1882.....	53,214	14,016
1877.....	47,186	4,720	1883.....	64,381	14,333
1878.....	49,559	5,108	1884.....	*103,951	20,323
1879.....	55,560	8,607	1885.....	109,028	17,960

Post-office Department.—Constituted by Act of Parliament, assented to 21st December, 1867. The head of the Department is the Postmaster-General, appointed under the Great Seal of Canada. The Department has control of all matters relating to postal arrangements, money order and post-office savings banks, subject to Acts of Parliament. The postal laws were amended from time to time and consolidated, and again amended in 1875. The rate for letters between points in Canada was fixed at 3 cents per ½ ounce, and has since remained the same. In August, 1883, Mr. Auger asked whether the Government intended to reduce the rate to 2 cents, as in the United States, the reply being that such was not the intention. In 1883 Mr. Charlton moved for the papers on the subject, and pointed out the advantages of the change. In 1884 Mr. Hesson asked as to the Government's intention, receiving the same answer as given to Mr. Auger. In the same session Mr. Charlton again moved for papers on the subject, advocating the reduction, in which he was supported by Mr. Hesson. The following statement shows the salaries and contingencies of the Department in connection with the departmental offices at Ottawa :—

Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Year ending 30th June.	Salaries.	Contingencies.
	$	$		$	$
1868.....	43,830	Not given.	1877.....	88,239	33,858
1869.....	47,680	9,288	1878.....	91,119	30,737
1870.....	57,355	15,397	1879.....	95,491	33,412
1871.....	58,066	28,828	1880.....	103,216	29,773
1872.....	63,552	35,712	1881.....	108,243	24,599
1873.....	74,643	38,850	1882.....	111,647	30,688
1874.....	82,991	47,549	1883.....	118,013	31,904
1875.....	88,936	40,872	1884.....	139,893	30,695
1876.....	92,460	31,820	1885.....	152,172	32,785

The following have been Postmasters-General, Sir A. Campbell, Senator, appointed 1st July, 1867, became Minister of Interior, 1st July, 1873; Hon. John O'Connor, M.P., appointed 1st July, 1873, resigned with Cabinet, 6th November, 1873; Hon. D. A. Macdonald, M.P., Glengarry, appointed 7th November, 1873, appointed Lieutenant-Governor, Ontario, 18th May, 1875; Hon. T. Fournier, M.P., appointed 9th May, 1875, appointed Judge Supreme Court, Canada, 8th October, 1875; Hon. L. S. Huntington, M.P., appointed 9th October, 1875, resigned with Cabinet, 16th October, 1878; Sir H. L. Langevin, M.P., appointed 19th October, 1878, made Minister Public Works 20th May 1879; Sir A. Campbell appointed 20th May, 1879, made Minister of Militia 16th January, 1880; Hon. J. O'Connor, appointed 15th January, 1880, became Secretary of State 8th November, 1880; Sir A. Campbell, appointed 8th November, 1880, became Minister of Justice 20th May, 1891; Hon. J. O'Connor, appointed 20th May, 1881, resigned 23rd May, 1882; Hon. John Carling appointed 23rd May, 1882, became Minister of Agriculture, 25th Sept., 1885; Sir A. Campbell, appointed 25th Sep., 1885.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The following is intended to give a summary of the legislation in regard to the Canadian Pacific Railway, without dealing with construction, finance, or the great scandal, and the minor scandals growing out of the adminstration in relation to the work :—

On 17th March, 1870, and on 24th March, petitions were presented in the Dominion Parliament for incorporation of two separate trans-continental railway companies, the first having Mr. C. P. Treadwell for its chief promoter, and the latter, Mr. Alf. Waddington. One of the terms of union with British Columbia (1870) bound Canada to "secure the commencement simultaneously within two years from the date of the Union of the construction of a railway from the Pacific towards the Rocky Mountains, and from such point as may be selected east of the Rocky Mountains toward the Pacific . . . and further to secure the completion of such railway within ten years from the date of the Union." British Columbia was bound to grant lands for twenty miles on either side of the line, for which Canada was to pay $100,000 per annum. The terms of the Union being agreed to, Sir G. E. Cartier presented in House of Commons, 11th April, 1871, a resolution declaring that the railway should be built and worked as a private enterprise, aided by the Dominion. On the second reading of the resolution Mr. (now Sir A.) Dorion moved to make this part of the terms of Union, which was negatived ; yeas, 42 ; nays, 79. Mr. Tremblay moved to provide that a land bonus only should be granted the company. Negatived, yeas, 11 ; nays, 105. The resolution was then passed. On 26th April, 1872, Sir G. E. Cartier presented resolutions to the House of Commons relating to the Canadian Pacific Railway, and providing (1) to authorize a line of standard gauge (4 ft. 8½ in.), from some point on or near Lake Nipissing to the Pacific, to be built and operated by one Canadian company, commenced within two, and completed within ten years ; (2) to make a land grant to the company not more than fifty million acres in alternate blocks of

twenty miles depth, any lack to be made up of grants of other lands, at the discretion of the Government; (3) cash subsidy of not to exceed $30,000,000, in which should be counted the cost of the surveys made; (4) the Government to be authorized to arrange with the company for a branch from the main line in Manitoba to the international boundary, also a branch from same point on the main line to Lake Superior in British territory, both to be considered part of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and to be bonused in land as might be agreed upon between the Government and the company. Before these passed Mr. Blake moved to make the line pass to the south of Lake Nipissing if practicable. Lost, yeas, 51; nays, 91. Mr. Dorion moved to carry the line by the shortest practicable route to some point west of the Ottawa River. Lost, yeas, 15; nays, 125. Mr. Mackenzie moved to limit the powers of the Governor-General-in-Council under the Bill. Negatived, yeas, 52; nays, 97. Mr. Mackenzie moved to leave the land, whether owned by the Company or by the Government, open to settlement. Negatived, yeas, 33; nays, 101. Mr. Wood moved to provide that the land and money should be dealt out subject to the annual vote of Parliament. Negatived. The amendments were agreed to. On motion (1st June) to read the Bill the third time, Mr. Wood renewed his motion and the names were recorded,—yeas, 33; nays, 100. The Senate passed the measure with a few amendments and these were agreed to by the Commons, 11th June. The Bill carries into effect the resolutions given above with modifications. The same session, two companies were chartered with powers which would authorize them to receive this contract from the Government. One was the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, in whose charter are named as joint directors, Sir Hugh Allan and others, chief place of business, Ottawa. The other company incorporated was the Interoceanic Railway Company headed by Mr. (now Sir) D. L. Macpherson. Both companies were authorized to issue debentures on the lands, to appoint trustees to receive Government subsidy, and both were compelled to present annual statements and to limit dividends during construction to 6 per cent. on paid-up capital. Efforts were made to induce these companies to amalgamate, but

without success. On 31st January, 1873, an Order-in-Council was passed that a new company be incorporated by the Government, under the authority given and arrangements made with the new company for the contract. A company was formed and the charter granted. The papers were laid before the House of Commons, 13th March. It was out of this contract that the Pacific Scandal arose, which culminated in the resignation of the Government. On the 28th April, 1874, under the premiership of Hon. A. Mackenzie, resolutions respecting the Canadian Pacific Railway were passed in Committee of the Whole, 12th May. They declared in favour of (1) building the line from Lake Nipissing to the Pacific; (2) to divide the line for construction purposes into four sections; (3) to construct branches from the eastern terminus to Georgian Bay, from the main line, near Fort Garry, to the United States boundary; (4) to construct a telegraph line; (5) to authorize the division of the sections into sub-divisions, and the letting of tenders for construction after advertisement, contractors to show they owned $4,000 for every mile, and to put up twenty-five per cent. of the sum for each mile contracted for, contractors to be paid not more than $10,000 a mile, with a guarantee of four per cent. interest for twenty-five years on a further sum to be agreed upon, and twenty thousand acres per mile of land of fair average quality; (6) the Government might give the right-of-way and grounds for station buildings, etc.; (7) each section completed to be operated by the contractors under arrangements to be made by the Government, the Government reserving the right to take over any section at ten per cent. over cost; (8) no contract to be binding on the Government until approved by Parliament; (9) the Government might construct any part of the road as a public work; (10) the branch lines might be bonussed to the extent of $12,000 a mile, and leased by the Government, subject to the approval of Parliament; (11) the whole sum to be expended under these resolutions not to exceed $27,500,000. The Conservatives advocated a return to the former Government policy. On motion several amendments were presented and lost and the measure was passed.

Session of 1876.—On 13th March, on a vote of $6,250,000 for the Canadian Pacific Railway, Hon. C. Tupper moved,

that work should be begun at Lake Nepigon without delay, and carried eastward and westward as rapidly as might be consistent with due economy, and the available funds of the Dominion used first in completing the work. Negatived, yeas, 43 ; nays, 117. Mr. De Cosmos (28th March) moved in favour immediately commencing construction in British Columbia. Negatived, only 7 yeas. On 7th April, Mr. Ross (Middlesex) moved that the House should declare its view, that the work should not be made to increase the taxation. Carried, only 10 nays. Mr. Plumb (same day) moved in amendment, to a vote in supply, to add a statement that the work should be proceeded with as rapidly as possible, without incurring taxation. Negatived, yeas, 36 ; nays, 89.

Session of 1877.—On 21st April, Hon. (now Sir) Charles Tupper, moved a resolution, disapproving the Canadian Pacific Railway policy of the Government, charging extravagance, bad faith, breach of constitutional practice and incapacity.. The amendment was defeated, yeas, 59 ; nays, 104.

Session of 1878.—On 17th March, 1878, Mr. Mackenzie introduced in the House of Commons a Bill to authorize the Government to arrange, subject to the approval of the House of Commons, for working the Pembina Branch, in connection with the American lines to the boundary. The Bill was passed, but the Senate amended it, so as to make it necessary to have the approval of the Senate as well as of the House of Commons, and though the Commons insisted on the Bill in its original form, the Senate insisted on its amendments, and the Bill failed to pass.

Session of 1879.—On May 10, Hon. Chas. Tupper moved resolutions which declared (1) that the Canadian Pacific Railway being of importance to Imperial interests and opening an outlet for Britain's surplus population, the Government should seek Imperial assistance in building the road, (2) that 100,000,000 acres of land be appropriated and vested in commissioners among whom the Imperial Government should be represented, (3) that the Government be authorized to spend $1,000,000 on a line south of Manitoba, with a branch to Winnipeg, and also to build 125 miles in British Columbia, The bill based on the resolutions was presented and passed through all its stages that day. The same ses-

sion an arrangement was made with George Stephen, on behalf of the St. Paul and Pacific Railway for the completion of the Pembina branch and the running of trains through from St. Paul.

Session of 1880.—On 5th May, Sir Chas. Tupper proposed resolutions amending those of the previous year by providing that lands not exceeding 100,000,000 acres should be set apart from time to time by order-in-Council as railway lands, to be sold at not less than $1 per acre, and the proceeds devoted to the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Mr. Blake moved to amend them by providing that the lands should be sold only on conditions of settlement, but this was negatived; yeas 25, nays 76.

Session of 1881.—Immediately on the address being carried, 10th December, Sir John Macdonald submitted a message from the Governor-General, covering the new contract. It was signed at Ottawa 21st October, 1880, on behalf of Canada, by Chas. Tupper, Minister of Railways and Canals, and, for the contractors, by George Stephen and others. The contract provides that the Company shall deposit $1,000,000 guarantee with the Government, on which they shall receive 4 per cent interest. The Company is to construct and equip a railway 4 feet 8½ in. gauge from Callendar to Pacific, of the standard of the Union Pacific as first constructed, questions of difference on the subject to be settled by referees. The road must be begun by 1st July, 1881, and carried on rapidly and continuously and finished by 1st May, 1891. The Company must pay the Government for the 100-mile section then under construction west of Winnipeg, with the right to take it off the contractors' hands and finish it. The Government must finish the sections between Lake Superior and Selkirk, and between Yale and Kamloops, and hand them over with suitable buildings (but no equipment) to the Company, the Company to equip and run them. The Company is to receive 25,000,000 acres of land in ternate sections, within 24 miles either side of the line between Winnipeg and Jasper House, all lands to be fairly fit for settlement, any deficiency of the 25,000,000 acres to be made up of similar alternate blocks in the "fertile belt." The Company is also to receive $25,000,000 cash. A propor-

tionate part of the bonus of cash and land may be demanded by the Company on the completion and equipment of each twenty miles of road, on the following basis :—Central Section, first 900 miles, $10,000 cash and 12,500 acres per mile ; second, 450 miles, $13,333 and 16,666.66 acres per mile ; Eastern Section assumed at 650 miles, $15,384.61 and 9,615.35 acres per mile. The Government must extinguish the Indian title to lands, and furnish the right of way, and must grant to the Company public lands as water front on navigable waters at the termini, and also permit the Company to take gravel, stone, or timber, for the work, from any public lands adjacent to the road, and to admit construction and other material free of duty ; also to advance money when required on rails and fastenings delivered on the route in advance of the requirements of construction. The Company has the power to change the location, so long as the terminal points are Callander, some point of junction with the Lake Superior section, Selkirk, Yellowhead Pass, and Kamloops are kept, and to build and run branch lines from any points on the main line, on giving notice and filing plans. The Company is to be exempt from taxation by the Dominion, or any Province hereafter to be established, or any municipality in such Province, on property relating to the construction of the road, and upon its capital stock, also upon its land in the North-West Territories, for twenty years. Section 15 reads —" For twenty years from the date hereof, no line of railway shall be authorized by the Dominion Parliament to be constructed south of the Canadian Pacific Railway, from any point at or near the Canadian Pacific Railway, except such line as shall run south-west or to the westward of south-west, nor to within 15 miles of latitude 49. And in the establishment of any new province in the North-West Territories, provison shall be made for continuing such prohibition after such establishment until the expiration of the said period." The Government holds, as additional security, one section in five of the Company's land grant. The Company is authorized to issue land grant bonds for $25,000,000, and if this is done, $5,000,000 is to be held by the Government, who pay four per cent. interest to the Company. If the Company prefers to sell more of the $20,000,000 of land grant bonds it con-

trols than in the proportion of $1 for each acre it shall have earned at the time of the sale, the proceeds shall go to the Government at four per cent. interest, and shall be paid to the Company as earned, at the rate of $1 for every acre of the land grant earned—less to be given in proportion if the bonds are sold below par. The one-fifth part of the land held by the Government as security may be sold from time to time at prices to be agreed upon, the proceeds to be held by the Government at four per cent. A schedule attached to the contract gives the form of charter to be granted to the Company. Besides providing specially for the power of the Company to carry out the works and negotiations mentioned in the contract, the schedule fixes $25,000,000 (subsequently increased to $100,000,000) as the capital of the Company, $5,000,000 to be subscribed, $1,500,000 paid up, and $1,000,000 to be placed in the hands of the Government before work was begun. The first directors are to be George Stephen, Duncan McIntyre, R. B. Angus, James J. Hill, Henry Stafford Northcote, Pascoe du P. Grenfell, Charles Day Rose, Baron J. de Reniach; and it is provided that there shall be no more than 15 directors, and a majority, including the President, shall be British subjects. The chief place of business is fixed at Montreal, but shareholders and directors may meet at other places in or out of Canada, on giving due notice. Calls upon unpaid shares are limited to 20 per cent. of the face value of the same. Further powers are given as to the issue of bonds upon the property of the Company and of preferred stock. The terms of the contract were opposed by the Liberals. On the 23rd of December, the House adjourned for the holidays. On the 4th of January, 1881, when the House again met, the debate was resumed and continued to January 12th, when the resolution was passed in Committee of the Whole and reported. On 17th January, Sir Charles Tupper laid on the table an offer from another syndicate to construct the Canadian Pacific Railway. This proposal was signed by W. P. Howland, A. R. McMaster, H. N. Cook, and P. Howland, Toronto; James McLaren, Allan Gilmour, Ottawa; William Hendrie, John Stuart, John Proctor, A. T. Wood, Hamilton; John Walker, D. Macfie, London; K. Chisholm, Brampton;

P. S. Stevenson, Montreal; A. W. Ross, Winnipeg; Geo. A. Cox, Peterboro'; P. Larkin, St. Catharines; John Carruthers, Kingston; William D. Lovitt, Yarmouth, N.S. (per F. Killam); Alex. Gibson, Fredericton; Barnett & McKay, Renfrew. They offer to build the same portions of road as the first company, taking the Union Pacific as in 1873 as the standard, for $22,000,000 cash and 22,000,000 acres of land. The conditions were in many respects identical with those already before Parliament. Provision was made under which the Government might substitute a Sault Ste. Marie branch for the eastern section, giving the Company a subsidy of $3,500,000 for the construction of the Sault line; or the Government might withdraw either the eastern or central sections from construction, or fail to construct the western section by 1891. The Government was empowered at any time to take the line off the Company's hands on making fair allowance. No provision was made for entering material free, preventing the construction of other lines, or freeing the Company from taxation. On motion by Sir C. Tupper for the second reading of the resolutions (18th January), Mr. Blake moved a long amendment objecting to the contract, because (1) no tenders were called for; (2) new conditions were granted as compared with the contract with Sir Hugh Allan, which formed a new basis of tendering, among them: (*a*) Large portions of the line to be constructed by the Government; (*b*) $55,000,000 cash or equivalent to be paid in place of $27,000,000; (*c*) picked land is to be given; (*d*) the Government has no control over the land grant; (*e*) the subsidy is payable in amounts disproportionate to the work of the several sections; (*f*) tax exemptions; (*g*) restricted power of the Government to regulate tolls; (*h*) no power given to the Government to regulate the accommodation to be provided; (*i*) no power is given the Government to acquire the railway; (*j*) no control is given Parliament or the Government to regulate the grades and curves; (*k*) unlimited power is given to build branch lines; (*l*) the Union Pacific as at first built is fixed as the standard; (3) no opportunity was given others than the first syndicate to tender; (4) that it was apparent better terms could be obtained, as shown in the second offer, the second syndicate

having deposited $1,400,000 as a guarantee of good faith. This resolution was debated till the 25th January, when it was lost—yeas 54, nays 140. Many separate amendments were moved by the Opposition and lost, generally on a party vote.

In the Senate the same objections were raised as in the Commons, but the Bill was passed without amendment.

Session of 1882.—In this session there were discussions as to branch lines, working arrangements with eastern roads, and other subjects. The only Bill introduced was one presented by Sir C. Tupper, empowering the Governor-General-in-council, to authorize the building of the road through some other pass than the Yellowhead Pass. After a discussion ranging over the whole Canadian Pacific Railway question, the Bill was read the second time and passed in Committee of the Whole, 19th April; read third time, 20th April; passed in the Senate without amendment and received the Royal Assent, 17th May.

Session of 1883.—Besides many debates on minor subjects relating to the railway, and the general discussion begun by Sir Charles Tupper's general statement of the position of and affairs in relation to the enterprise, a bill was introduced by Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, 24th April, giving the Canadian Pacific Railway power to lease the Credit Valley and the Ontario and Quebec. The bill was accepted by the Government, and although a number of amendments were moved, it was passed.

On 27th October, after the session, an order-in-Council was passed, under which the Government was to receive from the Company cash and securities for $24,527,245, and allow 4 per cent. interest on the cash, and pay out $1,500,000 a year for ten years as 3 per cent. dividend on the $100,000,000 of stock of the Company. This was afterwards modified to cover a similar dividend on only $65,000,000, as $35,000,000 remained unissued. Afterwards the Company asked for return of the $1,000,000 cash and $5,000,000 guarantee bonds, a postponment of payment of part of the cash, under order-in-Council referred to above, and a cash advance from the Government of $22,500,000.

Session of 1884.—On 1st February, Sir Chas. Tupper submitted resolutions to the House of Commons, carrying out the

last proposals indicated above. An immediate cash payment of $7,000,000 was provided for to pay off the floating debt and the right of possession by the Government was made to depend upon the failure of the Company to pay 12 months interest, and it was provided the balance of the $22,500,000 should be paid as the work progressed, the whole to be secured by mortgage of the whole line. In moving the House into Committee of the Whole on the resolutions (Feb. 5), Sir Chas. Tupper made a statement regarding the position and progress of the work. He submitted data showing that on the line between Callander and Port Moody, the Company had expended $23,743,305 over their receipts from Government subsidy. He expressed the belief that the line would be completed in five instead of ten years, and the hope that it would not be necessary much longer to enforce the monoply and said, "Such is the confidence of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, in the power of the Canadian Pacific Railway to protect itself, that when the line is constructed north of Lake Superior, the Government feel it will not be incumbent upon them to preserve the position they have hitherto felt bound to preserve, that of refusing to consent to the construction of lines within the Province of Manitoba, connecting with the American railways to the South." The Bill was opposed by the Liberals and many amendments moved, all of which were voted down.

Session of 1885.—On 10th June Sir J. Macdonald moved for Committee of the Whole to consider resolutions (1) authorizing the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to issue $35,000,000 five per cent. first mortgage bonds, to be a first charge on all the property of the Company, except the land grant and the Algoma branch, the bonds to be delivered to the Government; (2) on the delivery of the bonds the Government's mortgage should cease and the shares held by the Government be cancelled, provided that the Algoma branch should still be held as security for the repayment of the loan advanced by the Government; (3) the whole loan of the Government to the Company ($29,880,912) to be repaid 1st May, 1891; (4) as security for $20,000,000 of the loan the Government should hold bonds for that amount, interest being com-

puted, so long as no default was made, at 4 per cent. ; but if default were made, five per cent. to be allowed, and after twelve months of default the Government to take over the property covered by the mortgage, and to administer the same for the benefit of the bondholders generally ; (5) for repayment of the rest of the loan, the Government to have a first lien on the outstanding land grant bonds and of the unsold land, and if this be not sufficient upon the revenue of the Company after fixed charges have been paid, any additional receipts from lands to be additional security for the repayment of the $20.000,000 ; (6) the Government to make a temporary loan of $5,000,000, to be repaid on or before 1st July, 1886, with four per cent. interest, $8,000,000 of bonds to be held as security ; (7) if there is a prospect of an American line eastward to Sault Ste. Marie the Government may release the Algoma branch from the lien of the Act of 1884, and may authorize the mortgaging of that line in order to raise money. A number of amendments were moved, but only slight modifications were made in the original bill which was passed.